INSURANCE
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Regd. No. B. 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

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VOL. XXV NO. 24 BOMBAY: FRIDAY, JANUARY 29, 1937 PRICE: ONE ANNA

BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

Congress Captures New Orissa

Congress President Commands Policemen

And His Car Goes Through State With National Flag Flying

JHANSI, January 28.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru commenced his Bundlekhand tour yesterday from Karvi in Banda District, where he addressed a meeting. He then left for Banda, stopping on the way at Attarra, where he also addressed a meeting and received a purse.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru addressed his third meeting of the day at Banda, where enthusiastic scenes were witnessed. Here also, the Congress President was presented with a purse. Addressing a huge concourse, Pandit Nehru said that the future struggle was very near and asked the people to get ready for it. The elections, he added, were part of the great struggle ahead of them, and success in them would merely be the prelude to ultimate success in a fiercer fight.

An interesting incident occurred when passing Charkhari State. Pandit Nehru's pilot car was stopped by the State Police. Pandit Nehru, reaching the scene, asked the police to let the car proceed, and on their refusal, he alighted from his car and said to the police, "the car will go with the flag flying, and I will see who stops it and removes the flag". The car ultimately proceeded with the flag on.

Reaching Hamirpur, the adjoining district, Pandit Nehru attended the Hamirpur Political Conference held at Gahrauli which was presided over by Mr. Sri Prakash and attended by 50,000 people. Pandit Nehru received a purse and addressed from the District Municipal Boards.—A.P.

MRS. NAIDU ARRIVES TO-DAY

Mrs. Sarojini Naidu, member of the Congress Working Committee who toured the Punjab and the United Provinces in connection with the Congress Election Campaign is arriving in Bombay by the Punjab Mail to-day. A series of Election meetings have been arranged in different wards of the city, where Mrs. Naidu will address.

Mrs. Naidu is not keeping good health for the last six months. In spite of it she hurried to the Punjab and carried on a whirlwind propaganda.

SASTRI TO SUBMIT REPORT

NEW DELHI, Jan. 28.

The Rt. Honourable Srinivasa Sastri, with Mr. Bozman, arrived in Delhi two days ago, after his tour in Malay, and will be making a short stay in Delhi, when he [illegible] to submit his report to [illegible]

Absolute Majority In Assembly

20 OPPONENTS FORFEIT DEPOSIT

Congress Nominees Score Everywhere

CUTTACK, Jan. 28.

Congress has created a record in election to the New Orissa Legislature.

It is unprecedented in the constitutional history of this country so far as can be gathered.

The results of the election contests for 26 seats in the Orissa Assembly have been so far announced and Congress had captured all of them but one.

One outstanding feature in this connection is that, 20 of the 26 candidates who opposed the Congress had to forfeit their securities.—United Press.

Smashing Victory

Opponent Barely Scores 1/4th Of Votes Polled

CALCUTTA, Jan. 28.

The first result of election to Bengal Legislative Assembly from the General Women's Constituency was announced to-day when Miss Mira Datta Gupta (Congress) was declared elected with 5,933 votes from Calcutta City.

Her opponent Miss Jyotirmoyee Gangully who failed to obtain Congress nomination polled 1,846.

CONGRESSMAN SCORES HIGHEST

CALCUTTA, Jan. 28.

Kumar Debendralal Khan of Narajole (Congress) secured highest number of votes so far namely 70,431 from Midnapore Central Rural Constituency, while his only opponent Rai Bahadur S. C. Dutt polled 5,499.—A. P.

FIRST RESULT FOR UPPER HOUSE

CALCUTTA, Jan. 28.

The first Upper House election result in Bengal was announced to-day, when Mr. Kanailal Goswami was declared returned from Calcutta Suburbs and Urban Constituency.

Mr. Nishithnath Kundu against whom Congress had taken disciplinary action defeated Mr. Nalinikanta Adhikary official Congress candidate by a majority of 66 votes in the Bengal Legislative Assembly election from Dinajpur General Rural Constituency.—A. P.

POSITION OF PARTIES IN BENGAL

CALCUTTA, Jan. 28.

One hundred and fifty seats out of the total of 250 which represents the full strength of the new Bengal Legislative Assembly (Lower House) have so far been filled up, and the results for the remaining 100 seats will be announced by Saturday next.

The latest position of different parties is as follows:—

Official Congress Party—30;

Scheduled Caste representatives—16;

European Group—24;

Muslim Proja (Tenants) Party—30;

Muslim League—35;

[illegible] Hindus, including Sree

special constituencies of landholders and commerce—15.—United Press.

CONGRESS VICTORY AT MIDNAPORE

CALCUTTA, Jan. 28.

The largest number of votes so far, namely 70,431 has been polled by Kumar Debendralal Khan of Narajole (Congress), who defeated Rai Sambhu Chandra Datta Bahadur, O.B.E. (troo) from Midnapore central rural.

Congress suffered another defeat when Mr. Birendra Kishore Roy Choudhury was elected from east Mymensingh by a majority of over 7,000 votes against his only opponent Mr. Satischandra Roy Chowdhury (sitting).—A. P.

CONGRESS VICTORY AT TIPPERA

CALCUTTA, Jan. 28.

The latest Assembly election results show the Congress victorious in the Tippera non-Mahomedan General Constituency and Dacca east General Constituency. In the former contest Chiren Datta, polling 46,421 votes, defeated Kamini Datta (Independent) who polled 25,635 votes. The Congress has taken disciplinary action against Kamini Datta. The Scheduled caste seat in the same constituency was also secured by the Congress candidate. In the latter Constituency, Manoranjan Bannerji with 18,042 votes defeated B. C. Chatterjee, the president of the Hindu Nationalist Party who polled 16,285 votes. It will be recalled that Mr. Chatterjee's proposals formed the basis of the Burdwan-Ghuznavi pact regarding the communal award.—A. P.

CONGRESS MAJORITY ASSURED IN ORISSA

CUTTACK, Jan. 28.

With the results of only five more constituencies to be declared, it is now clear that in Orissa the Legislative Assembly having a total strength of 60 members, the Congress will command an absolute majority.

Until yesterday Congress nominees returned to the Orissa Legislative Assembly numbered 25. But from the results declared in the course of to-day, seven more Congress candidates have been returned most of them defeating heavily the nominees of the Kanika Raj Party.

Besides this signal success of the Congress nominees in Orissa, one remarkable feature of this election has been the overwhelming number of votes polled by them with the result that as many as 25 non-Congress candidates have forfeited deposit money.—United Press.

Restraint Order On Maharaja

Lord Baden-Powell the Chief Scout arrived in Bombay on Thursday afternoon and was garlanded at the Mole Station.

Section 144 For Free Vote

PATNA, January 28.

The Sub-Divisional Officer, Buxar, has promulgated today section 144 in Buxar and areas under his jurisdiction, restraining the Maharaja of Dumraon and his men who, it is alleged, are causing obstruction to voters who want to vote for the Congress candidate, opposing the Maharaja.—United Press.

Pilibhit & 'Pioneer' Propaganda

M.L.A.'s Challenge To Editor & Plea For Independent Inquiry

(From Our Correspondent.)

ALLAHABAD, January 28.

In the course of a statement to the press, Pandit Krishnakant Malaviya, M.L.A., censures the editor of the "Pioneer" the Ministerial organ of U. P. for trying to "befog, prematurely prejudge and prejudice the issues" connected with the murder of Congress volunteers at Pilibhit.

Says Pt. K. K. Malaviya: "I know Indians all along have appealed to the British sense of justice in vain. As supporter of National Agriculturist Party, the editor is free to revile the Congress and its methods but let him not have recourse to special pleading and all that while writing about Pilibhit murders."

Pandit K. K. Malaviya further says, the occurrence took place on the night of January 20, but no statements were taken till January 23 when he had reached the spot. Shankerlal, cousin of deceased alleges he gave the names of the murderers to the Sub-Inspector or the Circle Inspector whoever he was, on the night of January 21 and before this time, news of the murder had not reached Congress workers at Pilibhit and Bareilly

The "Pioneer" wrote that Congressmen were attempting to exploit the murders for political purposes in a "most reprehensible and disgraceful manner".

Pandit Malaviya pleads for an independent enquiry.

STOP PRESS

SOVIET TRIAL

MOSCOW, Jan. 28.

Death sentence for all the 17 accused was demanded by Vishinsky the public prosecutor, who denounced "the criminal activity, the atrocious deeds, dumb persistence and serpentine cunning of the Trotskyist Plotters."

Addressing Radek and Pyatakoff he shouted "You committed a monstrous crime. You have become the advance guard of the Fascist international."—Reuter.

MOSCOW, Jan. 28.

Pyatakoff, Sokolnikoff and Radex bowed their heads and covered their faces as Vishinsky wound up the prosecution's case.

He shook his fist at them and rapped out the accusations that they were "Trotskyite bandits who did not hesitate to sell the Soviet Union to Japan and Germany.

It is officially announced that Trotsky's son, Sedoff, has been accused of "industrial wrecking" which is a capital offence.—Reuter.

Govt. Disciplinary Action

BANK RATE DOUBLED

French Govt.'s Defence Against Speculative Attacks

LONDON, Jan. 28.

The Bank of France has raised its discount rate from 2 to 4 per cent.

PARIS:—The decision to increase the Bank Rate from 3 to 4 per cent is a logical sequel to M. Vincent Auriol's statement yesterday that Government will defend 'franc' against speculative attacks.

It is an orthodox measure of defence against the recent heavy selling of 'francs' which is due to the belief that Government might devalue the 'franc' to the lowest permissible limit corresponding to 112 'francs' to the Sterling.

Further relief to the French Treasury is imminently expected in the shape of the British Credit of 50 million Sterling. The Treasury, however, is statutorily only entitled to borrow further two and a half milliard 'francs' from the bank. Therefore it remains to be seen whether the rise of the Bank Rate will succeed in allaying the fears concerning the fate of the 'franc'.—Reuter.

50 MILLION STERLING LOAN AGREEMENT

PARIS, January 28.

Well informed circles expect that the London 50 Million Sterling Loan Agreement will be initialled this evening.—Reuter.

"Strathnaver" Sails

GIBRALTAR, January 28.

The "Strathnaver" sailed without discharging 450 tons of cargo, mostly naval stores.—Reuter.

GIBRALTAR, January 28.

The Destroyer "Beagle" mentioned yesterday has arrived. The weather has improved and the gale is moderating.—Reuter.

AGAINST JUDGE OF MORADABAD

Alleged Participation In Meeting Addressed By Jawahar

LUCKNOW, Jan. 28.

For the first time, departmental action under the Government Servants' Conduct Rules is being contemplated against Government servants in connection with the elections in the United Provinces.

The "Pioneer" reliably understands that the U. P. Government are contemplating departmental action against Mr. Lachhman Prasad, Civil Judge of Moradabad, who is alleged to have participated at a Congress election meeting addressed by Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru in Moradabad.

At Aligarh, two Tehsil peons and 11 patwaris who took prominent part at election meetings were suspended for three months. They have also been fined, and some of them have been reduced to lower grade.—United Press.

DISCIPLINARY ACTION IN MADRAS

MADRAS, Jan. 28.

Disciplinary action has been taken by Mr. Muthuranga Mudaliar, President, and Mr. Satyamurti, Secretary, respectively of the Tamil Nadu Congress against candidates in various constituencies. These persons have been debarred from membership of the Congress for five years and from being put forward as Congress candidates to elective bodies for the same period. —A.P.

PROBABLE M. C. C. TEST TEAM

ADELAIDE, Jan. 28.

The probable M.C.C. team in the test match to-morrow is as follows:—

Allen, Wyatt, Robins, Hammond, Hardstaff, Barnett, Fagg, Leyland, Verity, Voce and Ames. Ames has a slight recurrence of back trouble. Duckworth may replace him. Hammond bruised his left hand while fielding, but not seriously. The wicket is likely to be slow and easy and weather warm. Reuter's Special.

BORI BUNDER STUNT TELLS

Police Follow Congress Volunteers On Their Election Tours

(From Our Correspondent.)

BARDOLI, (By Mail).

In order to deliver the Congress message about the coming elections to every village two batches of about 30 volunteers each toured the whole taluka on foot in 8 days. In all they visited 117 villages and the awakening that their march has brought about is indeed a proof positive that the Congress alone commands the confidence and loyalty of the people of Bardoli.

Every village—even of the Raniparaj people, most of whom are illiterate and backward promised to stand by the Congress and give their votes to Congress candidate, Mr. Morarbhai Kasanji Patel.

The symbol of Mr. Morarbhai, the plough had a great appeal for these people.

BORI BUNDER STUNT.

It was a little amusing to see two police constables accompanying the batches throughout the tour. The idea of the march, it may be remembered, upset the Bori Bunder Dame and as a result a short note appeared therein. It had its due effect on the Government and two shorthand reporters were specially sent to Bardoli to report that if all was quiet on the Bardoli Front.

The march which commenced on the 16th Jan. ended on the 23rd inst. when both the batches met together in Bardoli.

Burma-Japanese Conversations

NEW DELHI, Jan. 28.

The following communique has been issued, the Burma-Japanese conversations were continued this afternoon between Mr. K. Yonezawa, the Consul-General for Japan, representing Japan, and Mr. W. Boothgravely, representing, Burma.

Some progress was made and the conversations were adjourned to enable the delegates to refer for further instructions from their Governments.—A. P.

TABULATED ADLETS
ONE Anna Per Word
Minimum Re. 1.

SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these columns on cash payment and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Abbreviations and numbers (up to 10 figures) are to be counted as complete words.

ADVERTISEMENTS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words- "Box No ..... The "Bombay Chronicle"—must be paid for. The Management reserves to themselves the right of refusing any advertisement without giving ANY reason for doing so.

BLOCK-LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Advertisements will ensure correct insertions; otherwise no responsibility for any mistake will be accepted by the Management. Unclaimed replies to the Advertisements are destroyed after about a month.

REPLIES TO THE ADVERTISEMENTS should be addressed carefully as under:—"Box No..... The Advertisement Department, The "Bombay Chronicle," Red Building, Parsi Bazaar Street, BOMBAY. To avoid mistakes the Box Number should be written distinctly.

9. SITUATIONS VACANT.

Wanted highly experienced Spinning Master for Big Local Mill. Novices and assistants need not apply. Apply with copies of testimonials Box No. 7673, "Bombay Chronicle."

A Parsee with a good general knowledge of Bombay markets is required for a position of Trust. Must have influence, good references, and be in a position to furnish security. Apply Box No. 4765, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Hindu Typist for a Bank, Stenographer, B.T. Teacher on 60—100, Cashier, Shorthand Instructor for immediate appointments. Goldwyn & Co., Recruiting Agents. Kirti Bldg., Forbes Street, Bombay. (7677).

Wanted—Applications are invited for the post of Lecturer in Electrical and Mechanical Engineering for the Muslim University Technical Institute. The applicants must have a degree or a diploma in Mechanical and Electrical Engineering from a recognised institution. At least 2 years practical experience in a Workshop is essential. Salary Rs. 150 p.m. with prospect of increment. Applications with recent testimonials must reach the undersigned by the 28th February, 1937. A. E. Zobairi, Registrar, Muslim University, Aligarh. Dated 25-1-37. (4776).

Wanted Matrics, Non-Matrics, Typists, Lawyers, Doctors, Graduates, Teachers, Overseers, Sub-overeers and Engineers to consult Hastings & Co., Fatehpuri Road, Delhi. (7664).

Wanted—Paid organiser on Rs. 60 p.m. with increments and office expenses to organise a scheme that brings Rs. 40,000 to individuals. No security and guarantee required. P. B. 10009, Calcutta. (7658)

Wanted a lady teacher, knowing Gujarati with high academic qualifications for the Sarvajanik High School for Girls, Surat. The scale of salary is 150—10—250. One with previous experience and high qualifications may be given a higher start than the minimum within the scale. Apply before 1st March, 1937, stating age, qualifications and teaching and administrative experience to the Hon. Secretary, S. E. Society, Surat. (4604).

Wanted—A L. C. P. S. for the Mansinghji Hospital, Palitana State. Apply stating age, caste, experience and minimum salary expected, before 28th February, 1937, to the Chief Medical Officer Palitana State (Kathiawar). (4749)

Wanted—A Graduate Stenographer—Salary Rs. 50—5—80—Efficiency Bar 5|2—100 per month. One with considerable experience in a commercial concern, if found suitable, may be given a higher start in the above grade. Apply with full particulars and copies of testimonials to the Office Asstt., Sailon Mills, Ahmedabad. (4726).

12. TO BE LET.

To Let—Timber Terrace near Bhau Daji Road, Matunga Gate. Light and airy double and single rooms from 1-3-1937. See Noormohamed Abdulla. Tel. No. 60061. (7675).

44. MEDICAL.

Ankhi Khoosh Eye Drop, For Sore, inflamed, watering eyes, stys, conjunctivitis (Ophthalmia). Recommended by All India Blind Relief Association. Boon for students, motorists, cinema-goers. At Kemp, Thomson, and all chemists. 7625.

73 AGENTS WANTED

Live Agents wanted for two new attractive selling lines suitable for garages, factories and private users throughout India. Only firms of good repute will be considered. Apply to: J. Stead & Co. (India), Ltd., 9, Clive Row, Calcutta. (7676).

99. MACHINERY WANTED.

Wanted—A second hand Anderson Oil Expeller in perfect working order. Please correspond with Ch. Tirath Ram Ishwar Das, Sargodha. 7601.

MACHINERY FOR SALE

Important To Ink Manufacturers. For Sale. One brand new Micro-Twin Refining Mill for Ink Grinding with Iron Rolls for water cooling, equipped with electrical drivings. One "Perfect" Mixer with electrical drivings. Prepared to sell at sacrifice. Apply to: Nadirshaw Kawasjee, 121, Esplanade Road, Bombay. (7648).

154. MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE.

For Sale—Typewriter, "Imperial" Portable almost new, used very little in private work, available for Rs. 110. No offer. Unique opportunity. Box No. 7664, "Bombay Chronicle."

Public Notices.

GOVERNMENT Announcements Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch Per insertion.
1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	Rs. 5-8-0
3rd Insertion	Rs. 4-8-0
4th and Subsequent Insertions	Rs. 3-8-0

Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

Public Notices.

BOMBAY ART SOCIETY'S 46TH EXHIBITION OF PICTURES TOWN HALL.

Open daily upto 31st January from 9 a.m. to 7-30 p.m. (S. T.). Admission fee ANNAS FOUR ONLY.
Book of Pictures, Price Re. 1. (4744)

NOTICE

Firms interested in submitting tenders for annual contracts for clearing and forwarding goods from the docks, may please communicate for full particulars, with the OFFICE ASSTT. CALICO MILLS, Ahmedabad 4777

THE SCINDIA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

25 share certificates Nos. 219914-18, 350212-31 of the above Company standing in the name of Fakirdas Govandas have been LOST or MISLAID. Any claim in respect of the said shares should be notified to the Office of the Company, Sudama House, Ballard Estate, Bombay, within a week, otherwise duplicates will be issued to the abovenamed.
NAROTTAM MORARJEE & CO., Agents. 4773.

NOTICE.

THE PLOT, bearing City Survey No. 77 measuring 19 Gunthas and 25 square yards opposite to the Sub-Judge Court, Dharwar, and by the side of Mr. Giri's buildings, will be sold by the Dharwar Municipality by Public Auction on Saturday, the 20th February, 1937, at 9 a.m.

Copies of the sale conditions can be had at the Municipal office.

Bidders are desired to be present on the site on the above date in time.

K. P. KALLAPPA, Chief Officer, Municipal Borough, Dharwar. Municipal Office, Dharwar, dated, 23-1-1937. 4784

THE AHMEDABAD PRANTEJ RAILWAY COMPANY, LTD.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the TRANSFER BOOKS of the above Company will be CLOSED from MONDAY, the 8th to MONDAY, the 22nd February, 1937, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board, KILLICK NIXON & CO., Agents.
Home Street, Fort, Bombay, 28th January, 1937. 4782

Legal Notices.

NOTICE.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Dr. BALARAM HARISCHANDRA MADAN, has contracted with our client for absolute sale to him free from encumbrances of the undermentioned property.

All persons having any claim or interest to or in the said property or any part thereof by way of sale, inheritance, residue, trust, maintenance, possession, mortgage, lease, charge, easement, lien or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at 70, Meadows Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without regard to any claim and the same, if any, shall be considered as having been absolutely waived or abandoned.

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

ALL that piece or parcel of Fazandari land or ground together with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon, situate, lying and being without the Fort of Bombay at Tadwadi in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay and bearing Cadastral Survey No. 531 of Bhuleshwar Division and Collector's Old No. 127 and New. No. 987 and Old Survey No. 90 and part of New Survey No. 8141 and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under C Ward No. 3586 and Old Street No. 26 and New Street No. 34, containing by admeasurement 78 square yards or thereabouts and bounded as follows, on the East by the said Tadwadi, on the West by the oart of Byramji Parsee, on the North by the house of Sambhajee Duttoo Perkar and on the South by the house of Raghoba Succaram.

Dated this 27th day of January, 1937.

DESAI & CO., Purchaser's Attorneys. 4775

Public Notices.

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS ARE INVITED for the right of collecting ferry tolls and removing stones on undermentioned ferries and quarries for a period of one year—from 1-4-1937 to 31-3-1938.

EARNEST MONEY		By the use of country boats.	By the use of motor boats.
Rs. 150/-	(1) Borivli Gorai Ferry		
Rs. 20/-	(2) Versowa Dharivli Ferry.		
Rs. 100/-	(3) Stone Quarry at Kharodi.		

Sealed Tenders will be received by the President, District Local Board, B. S. D., Andheri on or before the 12th February, 1937. The Board does not bind itself to accept the highest or any Tender. Earnest money for the above ferries and quarry as shown above must accompany the tender together with a solvency certificate from the Mamlatdar, South Salsette, Taluka Andheri for the amount tendered for. Conditions of auction and any further information required can be obtained in the office of the District Local Board during office hours.

CHUNILAL D. BARFIVALA, President, District Local Board, Bombay Suburban District. 4786

EAST & WEST INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.
East & West Building, 55, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.

NOTICE.

NOTICE HAVING BEEN GIVEN of the loss of the Policy No. 13939 on the life of Dr. Chintaman G. Joglekar, Medical Practitioner, M. T. Hospital, Indore, a duplicate Policy will be issued unless objection is lodged with us within a fortnight from this date.

DALAL & CO., Secretaries
Date 28-1-37. 4779

ORIENTAL GOVERNMENT SECURITY LIFE ASSURANCE CO., LTD

NOTICE HAVING BEEN GIVEN of the loss of Policy numbered 255749 on the life of V. H. Lele of Bombay Duplicate Policy will be issued unless objection is lodged with us within one month from this date

(Sd.) H. E. JONES, Manager.
Bombay, 8-1-37 7674

Legal Notices

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the property at Matheran belonging to Mr. FRAMROZ ARDESIR VAKIL, Solicitor and known as "Maldoonga House," a more particular description whereof is given below has been contracted to be sold to one of our clients. Any person having any claim or interest in to or upon the said property or any part thereof by way of sale, mortgage, assignment, trust, lien, possession, gift, inheritance, lease, easement or otherwise howsoever is hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at 1, Ash Lane, 95, Esplanade Road, Bombay or to the Collector of Kolaba within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim and the same (if any) will be considered as waived.

SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of leasehold land, situate at Matheran in the District of Kolaba Sub-District of Karjat, containing by admeasurement 4 acres and 10 Gunthas be the same little more or less and described and particularly denoted as No. 44 in a certain Map or Plan of the said Matheran deposited in the Office of the Collector of Kolaba and which said piece of land is bounded on the East by Government land on the West by Government ground through which goes the Road to Porcupine Point on the North by Government ground and beyond it the property known as Mount Pleasant and on the South by Government ground beyond it the boundary of the property known as "Cairnmore."

Dated this 28th day of January, 1937.

MINOCHEHER MANCHERSHAH HIRALAL & CO., Purchaser's Attorneys. 4783.

Auction Sales

D. MISTRY & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF JACOBEAN AND MODERN FURNITURE, Harmonium, Gramophone, Wardrobes and dressing tables, carpet, wall clock, steel cabinet and safe, glass crockery, etc., TO-MORROW (SATURDAY), the 30th instant at 4 p.m. (S.T.) at Kavarana Mansions, near New Marine Lines, off Queen's Road. On view. D. MISTRY & CO., Auctioneers, Tel. No. 22201.

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

SUIT NO. 1677 OF 1935.

1. WALJI SHAMJI & CO., a firm, (2.) JETHABHAI KHATAU & CO., a firm and (3.) GOPALJI HEMRAJ & CO., a firm ..... Plaintiffs.

-versus-

(1) THE JAMNADAS NURSEY GINNING & PRESSING CO., Ld. (In liquidation), (2) Messrs. RAMDAS KHIMJEE & CO., a firm, (3) The OFFICIAL ASSIGNEE OF BOMBAY ..... Defendants

To,

RAO SAHEB KHIMJI COOVERJI.

A partner in the 2nd defendant firm abovenamed.

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the plaintiffs have filed the above suit for a declaration that the 1st defendant Company is indebted to the 1st, the 2nd and the 3rd plaintiffs in the sums of Rs. 3,85,000, Rs. 1,00,000 and Rs. 1,30,000 respectively and interest, that the plaintiffs are entitled to a first charge on the properties mentioned in the plaint for repayment of the said sums and for sale of the properties and for further and other reliefs mentioned in the plaint And Please also Take Notice that the High Court has fixed the 8th day of March, 1937 for the hearing of this suit.

Dated this 27th day of January, 1937.

MERWANJI KOLA & CO, Plaintiffs' Attorneys. 4780.

"IZZAT"

is another great picture"
—"Bombay Sentinel."

at

OPERA HOUSE

Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.

Matinee at 2-30 p.m. on Saturday, Sunday and Holidays.

PLAZA

TO-NIGHT 6-30 & 10 P.M.

LAUREL & HARDY

in fast, funny full length comedy

"OUR RELATIONS"

TO-MORROW:

CHARLIE CHAPLIN
CHARLIE CHAPLIN

IN HIS LATEST COMEDY

"MODERN TIMES"

SUPERB TAMIL TALKIE MAHATMA

KABIRDAS

Starring:—
P. D. KRISHNAN, Miss RAJARATNAM, Miss T. S. VELAMMAL and Others.

AT

PLAZA

SUNDAY, 31st JAN. AT 10-30 A.M. MORNING.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

Empire Broadcasting

GSH 21.47 Mc/s (13.97 m.) GSF 15.14 Mc/s. (19.82 m.) GSB 9.51 Mc/s (13.55 .m.)

7-30 p.m. Big Ben. The BBC Military Band. Conductor, B. Walton O'Donnell. March from La Reine de Reine de Sabha (Gounod.) Overture, Morning Noon, and Night, (Suppe), symphonic Poem. La jeunesse d' Hercule (Saint-Saens, arr. Gerrard Williams.) 8-5 p.m. 'A Cumberland Notebook.' A talk by Wilfred Roberts, M.P. 8-20 p.m. The BBC Dance Orchestra. Directed by Henry Hall. 9-10 p.m. The Fourth Cricket Test Match: Australia v. England. An account of the opening day's play by Alan Kippax, from Adelaide (in collaboration with the Australian Broadcasting Commission. 9-30 p.m. 'Children of the Stars'. 2. In which the children (many now grown up) of the great music-hall and theatre stars take part. Presented by Ralph Coram. The cast includes: Marie Lloyd, Jnr., Peggy Pounds, Max Kirby, Eddie Espinosa. Ralph Coram, Ena Grossmith. 10-0 p.m. The News and Announcements. 10-20 Dance Music.

Bombay Programme

VUB 350.9 metres, 855 kc|s

8 a.m. Early echoes. The V.U.B. Indian Orchestra. 8-15 a.m. Recitation from the Holy Quran. Maulvi Gulam Mohomed Kamar. 8-30 a.m. Anwar Khan. Khayal, Thumri and Gazals. 1 p.m. Popular Hits. 4-25 p.m. Girl Guides Rally. A relay from the Cooperage of the rally held on the occasion of the visit of Lady Baden-Powell, O.B.E., Chief Guide of the World. 6-30 p.m. Talk (Marathi): 'In the kitchen'. By Saraswatibai Chaubal. 6-45 p.m. Zubeda and Amin Khatoon. In recorded hits. (Recorded Megaphone). 7-15 p.m. K. H. Wakankar of Bhor 'Prabhujitooma', Patdeep; 'Meregalli Tooma', Mand Thumri; 'Bhajan', 'Mandirasa Javo', Tilak Khamod; 'Nitmane Hari', Bhajravi 8-30 p.m. Commercial news and the news in Hindi. 9 p.m. Talk (English): 'The week in sport'. By 'Raddy'. 9-15 p.m. The news. 9-30 p.m. Dorothy Helmrich (Mezzo Soprano) and The Art Players.

Delhi Programme

VUD 340.13 metres, 882 kc|s

8 a.m. Recitation from the 'Quran-I-Shariff'. (Text and Translation). By Qari Mohammad Yusuff. 8-15 a.m. Indian music (recorded). 9 a.m. Talk (Hindustani): 'Along the coast of India'. No. 5 Madras. By Prof. J. N. Vaish. 9-15 a.m. AIR Orchestra C. Mian Ki Todi. 9-25 a.m. Durga Bai. 'Wali kar pal more'. Asthai Bhairon. 'Ja main to se nahin bolungi'. Thumri Bhairvin. 'In ki baton peh na jao yeh kiya jante hain. 'Yeh to baithe hue sao fitne uthe jante hain.' (Majruk). 9-55 a.m. Maqbool Husain Muradabadi. "Ae sayyad-i-man payam janib-i-janan'. Khayal Rubai Bilawal. 'Lagat karejwa men chot'. Thumri Bhairvin. 10-15 a.m. Afzal Husain. 'Neha lagae dukh de galyo'. Dadra Bhairvin. 'Maston men dhoom mach gai abr-i-bahar dekh kar. Le ke surahi chal diye fasl-i-bahar dekh kar.' 1 p.m. 'Music of other lands'. (Recorded). 2 p.m. AIR Orchestra B. Barwa. 2-10 p.m. Maqbool Husain. 'Tu hai Mahammad Shah'. Khayal Suha Sughrai. Naat. 2-30 p.m. Durga Bai. 'Eri woh na mane dheet'. Asthai Bhim Plasi. Ghazal. 2-45 p.m. Afzal Husain. 'Un se bigar mera kabhi jite ji na ho. Mujh se khafa Ilahi miri zindagi na ho.' Dadra. 5 p.m. 1st news and weather report. (English). 5-10 p.m. 1st news and weather report (Hindustani). 5-20 p.m. AIR Orchestra B and C. Pardeepki. 5-30 p.m. Maqbool Husain Muradabadi. 'Aho sumo Shyam'. Khayal Shyam Kallyan. 'Saiyan ri bairan ratiyan ke aun'. Thumri Tilak Kamod. 'Chhora hai sathion ne pas-i-karwan mujhe. 'Le jae dekhive miri qismat kahan mujhe'. (Dagh). 6 p.m. Nautch Gat on Sitar, sarangi, violin, piano and tabla. 6-10 p.m. Durga Bai. 'Kaho kaise ri samjhaun'. Thumri Behag. 'Sabr ana to mahabat men bahut mushkil hai. Maut bhi to nahin is ko yeh woh kafir dil hai.' (Dagh). 6-30 p.m. 'For villagers only'. (Delhi market rates and time signal at 7 p.m.) 7-30 p.m. Afzal Husain. 'Aiso dheet langar kare jhaka jhorf.' Khayal Shankra. 'Kia saba kucha-i-dildar se tu ati hai, Mujh ko apne dil-i-gumgashta ki bu ati hai.' (Dagh). 'Zarra zarra dida-o-dil hai gosha gosha basti hai. Ishq hai jab tak silsila jumban dil ki hasti hasti hai.' (Jigar). 8 p.m. Talk (Hindustani): 'Urdu books of the month.' By Mirza Mohd. Saeed. 8-15 p.m. AIR Orchestra B and C. Rageshwari. 8-30 p.m. Maqbool Husain. 'Eri nahin ae'. Khayal Desh. 'Giriben chak hai gul bustan men. Asar kitna hai bulbul ki fughan men.' (Majruh). 8-50 p.m. Afzal Husain. Dadra. 9 p.m. Durga Bai. Light music. 9-15 p.m. 2nd news and weather report (Hindustani). 9-30 p.m. Time Signal. 2nd news and weather report (English). 9-45 p.m. Talk (English): 'Medicine as a career for Indian young men.' By Lt.-Col. G. I. Burke, I.M.S., Secretary, Medical Council of India. 10 p.m. The Hotel Marina Viennese Orchestra. C. Kelly. Tenor.

Calcutta Programme

VUC 370.4 metres. 810 kc/s. 49.10 metres, 6,109 kc/s. (Add 24 minutes to all timings for Calcutta time).

12-36 p.m. SB A Variety Programme. By Taylor's Gramophone Saloon. 1-16 p.m. SB Talk (English) 'Professionalism in Sport". By R. B. Lagden. Calcutta Weather Bulletin for Ocean and Rivercraft. 1-36 p.m. Religious Talk: "Life and Teachings of the Prophet Mahomed". By Shahadat Hossain. 2-6 p.m. "Chaturanga Sangitasar". A Variety Programme arranged by Chaturangas. 2-51 p.m. Recitation from the Holy Quran. By Hafez Motaharuddin Ahmed. 5-6 p.m. Letters, etc., from children. 'Dadubhai in the Garden. A Nature Study (with appropriate Music, songs and sound effects. Artists: Jagadindra Banerjee, Geeta Bose; Kamal Mukherjee;; Nirmal Mitra; Prodyot Mitra, Nirmal Bose and Mantoo. Talk: "Experiences with Children in England". by P. K. Bose. Instrumental Trio conducted Dadubhai. 6-6 p.m. Talk: 'Air Survey' by Naresh Chandra Mitra.

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AROUND THE COURTS

Bombay, Thursday.

About 15 days ago Damodar Hari (35), residing at Pethe Wada, was bitten by a stray dog on the left thigh. He was not treated by anybody.

On Monday last he was removed to the K. E. M. Hospital by his relatives, where he died of hydrophobia yesterday.

When the body was brought before the City Coroner to-day, he stated that no inquest was necessary.

Mr. Justice Wassoodev at the High Court Sessions acquitted Ayub Khan Khushal Khan, a Pathan, whom the jury unanimously found not guilty of the murder of one Sakharam Dhondu.

It was alleged by the prosecution that the accused attacked the deceased on Bunyan Street, Pydhony, in broad day light on November 12 when the communal riots were going on.

The defence relied mainly on the discrepancies in the statements of prosecution witnesses regarding the identity of the assailant.

The Chief Justice and Mr. Justice N. J. Wadia at the High Court rejected the application of Nagardas Vallabhji Gadhia, editor, printer and publisher of "Pole Patrika," a Gujarati weekly of Bombay.

The application was for admission of appeal against the sentence of one year's simple imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 350 passed on the accused by the Sessions Judge of Ahmedabad who, in appeal, confirmed his conviction for defamation on the complaint of Mr. H. R. Mehta, Manager and Chief Engineer of the Bhavnagar State Railway in respect of several articles published in "Pole Patrika" under the heading "A Railway Official and a Parsi" girl in November 1934.

The Bombay City Police have recovered silk goods to the extent of Rs. 1,500 from Surat, alleged to have been stolen from Bombay.

It appears a godown belonging to Bhabhutmal Kastoorchand, situate at Tamba Kanta, was broken open by some women who are now in custody and removed silk goods valued at several thousands of rupees. The godown contained silk goods valued at Rs. 50,000.

On the statement made by the sweeper women who were arrested by the police, a silk merchant of Bombay, named Samsoodin, was arrested. On a further statement to the police by the women, the police traced some stolen property at Surat.

Further enquiries are in progress.

Two persons, alleged to be dangerous characters, offered battle to the Kingsway Police constables and hurled stones at them in the open field behind Sheikh Misri Durgah, Matunga, last evening.

Kallau Husein Bux and Sone Sawla, suspected to be damaged characters, were trapped by the police constables and interrogated. Then followed the battle in which some of the constables sustained injuries, while the two persons took to heels.

Some more police constables were requisitioned and both the persons were arrested.

The injured constables were treated in the hospital.

Both the suspects were produced before M. A. F. Coelho, Presidency Magistrate, Dadar, to-day and ordered to be released on bail till February 11th.

Kala Becha, Sura Kurson and Taha Mula were arrested last night on suspicion of having stabbed a Hindu, with a knife on the head.

The accused were ordered to be remanded into police custody for 14 days by Mr. W. K. Mankar, at the Mazagaon Court, to-day.

Kalyandas Prabhudas Mody, a clerk in the employ of a share-broker, is charged with criminal breach of trust on ten counts, in respect of cash and shares of the aggregate value of Rs. 44,000. One of these charges involving a sum of Rs. 9,749 in cash was taken up to-day by the Chief Presidency Magistrate of Bombay.

The accused pleaded guilty to the charge and prayed for mercy.

The case is adjourned to Feb. 4.

DRAMA AS MIRROR OF LIFE

Lectures On Tamil Stage At S. I. Association

Mr. N. V. Krishnan delivered a lecture on "Tamil Drama and Stage" in Tamil in the South Indian Association premises on Saturday last when Mr. M. Sundaram presided. The lecturer first dealt with the historical aspect of the subject. The first of the dramas that came into existence were, the Agasthiyam the Bharatham and Silappathikaram. He then proceeded to describe the plot of a drama. There are three kinds of plots—the original plot, the Historical plot and the imaginary plot. In staging a drama there must be the unity of place, time and action. The Tamil stage come into existence only some forty years back. Music though essential for a drama there must be a certain amount of restriction over it so that it does not jar our feelings. Finally he concluded saying that the stage should be the "mirror of life."

Mr. Sheshayya Ramchandra Iyer, S. R. S. Ragavan, Vengusami also spoke on various aspects of a drama.

The president in his concluding speech remarked about anachronism which he said is a neglected evil that should be removed forthwith.

The meeting then terminated with a vote of thanks.

CONGRESS-LABOUR DEADLOCK IN C. P.

(From Our Correspondent)
NAGPUR, Jan. 26.

Mr. R. S. Raikar, President, Nagpur Textile Union has sent a letter to Mr. Jai Prakash Narayan General Secretary, Congress Socialist Party asking him to visit Nagpur before January 31 to discuss the unfortunate deadlock that has arisen in Nagpur between the T.U.C. and the National Congress owing to the latter having set up its nominee in the Trade Union constituency.

Mr. Ruikar feels that if Congress persists in setting up candidate in the Labour constituency, it will not be possible to maintain an anti-imperialist front in Nagpur.

As the result of an invitation conveyed to him by Mr. Eden, the Swedish Minister for Foreign Affairs, Mr. Sandler, will pay a short visit to London in March, as the guest of His Majesty's Government.

SECURITY PROCEEDINGS AGAINST CONGRESSMEN

Sequel To Alleged Coercion Of Voters

NIDAMANGALAM (Madras) (By Mail).

An order under section 112 of the Criminal Procedure Code was served by the local police on Messrs. T. K. B. Santhanaramaswami Udayar, A. S. P. Rathnasabhapati Udayar and six other Congressmen, asking them to show cause under section 107 Criminal Procedure Code why they should not each be ordered to execute a bond for a period of two months for preserving peace and tranquillity.

The order alleges that, during the recent elections to the District Board the respondents coerced voters to vote for Mr. Gopala Krishna Aiyar, Congress candidate, that their menacing attitude necessitated the bringing in of armed reserve police to preserve order during the elections and that they had been going about using violent language against men not falling in with their views.—United Press.

NEW ASIATIC WORKERS MEET

On the close of another successful year of the New Asiatic Life Insurance Co., Ltd., all principal workers of the Company met in the New Asiatic Buildings; New Delhi between Jan. 2 and 6 and discussed jointly and separately with the Ex-Officio Director Mr. L. N. Birla and other officers of the Company problems pertaining to its extensive organization and plans which could bring the Company still in front of the Indian Public and finally left with assurances to show much better results next year.

The Company in its 3rd year has out of a total introduced business of Rs. 42,70,750 completed a business of Rs. 30,71,000 which is over 22 per cent. increase in that of the last year. Its organization in all the Provinces of India, Burma and Ceylon is rapidly advancing. Interviews are granted daily between 12 to 5 p.m. in the Office of the Company at Connaught Circus, New Delhi.

It has further been decided to issue a monthly Bulletin the "New Asiatic News" from the Head Office of the Company and its first issue is expected to be ready by the end of this month.

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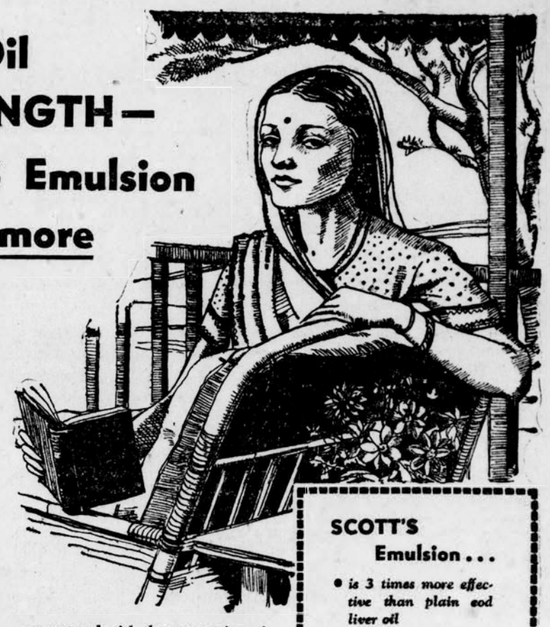

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Latest Gallops At Mahaluxmi

Cotys Gives Attractive Display: Field Marshal And Heritage II Please In Trials

(From Our Racing Correspondent.)

Horses with engagements to meet on Saturday have been in good work. Several useful winding up gallops were noted through the week.

ROSECRAG (Smirke) and BLACK PERIL (Bona) were sent a strong nine furlongs gallop. They finished about level. Former must be noted.

FIELD MARSHAL with Britt in the saddle moved attractively in a mile and a quarter spin. Should be thereabouts in the Eclipse Stakes.

Northmore sent out COTYS (R. Boy). MAS D'ANTIBES (Munro). ZUYDER ZEE (Donoghue) and CARDINAL (Flynn) over ten furlongs on the race track. A good trial with the four finishing in the order named.

HERITAGE II gave his trainer satisfaction in a rousing ten furlongs' spin. Another who must run prominently on Saturday.

IRONGREY (Donoghue) had QUICK IMAGE (R. Boy) on the stretch for nine furlongs.

PLAY ON (C. Hoyt) spurted four furlongs in pleasing fashion. He is well.

ROMNEY (Donoghue) had the measure of Mr. Pip (Selby) over a mile.

POUGATCHEV (Sibbritt) covered a mile at a nice pace. Follow him again.

THE NUN (Flynn) had a stable companion beaten in a mile gallop.

ASSAULT-AT-ARMS (O'Neale) had PROVENCE ROSE (R. Boy) for company in a mile run. Both moved well.

CHEAP JACK (Donoghue) held a slight advantage over BOSWAY (Selby) in a run over the nine.

ON TIME (Bullock) was superior to ETHESSAM (Selby) in a brisk nine furlongs' spin.

DIAGONAL (Read) and CENTOI (Gethin) worked together over a mile. They went well.

GIPSY JACK (Evans, KILFINANE (Sibbritt) and another covered a mile at a nice pace. The first two shaped well.

FRANCOLIN (Burn) traversed a mile and a quarter at a good pace. He is fit but an unreliable customer.

SWIFT REYNARD (R. Boy) was better than KARAWAY (Sibbritt) in a rattling mile gallop.

RIGOLETTA (R. Boy) had TOBRALCO (R. Boy) and TRUE MAN (Sibbritt) beaten in a dash over the five.

KING STEFAN (Selby) and MYRRH (Donoghue) were well together at the end of a brisk mile gallop. Former must be winning a race before long.

FRED STEPHENS (Burn) pleased in a run over seven furlongs.

BASTION (Donoghue) had his head in front of ROUGH SEA (Selby) at the end of seven furlongs.

ROBERTA (Read) showed out better than THURLESTONE (Lightfoot) in a dash over seven furlongs.

RATHLORN (Gethin) was speedier than BUDGE WINNER (Read) in a six furlongs' sprint. Back the former again.

JAHAN ARA (Munro) strode out like a fit horse for ten furlongs. Forget his last effort.

AL MUQBIL (Burn) was always going too well for TAJ SHAMAMA (Simmons) over the ten furlongs course (race-track).

THE VICEROY (Dillon) was satisfactory when sent a mile and a half.

TURKISH PRINCE (Flynn) gave a fair display over a mile.

NUR JEHAN (Sibbritt) moved well over a mile. A smart gallop.

TAJ SUBHAN (Evans) pleased in a mile gallop.

FAIR PLAY (R. Boy) was quite good when pushed over a mile.

Note:—HER LADYSHIP, WAALIM, GRAND RAJA and OASIS.

GERMAN WRESTLER'S BIG VICTORY

Beats Indian "Star" Wrestler In Four Seconds

(From Our Correspondent).

LUCKNOW, Jan. 25.

Kraemer, the German Heavyweight Wrestling Champion, who beat Goonga, India's No. 3 Heavyweight Wrestling Champion, couple of months previously, defeated Natha Changar of Katiari in four seconds, at the Exhibition Stadium, yesterday.

The German grappler, immediately the bout commenced, secured a "neck-hold," swung the Indian "pahlwan" for three seconds and threw him heavily on his back to gain the verdict in four seconds.

The following are the results of the other supporting contests:—

Nawab Zarwar (Lucknow) beat Muhd. Siddiq (Katiari).

Maula (Lucknow) drew with Husaini (Sitapur).

Shubrati (Cawnpore) beat Akhtar Mirza.

Ram Autar Singh (Jalalpur) beat Sheo Adhar (Sitapur).

Birju (Lucknow) beat Kallu (Bahraich).

Shaddey (Lucknow) beat Kallu (Aurangabad).

Aziz (Lucknow) drew with Yayub (Meerut).

Kallu (Lucknow) beat Muhammad (Cawnpore).

Shafi (Lucknow) beat Habib Devan Sharif.

Inamullah (Lucknow) beat Ahmad Amethi (Bandai Mian).

Ram Prasad (Lucknow) beat Kallu (Sidhauli).

OVER-BRIDGE AT VILE PARLE

Public Thank Donor

VILE PARLE, Jan. 25.

An important topic was discussed by the citizens of Vile Parle on Saturday night in a meeting held in the compound of Gokulibai High School. Mr. V. D. Jog presided. The subject under discussion was the donation made by Mr. Gopiram Harmukhrai for an overbridge to be constructed for crossing the rail road from east to west.

Mr. Pitambardas moved a formal resolution that the meeting endorsed the action of the municipality which had accepted the donation for the bridge.

The contention of the opposite party was that the site selected for the bridge was convenient to only 1/3 part of the residents of Parle; as it was a source of great hardship and loss of time and trouble for the people residing on the West of Parle. The places like municipal market, municipal office, charitable dispensary, seaside, garden were nearer to the original site selected for the bridge.

After long discussion the matter was put to vote and it was declared carried by a majority of 60 against 30.

Acceptances For Saturday's Races

First Race: 2-0 p.m.

THE KOLHAPUR PLATE.—Distance 1 mile.

Winner Rs. 2,500; second Rs. 750; third Rs. 500. A Handicap for Arabs in Class II

No Limit 9-4, Yamoos 9-4, King Ghazi 9-1, Nur Jehan 8-13, Hakim Pasha 8-13, Kabaila 8-9, Waabil 8-12, Fair Play 8-11, Poppy Day 8-10, Breach 8-8, Ghoj al Sa'ad 8-6, Kanz al Muluk 8-6, Waaliam 8-5, Al Barmaki 8-5, Orient 8-5, Saif al Iraq 8-0, Saif Antar 8-0, Taj Subhan 7-12, Havana 7-11, Sun Rose 8-10, Turkish Prince 7-9, Lookman 7-7, Zoolum 7-4.

Second Race: 2-30 p.m.

THE WOODCOTE PLATE.—Distance 7 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 3,000; second Rs. 1,000; third Rs. 500. A Handicap for Horses in Class IV.

Low Tide 9-5, Perrier 9-3, Hill Note 9-2, Young Bachelor 9-1, Perseverance 9-0, Matinee 8-12, Bold Bandit 8-9, Casanova 8-8, Goblin 7-7, Menado 8-8, Rough Sea 8-7 Parsees 8-5, True Man 8-4, Turlogh 8-4, Grand Raja 8-1, Cook General 7-13, Roberta 7-11, Oratorio 7-7, The Right Man 7-4 Swindon 7-4

Third Race: 3-0 p.m.

THE BROOME PLATE.—Distance 7 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 3,500; second Rs 1,250; third Rs. 500. A Handicap for Horses in Class III.

Myron 9-4, King Stefan 9-3, Natbay 9-3, Rigoletta 8-12, Graf Zeppelin 8-7, Good Biz 8-0, Oasis 8-7, Cybo 8-7, Fred Stephens 8-4, Grimage 8-3, Ticanto 8-2, King of France 8-0, Doreda 7-10 Labarum 7-9, Sanker 7-9, Heremia 7-8, Jubilee Essex 7-6, Kiss in the Mist 7-0

Fourth Race: 3-30 p.m.

THE BOMBAY ARAB DERBY.—Distance about 1-1|2 miles

Winner Rs. 10,000; second Rs. 3,500; third Rs. 2,000. For Arabs in Classes I and II. W. A. reduced 12 lbs. Penalties—Winners after 31st March, 1934, of a race value Rs. 2,000 or over, once, 4 lbs. twice, 7 lbs.; oftener, 10 lbs. Winners of races after the above date, of the aggregate value of Rs. 7,000 or over, 7 lbs.; Rs 12,000 or over, 10 lbs.; in addition to the above penalties. Allowances.—Maidens, 4 lbs.; Ponies 14 hands and under, 4 lbs.

Jahan Ara 9-11, Legion of Honour 9-11, Al Muqbil 9-4, Krishna 9-1, Nassirwan 9-1, Firpo 8-13, The Viceroy 8-9, Tair al Iraq 8-5, Taj Shamama 7-7.

Fifth Race: 4-0 p.m.

THE JAMMU CUP—Distance 6 furlongs.

A Cup value £100 to the owner of the winner, and Rs. 1,000 to the breeder of the winner, presented by H. H. The Maharaja of Kashmir and Rs. 6,000 from the fund. Winner, the Cup and Rs. 4000; second Rs. 1,250; third Rs. 750. A Handicap for Indian Horses in Class IV.

Her Ladyship 10-3, True Man 9-10, Honeysuckie 9-9, Bridge Winner 9-0, Resolve 8-11, Rathlorn 8-11, Savonette 8-8, Freestep 8-3, Fashion 8-2, Rose-water 8-2, Pomme d'Or 8-1, Belle of York 7-10, Cheer Up 7-7, Carnival 7-5, Sansolini 7-0, Savoy 7-0, Quicksilver 7-0, Daftrum 7-0

Sixth Race: 4-30 p.m.

THE CAMBRIDGESHIRE STAKES. (Div. II).—Distance 1 mile. 1 furlong.

Winner Rs. 7,000; second Rs. 2,500; third Rs. 1,000. A Handicap for Horses in Classes II and III.

Grecian Orb 9-4, Coolart 9-0, Assault-at-Arms 8-11, Devastate 8-10, Heritance 7-7, Alienist 8-9, Oasis 8-7, Mr. Pip 8-9, Flinty 8-9, Royal Prince 8-7, Tatyoon 8-7, Kirkibost 8-4, Solar Barn 8-3, Shelley 8-0, Red Flame 7-13, Royal Task 7-13, Francolin 7-10, Leicester Lady 7-4, Call O' the Glen 7-4.

Seventh Race: 5-0 p.m.

THE ECLIPSE STAKES OF INDIA.—Distance 1-1|4 miles.

Of Rs 75,000, and a Gold Cup value £200, of which Rs. 50,000 and the Gold Cup will go to the winner, Rs. 17,000 to the second, Rs. 8,000 to the third. For Horses 4, 5 and 6 years old at the time of starting. English 5 and 6 years old horses to carry 9 st. English 4 and 6 years old mares and geldings 8 st. 11 lbs. English 4 years old colts, 8 st. 7 lbs. English 4 years old fillies and geldings 8 st. 4 lbs. Australasian 5 and 6 years old horses, 9 st. Australasian 5 and 6 years old mares and geldings, 8 st. 11 lbs. Australasian 4 years old colts, 8 st. 11 lbs. Australasian 4 years old fillies and geldings, 8 st. 8 lbs. Penalties.—Winner in India of a race value Rs. 10,000 or of races of the aggregate value of Rs. 15,000 4 lbs. extra, or of a race value Rs 20,000 or of races of the aggregate value of Rs. 25,000 7 lbs. extra (not cumulative).

Mas d'Antibes 9-7, Benevento 9-7, Hesperitus 9-4, Shivaji the Great 9-4, Field Marshal 8-11, Cardinal 9-4, Cotys 9-1, Dichroic 9-1, Rosecrag 9-0, Silver Plated 9-0, Zem Zem 8-7, Synagogue 9-0, Irongrey 9-0, Heritage II 8-11, Why 8-11, Multissimo 8-7.

Eighth Race 5-30 p.m.

THE WILLINGDON PLATE.—Distance 1 mile.

Winner Rs. 10,000; second Rs. 3,500; third Rs. 1,500. A Handicap for Horses in Class I.

Play On 9-7, Cardinal 8-12, Diamond Shower 8-9, Count Ito 8-7, Pougatchev 8-7, Titanium 8-5, Mistral 7-12, Romney 7-12, Argo's Heir 7-11, Benevento 7-7, Flying Orders 7-7, Shahali 7-4.

Ninth Race: 6-0 p.m.

THE CAMBRIDGESHIRE STAKES (Div. I).—Distance 1 mile, 1 furlong.

Winner Rs. 10,000; second Rs. 3,000; third Rs. 2,000. A Handicap for Horses in Classes II and III.

Bosway 9-4, On Time 8-10, Diagonal 8-12, Talk 8-11, Lingo 8-11, Casino 8-10, Ringsend 8-9, Cheap Jack 8-9, Question Mark 8-7, Half-mast 8-5, Pompidhor 8-5, Swift Reynard 8-3, Gipsy Jack 8-3, Desert Hero 8-3 Thermometer 8-1, Grand Wazir 8-1, Kilfinane 8-1 Winning Post 8-0, Raghubeer 8-0, Clear Art 7-9, Provence Rose 7-7.

B. P. C. C. WORKER SEARCHED

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Mr. V. N. Patankar, a worker of the B. P. C. C., had an unusual experience this morning as he alighted from the local train at Matunga Road (B. B. & C. I.).

Immediately after he got down from the train, Mr. Patankar was surrounded by a number of constable of the Excise Department, who demanded a search of his hand-bag and person.

He protested, at first, but later allowed himself and his bag to be searched. Nothing "incriminating" was found.

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THE STORY OF
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MARION DAVIES
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Entirely in the New Perfected Technicolour!
The Most Glorious Love Story ever Written—
RAMONA
RAMONA
(A 20th Century-Fox Picture)
with
LORETTA YOUNG
DON AMECHE

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LAST DAY
at 4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.
WHEELER and WOOLSEY
The "Cuckoos" in Egypt!

Mummy's Boys
With
Barbara Pepper
Moroni Olsen
Frank M. Thomas
Willie Best

THE EXCELSIOR
At 6-30 & 10 p.m.
Come and be thrilled by
BORIS KARLOFF
AS
"THE MAN WHO CHANGED HIS MIND"
A film that amazes.

City & Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu: Posh Vad 3, 1993
Muslim: Jilkhad 15, 1305
Parsi: Amardad 26, 1306
Hightide: 1-35 13-46
Lowtide: 7-50 19-36
Sunrise: 7h 14m
Sunset: 6h 30m

Bombay Presidency Women's Council: Annual Conference, Convocation Hall, 10-30 a.m. to 1 p.m. and 2-30 p.m. to 6 p.m. Exhibition and Sale of Women's Work, University Buildings, South Wing, 3 p.m. to 7 p.m. (Open to the public.)

Western India Polo Handicap Tournament, Racecourse, Mahalaxmi, about 3-15 p.m.

Saturday, January 30.

Bombay Races: Second Day.

Bombay Presidency Women's Council: Exhibition and Sale of Women's Work, University Buildings, South Wing 10 a.m. to 7 p.m. (Open to the public.)

S. S. Narkunda with homeward mails sails at 1 p.m.

IMPROVEMENTS COMMITTEE

The next meeting of the Improvements Committee will be held in the Corporation Hall on Tuesday, February 2 at 3-30 p.m. (B.T.).

INTER-COLLEGIATE BADMINTON

The final of the Inter-Collegiate Badminton Tournament (1936-37) will be held in the Wilson College Hall today (Friday) at 4-30 p.m.

B. P. ADULT EDUCATION

Professor S. U. Shukla will meet his students in Principles of Education today (Friday) at 6-30 p.m. in the offices of the Association.

DOCK WORKERS' UNION

The annual general meeting of the Bombay Dock Workers' Union will be held to-day (Friday) at Thana St. opposite Princes Dock.

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

CAPITOL—"Mummy's Boys" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

CENTRAL—"Tukaram" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.

EMPIRE—"Dodsworth" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

EXCELSIOR—"The Man Who Changed His Mind" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.

IMPERIAL—"Sarla" Time as usual.

MINERVA—"Palit Kusum" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.

MAJESTIC—"Dharmaveer" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.

PATHE—"My American Wife" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

PLAZA—"Our Relations" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.

ROYAL OPERA—"Izzat" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.

REGAL—"Ramona" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

ROXY—"Village Girl" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.

WELLINGTON—"Dharmaveer" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.

WEST END—"Gay Prince" Time as usual.

MUNICIPAL CORPORATION

A meeting of the Corporation will be held to-day (Friday) at 3 p.m. (B.T.)

AT JUMA MOSQUE

Hazrat Mirza S. M. Ansari of Azamgarh, an Orientalist and a reputed Scholar of Islam, who was formerly a prominent member of the Ahmadiyya Movement of Qadian, will speak to-day (Friday) at the Juma Mosque after the Friday prayers on "The Way to Islam's Progress and Glory."

BIOLOGICAL ASSOCIATION

A meeting of the Bombay Biological Association will be held in the Veterinary College, Parel, at 5-30 p.m. (S.T.) to-day (Friday) when Dr. K. R. S. Aiyar, will deliver a lecture on "Meat Inspection in its relation to Public Health and the part played by a Veterinary Surgeon." Dr. D. S. Laud, Supt. of Markets, will preside.

PARSI GYMKHANA TENNIS TOURNAMENT

Results Of Matches Played On Thursday

The following are the results of the matches, played at the Kennedy Sea face, in the Parsi Gymkhana Open Lawn Tennis Tournament on Thursday.

B. T. Blake beat R. N. Pandit (6—0) (6—3) B. T. Blake and S. A. Azim beat C. W. Owen and D. Stilliard (5—7) 6—4) (6—0).

J. Charanjiva beat R. C. Summerhayes (6—2) (6—2).

J. M. Lee got a walk-over F R. Ratnagar.

Miss I. S. Hannay beat Mrs. Johnstone (6—4) (7—5).

C. Gonsalves beat D. Stilliard (6—1) (6—4).

Miss M. Dinshaw beat Mrs. M. C. Captain (6—2) (6—3).

Miss L. Row and partner beat Miss M. J. Wadia and Miss J. Fundole (6—4) (6—1).

A. N. Suntook and F. F. Vakharia beat H. N. Contractor and R. F. Vakharia (6—4) (6—4).

J. E. Tew and G. L. Mytton beat H. C. Sansoni and A. G. Gupte (4—6) (6—3) (6—2).

E. V. Bobb and J. Charanjiva beat J. M. Lee and A. E. Brown (6—2) (6—1).

M. Take beat Yennemadi (6—1) (7—5).

Miss P. de Lima and A. G. Gupte beat Mrs. Genge and C. Gonsalves (6—1) (5—7) (8—6).

Miss M. Dinshaw and B. T. Blake beat Miss P. de Lima and A. G. Gupte (4—6) (6—2) (6—2).

Miss P. Dinshaw and Dastur beat Miss Talyarkhan and H. C. Sansoni (6—4) (6—4).

To-day's Matches

PARSI GYMKHANA COURT No. 1

B. T. Blake vs. H. C. Sansoni: 3-30 p.m.

Miss I. S. Hannay and D. Stillard vs. Miss Sansoni and E. V. Bobb: 4 p.m.

J. Charanjiva vs. J. M. Lee: 4-45 p.m.

COURT No. 2

S. A. Azim vs. A. G. Gupte: 3-30 p.m.

M. Take vs. C. Gonsalves: 4-15 p.m.

Miss L. Row and partner vs. Miss Sansoni and Miss Talyarkhan.

COURT No. 3

Mrs. M. C. Captain and partner vs. Miss M. H. Dinshaw and Miss P. Dinshaw.

1ST AVAILABLE COURT

J. E. Tew and G. L. Mytton vs. A. C. Suntook and F. F. Vakharia.

J. Charanjiva and E. V. Bobb vs. B. T. Blake and S. A. Azim.

BOMBAY GYMKHANA COURT

Mrs. W. A. Bell and Mrs. Corbett-Wright vs. Miss I. S. Hannay and Mrs. Frakhenam Walsh: 4—45 p.m.

CONGRESS ELECTION MEETINGS

Ladies' Meeting At Khar

Under the auspices of the Bombay "G" Ward and Suburban District Joint Election Committee a ladies meeting will be held today (Friday) at 4 p.m. at Khar, Laxmi Nagar, Pavilian Hall, under the chairmanship of Mrs. Annapurnabai Deshmukh to support the candidatures of Messrs. B G. Kher, D. N. Wandrekar and S. Songaonkar at the ensuing Assembly elections. Mrs. Shantabai Vengsarkar, Mrs. Gangaben Patel, Mrs. Lilavati Munshi will address the meeting.

Tenants' Association Call To Voters

The following resolution was passed at the annual general meeting of the Tenants' Association held on the 17th instant in the "D" Ward Office of the Association when Mr. S. C. Joshi, Advocate, presided:—

"In order to alleviate the sufferings of the tenants to the City, caused by the rents disproportionate to the pre-war prices of the necessaries of life, this general meeting of the Bombay Tenants' Association calls upon the candidates for the coming Assembly elections who have pledged themselves to the welfare of the masses to give their active support by including this most important rent question in their legislative programme and requests the members of the Association in particular and the tenants in general to give their votes to these candidates".

Send Off To Bohra High Priest

His Holiness Sardar Sydena Taher Saifuddin Saheb High Priest of Dawoodi Bohra Community is proceeding for pilgrimage to Mecca by s. s. "Narkunda" on the 30th January, 1937, via Suez.

It is decided to take him in procession on Saturday the 30th instant.

The procession will leave Badri Mahal (Near Evans Fraser) tomorrow (Saturday) at 11 a.m. and will reach Gateway of India, Apollo Bunder at about 12-30. where farewell "Salams" will be offered to him by the community and at 1 p.m. he will then leave by Motor Launch to embark the Mail Boat

LORD BADEN-POWEL ARRIVES IN BOMBAY

Lord Baden-Powell, Chief Scout of the world, accompanied by Lady Baden-Powell, Chief Guide and party arrived in Bombay on Thursday by the Mail Boat, s.s. "Maloja".

Lord Baden-Powell inspected the guard of honour held in his honour and the Scouts greeted him with the Bombay Scout yell.

Lady Baden-Powell was received by Mrs. Eastley, Provincial Commissioner for Guides.

Lord and Lady Baden-Powell were received on behalf of Lord Brabourne by two A.D.C.'s.

The party drove off to the Government House, where they will stay as guests of Lord and Lady Brabourne and will leave Bombay on Saturday night for Delhi for the All-India Jamboree.

First Stroke Is Half The Battle

Congress Appeal To Upper Chamber Voters

The Propaganda Secretary of the Bombay City Congress Parliamentary Committee writes:

The Election Week in the Bombay Presidency opens on Thursday (11th February) and ends on Thursday (18th February).

The Election Week opens with the Upper Chamber Elections, the polling booth for the City of Bombay and Bombay Suburban District being the Town Hall.

The Congress candidates for this Constituency of the Upper Chamber are:

1. Mrs. Hansa Mehta:
2. Mr. Ratilal M. Gandhi.

Each voter has four votes and the Congress asks each voter to give two votes to each of these candidates.

The Upper Chamber voters of the General Constituency ought not to forget the adage, "the first stroke is half the battle." Theirs is the privilege in this Presidency to hit the first stroke.

VOTE FOR MRS. DESHMUKH

Franchise Is Not Restricted To Women Only

The Propaganda Secretary of the Bombay City Congress Parliamentary Committee writes:—

The election week closes on the 18th February with the election of a woman member to the Assembly by voters enrolled in the D Ward (General) Constituency.

This election is called the election by the "Women's Constituency."

The electorate is composed both of men and women, while the candidature is restricted to women candidates

All the voters of the Assembly, who are enrolled in the electoral roll of D Ward, will vote both on the 17th February and again on the 18th February irrespective of their sex.

17th February is a wholesale holiday under the Negotiable Instruments Act, while on the 18th of February only Government offices will be closed. On the 17th the Assembly electorate of all the four Wards, viz., A, B, C and D in the City will have to attend the polling booths, while on the 18th of February only the voters of D Ward will have to go to the polling booths and vote for Mrs. Annapurnabai Deshmukh.

The Congress requests the employers all over the City to give their employees proper facilities for attending the appropriate polling booths in the D Ward, on 18th February (Thursday).

VOTE FOR MUNSHI

The Propaganda Secretary of the Bombay City Congress Parliamentary Committee writes:

The University voters know that the Congress candidate for the Bombay University Constituency is Mr. K. M. Munshi and that all ballot papers must be sent by Registered Post and must reach the Collector of Bombay before 23rd February.

It is to-day intended to draw their attention to the provision with respect to a voter who may have "lost, mislaid, spoiled, destroyed or otherwise rendered useless" the ballot paper sent to him.

The relevant rule says that in such an eventuality the elector "shall, on application in writing addressed to the Returning Officer stating the circumstances, be supplied with a second ballot paper signed and numbered by the Returning Officer and marked *duplicate* which, in the absence of the original ballot paper bearing the same number, shall be treated as if it were the original."

TALK OF THE SUBURBS

(BY A SUBURBAN MAN).

The final stages of the Bombay East Indian Association open Bombay Suburban Catholic Cricket Tournament are now being reached.

This tournament has created quite a sensation and is the talk of all the Suburban Catholic cricketers. The high standard of the game brought crowds of spectators from all parts of the suburbs of Danda Green, Bandra, the place where this tournament is being played.

Two semi-finals were played, one between Young Men's Parish Association, Sahar, and the Bachelors eleven, Juhu, and the other one between Chapel Road eleven, Bandra, and Kallina Athletic eleven, Kole Kallian. In the former game, Young Men's Parish Association beat Bachelors by a margin of 121 runs. In the latter game between Chapel Road United team and Kallina Athletic team, they drew twice. In the first game Kallina put up a score of 187 to which Chapel Road replied by 102 for 6 wickets while in the replay both the teams put up an equal score of 162.

The third replay I am told is to be played on Sunday, January 31, when a record crowd is expected.

WATER RATE REDUCED.

Owing to the Poharan tank, the main source of Thana's water supply, reaches a low water level during summer, that is from April to July, the water becomes unsuitable for human consumption. Thus the Thana Municipality is obliged to take their supply from the Bombay Municipality. This was supplied at the rate of 14 annas per 1,000 gallons. But in response to an appeal to Mr. K. F. Nariman the then Mayor of Bombay in a civic address presented to him he promised that he would do his best to secure reduction in the rate I think he has done it for them. . . "Long may he live," that's what I heard the people say. The Bombay Corporation, I am told, have decided to reduce the rate to 10 annas per thousand gallons during the year 1937-38, which according to the President of the Thana Municipality, will bring a saving of nearly Rs. 5,000.

WELLS WITHOUT FENCING.

The suburbs have wells in nearly every compound, for in the days when pipe water supply was not known the suburbanites used to get their supply from the wells. Bandra had many of these but the recent housing schemes got rid of most of them.

As I have made a thorough survey of the suburban area, I feel I must bring to the notice of the municipalities the danger of many wells in their area that are about without any fencing. If these wells are private wells the municipality must insist on the landowners fencing them so that public life will not be in danger.

On Tuesday last two cases of drowning have been registered at the Bandra Police Station. One, the police understand, is a case of accidental drowning, and that in a well without any fencing at all and the other of suicide.

It appears the body of one Lahu Ganu, a mahar, was removed from a well at Dhobi Ghat, Pali Road, Bandra in the early hours of Wednesday morning. From inquiries from Bandra no foul play is suspected. The second case is that of an unknown man whose body was found on the shore near the cremation ground of the Chambar-Kolis, at Carter Road, Bandra. The man was carried to the hospital where right up to the time of writing this report he was in an unconscious state.

Madras Chief Justiceship

(From Our Correspondent.)

MADRAS, Jan. 28.

Sir H. Owen Beasley, Chief Justice, Madras High Court will retire in July next.

Government it is understood is likely to appoint a European barrister as Chief Justice.

In connection with this appointment the name of Captain Hon. Edward Duke, Bar-at-Law, Secretary to the President of Royal Courts of Justice and son of Lord Merrivale is mentioned.

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How Pacific Ocean Food Iodine and Minerals in 'VIKELP' Tablets Give You Youthful Energy, Strong Nerves, Pounds of 'STAY-THERE' Flesh, Radiant Health—Rejuvenates the Body Where all Else Fails, Without Use of Drugs.
"VIKELP" Tablets, amazing mineral concentrate from the Pacific Ocean get right down and correct the real underlying cause of weakness, thinness, nervous run-down conditions and systemic illnesses — FOOD IODINE AND MINERAL STARVED GLANDS. When these glands don't work properly, all the food in the world can't help you. It just isn't turned into flesh. The result is, you stay "TOO THIN," nervous, tired out, ill and run-down.
The most important glands—the Thyroid and other tiny hidden glands, which actually control body-weight and strength—need a definite, evenly balanced ration of the 12 essential minerals plus FOOD IODINE all the time (not to be confused with chemical iodides which often prove toxic, or mere Iodine fumes).
Only when the system gets an adequate supply of FOOD IODINE AND MINERALS can you regulate metabolism—the body's process of converting digested food into FIRM FLESH, new health, strength and energy.
To get these 12 essential life-giving Minerals in assimilable form (Iron, Magnesium, Phosphorus, Calcium, Potassium, Sulphur, Manganese, Copper, etc.) and FOOD IODINE, so sadly lacking in our ordinary daily diet yet so vital to the body—take "VIKELP" TABLETS, made of an amazing Pacific Ocean plant—now recognised as the world's richest source of these precious substances. 6 tablets alone contain more Iodine than 480 pounds of spinach or 1,378 pounds of lettuce.
Make this test with "VIKELP" TABLETS. First weigh yourself and see how long you can work or how far you can walk without tiring. Then take three "VIKELP" TABLETS with each meal for 21 days and again weigh yourself and notice how much longer you can work without tiring and how much farther you can walk. Notice how much better you feel, sleep and eat. Resistance is built up against malaria—faulty metabolism, debility, constipation, gastritis, goitre, rheumatism and other systemic illnesses as shown in the panel are corrected or disappear entirely. Watch flattering extra pounds appear in place of scrawny hollows. Whatever you have tried before try "VIKELP" today—your own doctor will approve of this way. "VIKELP" costs but a few annas a day to use, and will bring you new health, energy, and vigour as well as freedom from nervousness and systemic disorders.
If your dealer cannot supply you send Rs. 2/12 for 100 tablets or Rs. 5/4 for the more economical 225 tablet size to Dept B/1/4 Muller & Phipps (India), Ltd., P. O. Box 773, Bombay.
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Calcium ..	Stomach trouble, rickets, eczemas, impaired teeth during pregnancy.
Phosphorus	Mental exhaustion, subnormal growth.
Sodium ..	Stomach, kidney and bladder disorders, rheumatism.
Potassium ..	Acidosis, bad heart, constipation.
Magnesium	Underweight, skin diseases.
Sulphur	Constipation, blood and liver disorders, nervousness.
Manganese	Anæmia, gout, general debility.

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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: FRIDAY, JANUARY 29, 1937

THE WOMEN'S MOVEMENT

The elaborate proceedings of the 18th Annual General Meeting and Conference of the Bombay Presidency Women's Council, which is being held in the University Convocation Hall, are indicative of the notable awakening among the women of Bombay and of many other parts of the country during the last two decades. The women's movement in India received a strong impetus from the strenuous efforts of the late Mrs. Besant and her followers to further the Home Rule movement started by her two decades ago. And it received another powerful impetus in 1921 when Mahatma Gandhi started the non-co-operation movement and laid specoal stress on popularisation of khaddar, prohibition of liquor, national education, removal of untouchability, popularisaton of Hindustani and such other constructive work. The Bombay Presidency Women's Council has done useful work for the welfare of women during the last eighteen years of its existence and can do a great deal more if it widens its scope and co-operates with other women's organisations in the country. Mrs. Sumud Shah, reading the report of the work of the Council during the last eighteen years, said that "no apology could ever be needed for the existence of the Women's Council." The very suggestion of an apology sounds incongruous. Women's grievances in India are so many and women's organisations to seek their address are so few that we want hundreds of institutions conducted by and for women. Only, we would wish them to be of a thoroughly representative character, in close touch with the poorer people whose needs are the greatest, and of a wide scope in their actual work. But till such institutions spring up in every city and town, the few that are now in existence should realise their heavy responsibility, should do more practical work in cities, towns and villages and should by their example bring into existence more institutions like themselves.

Wanted Solid Work

In her presidential speech at the Conference Mrs. F. S. Talyarkhan stressed, among other aims of the Council, the training of women in the responsibility of citizenship and the spirit of service. These are laudable ideals, particularly because so many misguided men and women are still prone to shirk some of the vital responsibilities of citizenship on frivolous pretexts and to be content with tall talk of various kinds of reform without doing genuine work for a single one of them. Miss Rustomji referred to this habit of many arm-chair reformers to toy with big problems when she said, with regard to the illiteracy of women in the city, that those who wanted to improve conditions should get at the fundamentals "instead of going round the fringe of the problem as they had been doing." If a serious effort were made, she said, the Council would be in a position to increase the percentage of literates in the city within a year, as the members could begin by teaching their own servants for an hour a day. If institutions like the Women's Council could seize Miss Rustomjee's idea, work it out in some selected areas by organising a net-work of home literacy classes, they would set a worthy example to those people who only talk of reform and service but do no real service whatever.

Why Boycott Politics?

One of the needless and self-imposed handicaps of many public institutions in this country is that they bind themselves, in their constitutions, to eschew politics entirely. It appears that the Women's Council belongs to this category. It must be very hard indeed for the Council to fulfil in its entirety its aim "to train women in the responsibility of citizenship," while eschewing politics altogether. As a matter of fact, some of the activities of the Council, such as agitation for women's franchise and for legislation to promote the interests of women are distinctly of a political character. Whatever the precise constitution of the Council maybe, its practice seems to be to permit politics of one kind, to eschew politics of another kind, and yet to persuade itself that it leaves politics alone. In opening the Exhibition of the Conference Lady Brabourne remarked: "With the exception of politics, by which I mean party politics and anti-Government agitation, there is hardly any subject which cannot with advantage be discussed with particular reference to the interests of women." If Lady Brabourne seriously suggests that pro-Government agitation is permissible or desirable but that anti-Government agitation of every kind must be tabooed, it may be natural for her to commend such a policy, but it is an unworthy one for Indian women to follow, when Government, who can do so much to promote women's interests, fail to do their clear and urgent duty, urging utterly unconvincing excuses. Those women who are really earnest about the welfare of Indian womanhood ought—politics or no politics—to carry on ceaseless agitation for such welfare and against all those who oppose or neglect that duty, including the Government whenever they oppose or neglect it.

League Pretensions Exploded

In another column there appears a letter wherein the correspondent effectively analyses and exposes the pretensions of Mr. Jinnah's Muslim League. The League, as he points out, is conspicuous by its absence from no less than three out of the four "Majority" Muslim Provinces and is running candidates in the fourth, as in some other minority provinces, who know little and care less about Muslim interests and who have not even made up their minds whether to agree with the Government or the Muslim League about the so-called "Reforms"! And a yet more decisive answer comes from Bengal, the fourth of the "majority" Provinces.

The meaning and significance of the returns from Bengal are so glaring that they cannot be mistaken or denied even by Mr. Jinnah. Bengal is a province where the peasantry is as predominantly Muslim as it is proverbially poverty-stricken. Its misery and poverty were represented by the Proja Party which contested the elections on the basis of an agrarian programme. And it was opposed by—Mr. Jinnah's Muslim League, led by the Nawab of Dacca and the two Ministers in the Government of Bengal! Mr. Jinnah's League has won 21 seats, but so has the Proja Party. What is even more significant is that the Proja Party leader challenged the League leader to contest any constituency and won with twice as many votes as were polled by Khwaja Sir Nazimuddin in the latter's own Zemindari. Sir Nazimuddin's colleague, Minister Farooqi, had almost met the same fate but having been beaten in one constituency, he got in through a pocket borough. If Mr. Jinnah will only realise it, the defeat of his league is complete. For, it was a body rich in the resources and influence which landlordism, vested interests and the reactionary rich combined to supply and its rival had nothing but the misery, the poverty and the needs of the mass of Muslims in Bengal. The Muslim League debacle in Bengal "debunks" the claim to a representative character. What is more, it thoroughly exposes the professions of its leaders as regards Muslim interests. It shows how representatives of anti-Muslim interests have sought to exploit Musalmans in the name of—Muslim interests. And Mr. Jinnah's Bombay Muslim League is an exact replica of his Bengal league!

Our Readers' Views

Vile Propaganda

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—Last week, a leaflet signed by twenty Muslims entitled "Muslim Voters, Beware! See that you are not trapped in the net of the Hindu Sabha Candidate" were distributed in the Muslim localities. No names were mentioned but the inference was clear; and if I mistake not, the attack was intended for Mr. Brelvi who is standing as a Muslim candidate for the Bombay Assembly from the Southern Mahomedan Constituency on the Congress ticket.

The propaganda vile as it is, being of a veiled nature, is likely to mislead the mass of Muslim opinion into a false sentiment.

The Hindu Sabha has often given offence to Muslim sentiments and Muslims will be fully justified in opposing a candidate who is sympathetic to that communalistic body. But I ask: what has Mr. Brelvi to do with the Hindu Mahasabha?

Mr. Syed Abdulla Brelvi is a Muslim born and a Muslim in sentiments. How in logic can Muslims expect him to support the Hindu Mahasabha and thus run down his own religion, his own kith and kin and all that is dearest and nearest to him.

Mr. Brelvi is a Congressman, and there are some Hindu Mahasabhaites in the Congress. Does that make the Congress a Hindu Mahasabha organisation or Mr. Brelvi a supporter of its creed?

The Congress is a national organisation. It is above caste, creed or religion. It is open to all who are working for the freedom of their country. The Congress expects everyone of its members to work sincerely according to its prescribed policy. But if there are some black sheep in it in the form of Hindu communalists, would you hate the Congress simply on that account?

If this does not convince you that the Congress has nothing in common with the Hindu Mahasabha, I commend you, Muslim voters, to study the speeches of Hindu Sabha leaders. You will find therein sufficient food for thought. The Hindu Mahasabha far from sympathising with the Congress is a reactionary communal organisation which is out to exploit opportunities for its own good and to defeat the Congress.

The Congress does not stand for the Mahasabha ideals. It never stood for them and never will. The Congress is a body of patriotic fighters who are fighting for national independence. If you love your country, vote for the Congress candidate and vote for the freedom of the country.

Congress is not a communal body. It does not fight for anyone community or people. It fights for all and its victory is the victory of the people.

Now, remains the question of Muslim interests. If Mr. Brelvi is elected to the Assembly, do you for a moment believe that he will go against the Muslim interests and cut his nose to oblige the Hindusabha members? Do you, can you really believe that? For sheer absurdity, there can be nothing better or worse than such an eventuality.

Mr. Brelvi is a Congressman. He makes no secret of his political opinions. He has gone to gaol cheerfully for them. But he is also a Muslim and will do all in his power to safeguard Muslim interests.—Yours, etc.,

FAROOQUE HASAN.

Bombay, January 25.

Jinnah And His League

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—I have been following the wordy war between Pandit Nehru and Mr. Jinnah. It is painful to observe how a stray and in its essence a perfectly true remark has been made the subject of controversy and how some of Mr. Jinnah's so-called followers are trying mischievously to make capital out of it. I think it would facilitate a better undersanding of the controversy if we separated Mr. Jinnah from his followers, for Mr. Jinnah is obviously mistaken and his followers are equally obviously not. Mr. Jinnah has missed the Pandit's point by refusing to see that the word "Congress" has been used by the latter in its symbolic significance. It indicates liberty as against exploitation freedom against servitude, national self-determination against national bondage. Taken as that symbol I feel that Mr. Jinnah himself is a Congressman and the Mussalmans, if they remained true to their destiny in the world history, should be Congressmen. Thinking and speaking on that plane it is futile to ask, as Mr. Jinnah has unfortunately done, as to how many Muslim Candidates the Congress has put up for the coming elections. Mr.

(Continued on page 8, column 5.)

"Towards Successful Life"

Necessary Reforms In Bombay City

By D. V. N.

Success in life is the goal of every individual and yet it is very difficult to get a common agreement on the question as to what constitutes "a successful life." Some would regard life a success if they are able to amass wealth or fortune, others would scorn wealth and consider spiritual life a grand success; still others would regard a happy compromise between the two a good success. There are thus a multitude of definitions of the word "success." It all depends on which end of the telescope one looks at the problem. To the average citizen, however, the means of commanding comfort of body and soul constitute success. The first consideration for him is therefore to obtain some employment or occupation whereby he can satisfy his primary needs. The problem of unemployment is so acute in the City that it is indeed a pity that no organised attempt is made to solve it. If the standard of living in the City is to be maintained at all at any decent level it is essential that this problem of unemployment should be first tackled. Government have recently advertised an apprentice course to train up boys in the technical line; but this scheme can provide for a limited number and cannot touch all classes of people. The efforts which are made by Government and the Congress organisations for rural uplift should therefore be intensified so as to absorb as many of the unemployed as possible.

Housing Problem

The next most urgent requirement is decent housing. The housing accommodation in the city is awfully bad and deficient. Nearly 75 per cent. of the population of the city is housed in single-room tenements and the infant mortality in these rooms is as high as 68 per cent. A number of these single room tenements are shared by several families as they are unable to bear the rent individually. Cheap adequate housing with adequate open spaces for children to play is, therefore, the desideratum. In this connection the recent step taken by the Municipality to provide cheap housing particularly at Dharavi is praiseworthy. But this effort touches only the fringe of the problem. Private charities and Co-operative Housing Societies have provided a few fairly decent quarters for middle class population in the city but the accommodation made available by their joint efforts falls far too short of their requirements. It cannot be denied that the problem of poor class accommodation has been badly neglected. Government have no doubt provided certain amount of accommodation in their Development Department Chawls, but the rents of those rooms in those chawls are in spite of reductions still high and due to lack of facilities for cheap transit and various other causes the labour population is not attracted to them and consequently a large number of rooms are still vacant. This paradoxical situation can be remedied by a scaling down of rents so as to bring them within the reach of the lowest of the lowly. This may involve some loss to Government, but the poor are the wards of the State and they cannot be left to dwell in the darkest slums or on the pavements when good housing accommodation goes abegging. Government and public bodies should provide poor class dwellings without the motive of profiteering or even at some sacrifice.

Indebtedness

Next in order would come the provision of means whereby the poor wage-earners can be allowed to enjoy the full benefits of their earnings. At present most of them are deeply in debt to the *Sowcar* or the Pathan money-lender and a major part of their earnings goes towards payment of interest on their loans. The rates of interest are so unconscionable that there is never any hope of their liquidating the capital. Some time ago a suggestion was made to register money-lenders. It would be very helpful if legislation were introduced requiring all money-lenders to register themselves. Simultaneously, it would be necessary to hold an official inquiry into the debt position of these helpless and poor persons and scale down their debts by all reasonable means. The establishment of widespread Co-operative Societies for their benefit is essential; otherwise these poor people would not be out of the clutches of the Pathan money-lenders, who are always ready to oblige them. Then there are other problems touching their habits of squandering on drink or gambling, which the Servants of India Society or similar other institutions can do a great lot in remedying.

Domestic Servants

The above observations generally apply to the amelioration of the condition of the poor classes. There is however, one problem nearly associated with the middle and the upper classes, although indirectly, viz., the problem of the domestic servant. The wheels of a big household move smoothly and with clock-like regularity on account of the ungrudging services rendered by its servants. Their lot can be made happy by their masters. They are at present hopelessly unorganised and rendered miserable by vices and "satta khel." Their conditions of service do not offer any security and they are, when they do not stay on their masters' premises, very ill-housed. Few of them can lead a happy family life. They have a precarious life in the City. Their condition can be bettered partly by their masters and partly by themselves. Their employers can make their life tolerable, but in the main they can better themselves. They should organise themselevs and institute a system of registration so that all intending employers may approach the central organisation whenever they want any servants. Bad characters or servants dismissed by employers for justifiable reasons like fraud, theft or other serious offences should be scored off the register. If this is done and if only the faithful and the honest and the true can be sifted from their opposites, they will be more respected and will enjoy perhaps greater security in their service as some of the more respectable among them do so at present.

FRANKLY SPEAKING

SLATER ON FRONTIER POLICY.

Professor Gilbert Slater is an internationalist in the sense that he is an advocate of the League of Nations and its principles. But he is an internationalist of the orthodox British type. It is, therefore, all the more noteworthy that he should in his letter to the "Manchester Guardian," strike a comparison between the Indian and Soviet methods of establishing peace on their respective frontiers. His letter—which curiously enough has been ignored by Reuter—speaks for itself. It is an unqualified condemnation of the theory of "civilising" people by "waging a perpetual war against them," as it is an unqualified tribute to the Russians whom the average Britisher would rather regard as the very devils compared to his own civilised self. We welcome Professor Slater's letter, not because we have any illusions as to its effectiveness with the Powers that be, but because it reflects the protest of the people of India, who have to pay for the British Government's methods.

CRISIS IN BELGIUM

Belgium has long been vacillating between fascism and Democracy. It began with a speech some months ago by King Leopold which created a sensation as interpreting a pro-German orientation in Belgian foreign policy There were different reasons advanced for it for instance, the rising tide of Fascism in Belgium, the fact that the Italian Crown Princess is the sister of King Leopald and so on. But the main reason was probably Belgium's distrust of the policy of France and Britain as leaders of the League and its policy of collective security. Assurances from Britain and France managed to check the drift But it seems to have started again. M. Vandervelde the famous socialist leader, has resigned from the Cabinet owing to differences with his colleagues particularly M. Spaak, the Foreign Minister over Spanish affairs. How the Cabinet crisis will finally end is still too early to guess. But one thing is obvious. Elements in the Belgian cabinet sympathetic towards the Spanish Government are weak. And they are weak because the weakness of France and Britain has strengthened their pro-Franco and pro-Fascist opponents.

BRITISH LABOUR'S SOCIALISM.

The disaffiliation of the Socialist League by the British Labour Party Executive was anticipated sometimes ago. This means that the Labour Party has lost some of the best brains in the Party and very useful workes, for instance, Sir Stafford Cripps, Mr. H. N. Brailsford, Professor Harold Laski and Mr. W. Mellor an ex-Editor of the "Daily Herald." The differences have been insistent and serious and it had been clear for a long time that the two would part company sooner or later. But what is noteworthy is the fact that the crime of the League is, fundamentally, loyalty to socialism and working class unity. It is an eloquent commentary on the nature and character of the so-called Labour-Socialist Party of Great Britain that groups like the I.L.P. and the Socialist League who stand for honest and logical manifestation in practice of the Labour Party's own professed principles should have no place in it.

GOVERNMENT'S TACTICS

The postponement of the debate on Doctor Khare's Arya Inter-marriage Bill with the expressed consent of the Government members is significant. Doctor Khare asked for an adjournment definitely "on the ground that a large number of members was not present". Sir N. N. Sircar declared, on behalf of the officials, "We have no objection". On other and decidedly more important matters—for instance, the ratification of Labour conventions—the Government members stoutly resisted any attempt at postponement. In fact despite Sir N. N. Sircar's long apologia it is clear the bureaucracy had all along sought to take the best advantage of the Congress members' preoccupation with the provincial elections and push through, in their absence, all Bills which might provoke opposition. Hopelessly impotent as the present Assembly is on all vital matters against the official block and the Governor-General's veto, the present tactics are wholly unnecessary. But they do reveal a mentality which is—characteristic of the bureaucracy in India.

CHEAPER POST CARD.

The annual report of the Indian Post and Telegraphs Department records appreciable increase in postal business done during last year. The gross receipts exceed those of the last year by Rs. 28 lakhs, and the net profit is over 24 lakhs. This is evidence of the growing postal habit in the public and one may well anticipate still better figures for the present year. The Postal Department is, thus, pretty well off and there cannot be any excuse now for delaying reduction in the price of post cards. Greater postal facilities for the villages cannot have any meaning unless the promise for the re-introduction of cheaper post card is fulfilled. That, so far as the mass of our poor villages are cancerned, is of far greater practical importante than the installation of telephones and radio-sets.

WITHOUT COMMENT

A big drop of over seven lakhs in its earnings has again been suffered by the B. N. R. during the first ten days of January as compared with last year. It is the only railway to show loss during the period.

—Our Delhi Correspondent's report.

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The Estate officials of the Raja of Pithapuram (Madras) are reported to have made unsuccessful attempts to break Congress meetings.

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We are disappointed. But any way, since Congress provocation is proved by the fact that the officials WERE compelled to take action future Congress meetings should be banned under Section 144.

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We are astonished, surprised, amazed, astounded, shocked, flabbergasted to learn that till yesterday

(1) the Muslim League and the Proja Party in Bengal had won exactly equal number of seats (21) and,

(2) Mr. A. K. Fazlul Haq, the leader of the Proja Party, has decisively beaten the leader of the Muslim League, the Hon'ble Khwaja Sir Nazimuddin, in the latter's own Zamindari

And we are provoked also—provoked to request, beg, entreat and demand of Mr. Jinnah that he should fly to Calcutta at once and call upon Mr. A. K. Fazlul Haq and the Proja Party to cease forthwith—and with retrospective effect also—to interfere in Muslim affairs.

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Talking of Mr. Jinnah and his Bengal League, a contemporary writes: "One does not see why the Congress, Proja Party and the Muslim League should not co-operate with each other in the Bengal Assembly".

As a matter of fact one cannot see how it is at all possible for the Party of the Nawab of Dacca and Bengal Ministers to co-operate with the Congress.

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Mr. Satyamurthi expresses "amazement at the Associated Press becoming the propaganda agency for Government benches in the Assembly".

But why should he?

* * * *

A Rai Bahadur in Bengal has been defeated by a Congressman by a majority of 70,000 to 5,000.

We do hope the loss of his deposit will be compensated for by a gain of Knighthood or at least a Companionate.

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CONGRESS NEGLECT OF HARIJANS

Dr. Ambedkar's Criticism

—Anglo-India.

And to drive home both criticism of the Congress and his own sympathy with them, the gallant Doctor has once more proclaimed his intention of leaving the Harijan fold.

The Junior Colleague is wondering how and why Sir Mahomed Yakub managed to put a long and well tabulated question regarding the postponement of the Assembly Session.

We really don't know. But the Parliamentary practice in Britain is that, if Government suddenly want to make a statement, which they consider to be important, they instruct one of their followers to put a question about it.

And the Parliamentary practice in India is that official members do not ask questions.

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The Bombay Presidency Women's Council Conference considered, we learn, "the advisability of forming a group within the B.P.W.C. to study International Relations and work for peace."

They couldn't very well form a group, could they, to study Imperialist relations and work for national freedom. That would have come under the tabooed category of politics. And it's really no concern of Indian women—we mean the B.P.W.C.—either.

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Collector: 'Can you pay this little account to-day, sir?' Debtor: 'You call at such inconvenient times'. 'Well, sir, what time would best suit you for me to call?' 'When I'm out!'.

Cent Per Cent Success Assured In Bombay

SARDAR'S CONFIDENCE IN CONGRESS VOTERS

Appeals To Public To Contribute Liberally To Election Fund

"Bombay has been the centre of Political activity in the country. Bombay has always stood by the Congress. There was no need for any propaganda in favour of the Congress candidates nor do the Congress workers in the city need any encouragement. Bombay has led the country every time and if this time Bombay failed in its duty, it will have a very bad effect on the whole country. Even if a single Congress candidate failed to get elected, it will have its repurcussions in the whole of India".

Declared Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, President of the Congress Central Parliamentary Board in the course of a speech delivered on Thursday night at a mammoth meeting held in Popatvadi, Kalbadevi Road.

Cent Per cent Success

There was no doubt whatever, said the Sardar, that Bombay would solidly support the candidates set up by the Congress and if every voter went to the Polling Booth on the Election Day he was confident of cent per cent success for the Congress.

In the course of his speech the Sardar of Bardoli said that though country-wide Election Propaganda had been carried on by the Congress he did not think that there was any necessity for such a propaganda in Bombay. Yet it was necessary to impress on the people that the forthcoming elections were altogether different from the elections that the country had been witnessing. However much one might be nationally minded, however much the people might be loyal to the greatest political organisation in the country, Congress would not achieve the success that it should, if the voters were not properly organised and united. There might be many who did not know whether they were voters or not; there were many thousands who were not knowing where they should go to cast their votes. They should be properly instructed.

CONGRESS RIVALS' TACTICS

The Sardar then referred to the firings and Lathi charges that have been reported from Bihar where Congress workers are stated to have been shot at or belaboured with lathis on behalf of the rivals of the Congress. The Sardar had received similar reports from the United Provinces. He felt that such incidents would occur in greater number in Madras when the Elections come off there but he did not expect any such thing to happen in Bombay, because Bombay is reputed to be a Congress Province. Even if a single Congress candidate were to fail in the city of Bombay it would lower the prestige and honoured position that Bombay has been holding all these days.

IN ANGLO-INDIAN PRESS.

There was no difference of opinion about Congressmen capturing the Legislatures nor was there any difference on the question as to why Congressmen were entering the Legislatures. In Bombay there were 175 seats in the Assembly out of which only 110 were general seats and the Congress had put up 106 and unless at least 100 members were returned, Congress could not achieve what it wanted. The speaker then referred to the Liberal and the Democratic Swaraj Parties, which were parading with their names only and there were not more than half a dozen candidates set up by these parties. Many people in the rural area had not even heard these names. And yet the Anglo-Indian Press gave columns and columns of news about them and the people outside India imagined that there were very big parties fighting the Congress in the Elections. Those who were following the news from the North of the Country would have seen for themselves about the success of the Congress.

WORLD WATCHING INDIA

The world was watching India very keenly. It must be remembered that every vote cast against the Congress was a vote for slavery and the world would be judging India by those votes cast against the Congress.

The voters should see that they have no engagements on the Polling Day. They should also see that each one of them goes to the Polling Booth on that day. They should divide the votes equally between the Congress candidates. Anybody advising cumulative voting in favour of a single Congress candidate was not one who wished well of the Congress. The Voters should also realise that cumulative voting for a particular Congress candidate would only mean waste of votes.

Concluding the Sardar appealed to the people of Bombay to contribute liberally towards the Congress Election Fund.

With the singing of "Vande Mataram' the meeting came to a close.

SOLVING CITY'S MILK PROBLEM

Move For Registration Of Co-operative Milk Supply Union

The Committee appointed under the auspices of the Fort Co-operative Institute, Bombay, with Mr. Jamnadas M. Mehta, Mayor of Bombay, as Chairman, to devise ways and means for the solution of Bombay's milk supply problem, have now concluded their deliberations and have formulated a scheme.

Bombay city with a population of about one and a quarter million has a daily need of 5,00,000 lbs. of milk. Of this nearly 3,00,000 lbs. of milk is produced in the city itself and the rest is imported from the suburbs and from the districts beyond.

The conditions under which milk imported in Bombay is produced, are beyond the control of the Municipality.

MUNICIPAL SUBSIDY

The Municipal Corporation in its anxiety to solve the milk problem has offered to grant a subsidy to public Companies or Associations interested in Milk Supply. An application therefore, has been forwarded to the Commissioner, Bombay Municipal Corporation, requesting for the grant of subsidy to the Co-operative Milk Supply Union, proposed to be formed.

Co-operative Banks and Societies in this city have been faced with the problem of surplus funds. It is possible therefore, for individual Co-operators to utilise part of their savings to provide share-capital to the Union.

A proposal for registration has already been forwarded to the Registrar and all steps are being taken to expedite it. The Union is being floated with an authorised share capital of Rs. 2,50,000 the value of each share being Rs. 100.

The Union with its Head Quarters in Bombay will construct stables in the suburbs within a reasonable distance from the city. Stables will be rented out to Producers owning cattle and separate Producers' Societies will be organised for them. The Union will provide necessary finance to the producers through their Society for purchase of fodder cattle feeds etc. All the milk produced by the societies will be sold in Bombay, in retail, through the Union, the idea being to reach the ultimate consumer. Quality of milk will be guaranteed and will conform to the standard laid down by the Municipality. Arrangements will be made to ensure sanitary conditions at the centre of production and distribution. The Municipality has been approached to lend the services of one of its officers to the Union for supervising arrangements for production and distribution.

A Promoters' Committee with Mr. B. V. Jadhav President, Bombay Provincial Co-operative Institute as its Chairman has been formed to proceed with the scheme. All enquiries may kindly be addressed to the following address:—Honorary Secretaries, Provisional Working Committee of the Bombay Co-operative Milk Supply Union, 9, Bakehouse Lane, Fort, Bombay.

Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya visited Basti and Gonda and addressed a number of Kisan meetings, urging them to support the Congress candidates in the elections.—United Press.

ELIZABETH, SOLE HEIR

No Amendment Of Act Of Settlement Is Necessary, Says Simon

LONDON, January 28.

The proposition raised in responsible quarters at the time of King Edward's abdication as regards Princess Elizabeth's sole right to the succession to the throne on the death of the present King was the background of a question by Mr. Mander in the House of Commons as to whether it was proposed to introduce legislation to amend the Act of Settlement, with a view to making it clear that Princess Elizabeth does not share it jointly with her sister on the analogy of the Peerage Law.

Sir John Simon replied that there was no reason to do so. "Government are advised that there is no doubt in the present circumstances that Princess Elizabeth will succeed the throne as the sole heir."—Reuter.

REGENCY BILL

LONDON, January 28.

The Regency Bill which was issued this afternoon provides that if the sovereign at accession is under 18 years of age, the Royal functions shall be performed by a regent.

In the terms of the Bill, the Duke of Gloucester will be Regent and Queen Elizabeth, the Duke of Gloucester, the Duke of Kent, the Princess Royal and the Duke of Connaught will be Counsellors of State.—Reuter.

HIGH COMMISSIONER FOR DANZIG

THE HAGUE, Jan. 28.

Vice-Admiral Degraaf who has been invited by the League to become High Commissioner of Danzig, has declined the appointment.—Reuter's Special.

NEWSPAPER DIRECTOR FOR CABINET

Successor To Belgian Socialist Leader

BRUSSELS, Jan. 28.

M. Arthur Wauters, Managing Director of Labour newspaper "Le Peuple," has been appointed Minister of Public Health in succession to M. Vandervelde.—Reuter's Special.

LONDON TO SYDNEY IN SEVEN DAYS

MELBOURNE, Jan. 28.

Mr. Lyons announced to-day that Britain had agreed to the Australian air mail proposals. Bi-weekly service taking seven days from London to Sydney would start from next January.—Reuter.

DEFENCE PROBLEM MORE URGENT

LONDON, January 28.

It is strongly reported that the building of the new Government Offices in Whitehall costing 3,250 thousands sterling to accommodate the Board of Trade and the Air, Transport and Labour Ministries, will be postponed in view of the superior needs of London's Defence against air attack.

A building 128ft. high and 550ft. long faced with white stone and adjoining the Thames for easy guidance, would be too conspicuous a target in the heart of the administrative centre.—Reuter.

DRAFT INSTRUMENT OF ACCESSION

Princes' Chamber Constitution Committee Discussions

NEW DELHI, Jan. 28.

The Government draft Instrument of Accession engaged the attention of the Constitution Committee of the Chamber of Princes when it met this afternoon.

The discussions are centering, it is understood, mainly round the preamble to the Instrument.

Sir Liaqat Hayat Khan (Patiala) who arrived to-day participated in the deliberations.—A.P.

Plight Of Congress Rival

(From Our Correspondent)

ALLAHABAD, Jan. 28.

Sir Sitaram Council President who is opposing Congress candidate at Meerut in the course of a statement bewails, his fate and the fate of his supporters. They were confronted with black flags and "go back" written with coal on roads every few yards. Boycott slogans were raised and passage was obstructed.

SUGAR TARIFF BOARD

Madras Finance Member To Be Chairman

(From Our Correspondent.)

NEW DELHI, January 28.

It is definitely understood that Mr. Broken, the Finance Member of the Madras Government will be appointed Chairman of the Sugar Tariff Board, the terms of reference of which will be announced next month.

Mr. Fazal Ibrahim Rahimtullah will be another member. No decision regarding the economist member yet appears to have been made, but Mr. H. R. Batheja who was in the Special Tariff Board, may be re-appointed. Another likely runner is Prof. Thomas of Madras.

R. S. Chandavarkar, Radio and Odeon Co. artiste, was heard on the Air recently. His songs, which were much appreciated by the public, were composed and tuned by the well-known music director, D. P. Korgaokar of Bombay.

SETH GOVIND DAS' CHALLENGE

ITARSI, Jan. 28.

In the course of a statement to the "United Press," Seth Govind Das categorically denied the allegations appearing in certain section of the Press to the effect that Mr. Raghavendra Rao, Home Member of the C. P. Government had been heckled, abused and intimidated by Congressmen on the way and at private meetings in the course of election campaign, and observed that all this mischievous propaganda was started to vilify Congressmen and lower Congress prestige in public esteem.

Challenging the authenticity of the reports in the Press, Seth Govind Das asked if Congressmen were guilty of such misconduct why were they not prosecuted in the court?—United Press.

POOR CHANCES FOR EX-ACTING GOVERNOR

JUBBULPORE, Jan. 27.

Seth Govind Das and Pandit Dwarka Prasad Misra on behalf of Congress have been touring the Bilaspur district from village to village. They are confident that Mr. Agnihotri who is fighting Mr. Raghavendra Rao ex-acting Governor of C.P. will be returned to the Assembly.—United Press

NO PEACE TALKS

B.N.R. Agent's Disclaimer

CALCUTTA, Jan. 28.

A communique issued by the B.N.R. Agent says that statements have appeared in the press during the past few days which may give the impression that negotiations are proceeding between the B.N.R. Administration and the President of the B. N. R. Labour Union in connection with terms for the settlement of the strike.

The Agent desires to make it clear that no such negotiations have taken place since he granted an interview to Mr. V. V. Giri on January 22.—A. P.

SECTION 144 AT UNAO

LUCKNOW, January 28.

News has been received that order under section 144 has been promulgated at Unao, banning the carrying of lathis in election processions and the use of objectionable languages at election meetings for a period of two weeks.—United Press.

U. P. WITHDRAWS FROM RANJI TROPHY CONTEST

NEW DELHI, January 28.

The United Provinces Cricket Association who were due to play the Jamnagar Cricket Association in the semi-final of the Ranji Trophy Championships, have withdrawn and, therefore, there will be no play between them in Bombay from January 29 onwards as originally fixed.

Jamnagar now meets the winners of Bengal vs. Hyderabad which sides are playing the semi-final at Calcutta from January 29 onwards.

The final commences in Bombay on February 5.—A.P.

COST OF LEE CONCESSION

Govt. Of India Incurs Expenditure Of Nearly 19 Lakhs In 1935-36

(From Our Correspondent.)

NEW DELHI, January 28.

Rs. 1,895,835 were incurred by the Government of India in 1935-36 for providing Lee Concession passages to officers in Civil, Railways and defence services, in 1934-35, the total expenditure was Rs. 1,945,115; in 1933-34, Rs. 2,064,429; in 1932-33 Rs. 2,273,161 and in 1931-32 Rs. 2,700,348.

Expenditure on Civil (Central and Provincial) Services' passages alone for the years 1931-32, 1932-33, 1933-34, 1934-35 and 1935-36 respectively were Rs. 1,773,038, Rs. 1,572,926, Rs. 1,424,371, Rs. 1,310,-026 and Rs. 1,297,097.

Expenditure on Railway Services during the same periods was Rs. 835,360, Rs. 644,880, Rs. 578,784, Rs. 596,402, and Rs. 546,-632.

Expenditure on Defence Services for the same periods was Rs. 91,950, Rs. 55,355, Rs. 62,271, Rs. 38,687 and Rs. 52,106.

Government House News

Lord and the Lady Baden-Powell, the Hon'ble Heather Baden-Powell, Major the Hon'ble J. J. Astor, Lady Violet Astor Mr. and Mrs. L. A. Impey, Mrs Macfarlane and Miss de Renzy Martin arrived at Government House on Thursday.

Mr. G. W. W. B. Hughes, Mr. C. Ryan, Dr. E. Stange, Dr. and Mrs. C H. Tobias, Mr. J. Callan and Mr. and Mrs. C. G. Freke lunched at Government House.

The Governor of Bombay and Lady Brabourne attended the Horse Show on the Race Course and Lady Brabourne gave away the Cups.

Elections, A God-Send To Country

GOOD FIELD FOR MASS CONTACT, SAYS DESAI

Vote For Congress & Justify Mahatma's Claim At R. T. C.

MADRAS, January 28.

"These elections have done for us the greatest possible service, because though the edifice that has been erected is a prison which we have to break in order to build a real edifice of freedom, so far as franchise goes, we have been able to meet the poor and ignorant on the plane of equality which is sometimes not appreciated. It is in that spirit we have gone to our voters and it is in that spirit we seek their suffrage. I have not the smallest doubt that in that spirit of equality and humanity you will stand for the great cause for which the Congress stands, namely, the freedom of our land".

Thus declared Mr. Bhulabhai Desai addressing a largely attended public meeting at Congress House this evening.

Mr. Satyamurthi who presided extended hearty welcome to Mr Bhulabhai Desai and assured him that Tamilnad would acquit itself creditably in the ordeal.

In a forceful speech Mr Bhulabhai Desai exhorted the audience to support Congress nominees whole-heartedly and said that the elections had done great service to the country in that the Congress had been able to establish mass contact in deeds and not merely in words. The elections, said Mr. Desai, presented complete testimony to what Gandhiji had said at the Round Table Conference that he as a representative of the Congress represented the country.

Mr. C. Rajagopalachariar who was present at the meeting addressed the audience and exhorted all to work for the success of the Congress at the polls.—United Press.

DESAI ARRIVES IN MADRAS

MADRAS, Jan. 28.

Mr. Bhulabhai Desai arrived at the Central Station this evening by the Bombay Express. He was met at the station by a group of Congressmen headed by Mr. C. Rajagopalachariar and garlanded profusely.

A public meeting has been arranged this evening at the Congress House at which Mr. Desai will make a speech. Later, he has agreed to discuss with a group of Indian Christians some of their problems.

Mr. Desai will leave for Malabar by the Malabar Express to-night. On Monday next he will leave by air for Bombay from Cannanore. —United Press.

Six Ways Of Helping Indian Insurance

Bombay Welcomes New Bill, But Demands Direct Measures For Efficient And Sufficient Protection

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The Indian Insurance Legislation Committee of Bombay held an urgent meeting to-day, Mr. R. J. Duff presiding, and considered the Press summary of the Insurance Bill published and issued the following statement:—

"The Indian Insurance Legislation Committee have heard with satisfaction the introduction of the Insurance Bill in the Indian Legislative Assembly. The Committee have always been greatly concerned with the matter and had transferred their office to New Delhi, when the report submitted by the Special Officer, Mr. Sen was being discussed by the Advisory Committee appointed by the Government of India. The Committee have already drafted a bill of their own embodying their recommendations. They put forward their point of view before the Government through Pandit K. Santanam as well as Mr. J. C. Setalvad who had been appointed on the Advisory Committee. Mr. R. J. Duff of the New India Insurance Co. Ltd., and Mr. H. E. Jones of the Oriental Life Assurance Co. Ltd., the Chairman and a member respectively of our Committee also appeared as witnesses before the Advisory Committee. From the few extracts published in the Press of the Bill introduced by the Law Member and from the objects and reasons so far published, we can say that the Law Member has thoroughly grasped the problem, and has in the short time at his disposal, studied the intricacies of Indian Insurance business.

POLICYHOLDERS' INTEREST.

Our Committee do not look upon the problem from merely the point of view of Insurance Companies, but are careful about the protection of the interests of Indian Policyholders together with Indian Companies both large and small. There cannot be any antagonism between larger and smaller Indian Companies. Of course, the question of initial deposits has to be considered with a view to safeguarding the Indian policyholders. The existing smaller companies must necessarily be allowed reasonable time to pay up the full quota of increased deposits.

From the published summary of the new Insurance Bill it appears that foreign companies too will have to pay deposits, separately submit accounts of Indian business, keep certain assets in India for the benefit of Indian policyholders, and the Government will have the power to retaliate and prevent any foreign companies working in India, if Indian Companies are not allowed to work in that country. The evil of rebating too is sought to be prevented.

WANTED DIRECT PROTECTION.

All this will go a great way in protecting the Indian policyholders and helping Indian Insurance business. Our Committee however feel that no statutory measure will be complete, unless it gives direct and adequate protection to Indian Insurance Companies. Some countries have given such protection to their companies that indigenous insurance companies in those countries have rapidly progressed and our Committee have made the following suggestions amongst others for the protection of Indian Insurance Companies.

(1) All insurance controlled by the Government should be placed with Indian Insurance Companies.

(2) The Government should require all Municipalities, Local Boards, Port Trusts, Improvement Trusts and other quasi-Government bodies and institutions receiving Government aid to insure all their properties with Indian Insurance Companies.

(3) All industries which have received protection from Government in the shape of direct bounty or by Tariff should be required to place their insurance business with Indian Insurance Companies. This suggestion is in harmony with the following view expressed by the Tariff Board in their report in 1932. "Unless the policy of protection results in the development not merely of the industries to which protection is granted, but also of subsidiary industries, it will have failed to achieve its full purpose."

(4) All foreign insurance companies doing business in India should be asked to effect reinsurances with Indian insurance companies.

(5) An additional stamp duty on policies issued by non-Indian companies should be imposed.

(6) The Committee also suggest direct protection in the shape of compulsory re-insurance with Indian Companies of a certain percentage of all policies issued by non-Indian Companies in India. Such a system of compulsory reinsurances is prevalent in some countries, including the Irish Free State.

DELEGATION TO DELHI.

When the draft Bill is published for opinion, our Committee will place before the Public and the Select Committee their opinions in detail regarding all the clauses. The representatives of the Committee are shortly proceeding to Delhi to acquaint the Assembly members regarding their recommendations.

We cannot conclude without giving a tribute to Sir N. N. Sirkar, the Law Member for getting the Bill ready in comparatively a short time and for facing boldly the various issues involved.—A. P.

CONGRESS SCORES EVERYWHERE

CUTTACK, Jan. 28.

Latest reports fix the Congress strength at 31, with the results of eight more constituencies to be announced.

Of the latter, the Congress are contesting five seats. The total strength of the Assembly is sixty, including four nominations for the backward areas. The Congress candidates so far elected include a woman Shrimati Lakshmi Bai.

So far the Congress have sustained defeat only in two constituencies.

BACKWARD CLASS NOMINEES.

An Orissa Government communique states that His Excellency has nominated the Rev. E. M. Evans, Mr. H. P. Jennah Serango, Mr. Arabolu Appalaswami Naidu and Mr. Radhamohan Panda to represent the backward areas and tribes in the Orissa Legislative Assembly.—A. P.

BIHAR UPPER HOUSE ELECTION

PATNA, Jan. 28.

The following is the result of elections to the Bihar Legislative Council (Upper House) from the Monghyr-cum-Santal Pargana constituency:—

Rai Bahadur D. P. Singh (Independent) Secured 218 votes, while Mr. Radha Kishan Prasad Singh (Congress) got 175 votes, and Mr. Shib Charan Singh 36, out of 433 votes polled. The total number of votes were 513. Fourteen votes were rejected.

This is another Congress defeat. Mr. Shib Charan Singh, who secured only 36 votes, got his security money forfeited.—United Press.

"M. G." ON INDIAN ELECTION CAMPAIGN

LONDON, Jan. 28.

"The vigorous preparations for the first elections suggest that the new Constitution has already served a useful purpose" says "The Manchester Guardian." It has opened a wide channel along which Nationalist aspirations can flow. Even if a ministry, possessing unity of purpose, is formed can we expect the Opposition to acquiesce in the majority decisions, which alone makes Parliamentary Government possible?

There are numbers of able Indians, who regard Indian dictatorship a necessary step to reform the social and economic structure and for restoration of independence. Between dictatorship and Parliamentary Government lies one party system, which is a position, to which the Congress is likely to attain.

How can Congress be converted from the instrument for subverting the existing system into an organisation capable of sharing the task of providing India with efficient Government? This is undoubtedly the problem, on which the Viceroy and the younger Congress statesmen are exercising their brains.—Reuter.

Four Crores Deficit In Railway Returns

No Contribution For General Revenue Possible

The Report by the Railway Board on Indian Railways for the year ending 31st March 1936, which has just been issued records a slight improvement in earnings.

Increased Traffic

The gross traffic receipts increased from Rs. 90.20 crores in 1934-35 to Rs. 90.65 crores in 1935-36,—an increase of about Rs. 45 lakhs; and miscellaneous receipts increased by Rs. 34 lakhs; working expenses (including depreciation) were higher than in 1934-35 by 13 lakhs; but payment on account of interest charges was 41 lakhs less than in 1934-35.

4 Crores Deficit

The net result, however, was a total deficit of Rs. 3.99 crores (which is Rs. 107 lakhs less than the previous year) and so no contribution could be made to general revenue.

The deficit was met by a loan from the Railway Depreciation Reserve Fund.

The total earnings of all railways, including those with which the Government of India are not directly concerned, amounted to Rs. 104 crores, of which Rs. 65 crores (62 per cent.) was from goods traffic, Rs. 31 crores (30 per cent.) from passenger traffic and 8 crores (8 per cent.) from parcels, luggage and other miscellaneous sources. Passenger and goods earnings showed an improvement of 25 lakhs each and the balance of about half a crore was under miscellaneous earnings. The increase under goods was chiefly due to the movement of cotton, raw and manufactured, metallic ores and iron and steel wrought; offset to some extent by a considerable fall under rice, jute raw, gram and pulse including jower and bajra and other grains and oilseeds.

Railways continued to explore the possibilities of increasing earnings and reducing working expenses, and to this end steps were taken.

A continuous reduction has been effected in the amount paid as compensation for goods lost or damaged as compared with each of the five years ending 1932-33. The total amount paid in the year on the principal railways was about 3½ lakhs as compared with Rs. 120 lakhs in 1922-23 and Rs. 11 lakhs in 1928-29.

CAPITAL INVOLVED.

The total route mileage of all Indian Railways open on 31st March 1936 was 43,118 of which the State-owned portion was 31,783, being 74 per cent. of the total. At the end of the year, the total capital at charge on all railways, including those under construction, amounted to Rs. 880 crores, of which Rs. 789 crores pertained to State-owned railways, inclusive of premia paid in the purchase of Companies' lines. The balance of 91 crores represented capital raised by Indian States, Companies and District Boards. The total capital outlay on all railways during 1935-36 was Rs. 3.33 crores of which Rs. 2.58 crores was spent on State-owned railways. Of this total of Rs. 2.58 crores the expenditure on new construction, open line works and purchase of Railways during the year was Rs. 29, Rs. 1.85 and Rs. 44 lakhs, respectively.

NEW LINES.

One hundred and eleven miles of additional lines were opened for traffic and 63 miles were under construction at the end of the year.

ROAD COMPETITION.

The adoption of suitable measures to meet road competition continued to engage the attention of all railways. The following have been adopted by some of them:—

(1) Improvement of train services;
(2) Introduction of reduced single and return journey fares;
(3) Introduction of reduced freight rates;
(4) Running of light and additional trains and introduction of rebate on railway freight for certain commodities, e.g., rice;
(5) Speeding up of time of goods in transit;
(6) Improvement in booking and delivery arrangements;
(7) Issue of road-cum-rail tickets and
(8) Stopping of trains at level crossings adjacent to big villages for entraining and detraining passengers.

ROLLING STOCK.

The value of Stores purchased by Class I Railways (excluding H. E. H. the Nizam's State and Jodhpur) increased from Rs. 14.13 crores to 15.57 crores in 1935-36. Of the total increase of Rs. 1.44 crores, Rs. 79 lakhs were under "imported materials" and Rs. 65 lakhs under indigenous materials. The value of stores imported direct by the State managed Railways decreased from Rs. 103.23 lakhs in 1931-32 to Rs. 6.37 lakhs in 1935-36. This is due to the operation of the new Stores Purchase Rules (commonly known as the Rupee tender system), which became obligatory on those railways with effect from 1st January 1931. The value of indigenous stores purchased by railways increased from Rs. 264.98 lakhs during 1394-35 to Rs. 290.21 lakhs during the year under review.

STAFF.

On 31st March, 1936, the total number of employees on all Indian Railways and in the offices of the Railway Board and other offices subordinate thereto, excluding staff employed on construction, was 712,364.

There was a rise in the percentage of Indians in the gazetted ranks of the State-managed Railways and in the corresponding grades of the principal Company-managed Railways. The percentages on 31st March 1936 being 41.27 as compared with 23.77 in 1925 and 40.02 in 1935. Similarly the percentage of Senior Indian subordinates on the State-managed and the principal Company-managed Railways increased from 69.16 in 1925 and 83.25 in 1935 to 84.83 in 1936.

INDIANISATION.

Of the 32 appointments made to the Superior Services both by direct recruitment and promotion on State-managed Railways, 29 went to Indians and 3 to Europeans. 19 promotions were made to the Lower Gazetted Service in the various departments, six went to Europeans and 13 to Indians. During the year under review the total number of appointments made by direct recruitment to the Superior Services on (Class I) Company-managed Railways (excluding Jodhpur and H. E. H. the Nizam's State) was 23 of which 5 went to Europeans and 18 to Indians. The ratio of Indian to European recruitment was 78.3.

AMENITIES FOR PASSENGERS.

To the extent to which funds were available, Railways continued their policy of extending facilities for the greater convenience and comfort of passengers. Improvements were made in existing stock and replacements effected with carriages of more modern pattern. Other matters which received special attention were the arrangements for the supply of drinking water and the washing, cleaning and disinfection of carriages—in particular latrines in third class carriages.

The importance of preventing overcrowding in third class carriages continued to receive constant attention.

TOLL OF LIVES.

The number of passengers, railway servants and other persons killed and injured on all railways during the year was respectively, 3,109 and 10,950 as compared with 3,031 and 10,252 in the previous year.

The total number of accidents caused by collisions, derailments of trains, fires, failure of engines, rolling stock, permanent way, etc., showed a decrease of 165, though the increase in total train miles was about 3.9 millions.

The number of accidents classed under 'attempted train wrecking' and 'train wrecking' was 101 and 10, respectively, a decrease of 6 and 7 as compared with 1934-35.

INCOME-TAX REPORT

Govindlal Shivlal Sees In Proposals Scope For Improvement

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Raja Bahadur Govindlal Shivlal Motilal, President, Indian Merchants' Chamber, interviewed by the Associated Press on the Incometax Committee report said:—

The report of the Incometax Enquiry Committee is one of the most important documents issued in recent years. This report will have still to be carefully scrutinised and examined by My Committee with the help of our Incometax experts, and so I should not like to say anything at present which may come in the way of these deliberations. I should, however, say, from a cursory view of the report, that some of their recommendations, like those for instance relating to leave allowance or salary paid outside British India and foreign incomes of residents of British India are very important and are an improvement on the existing conditions. As immediate action is not to be taken on this Report, I hope that it will be studied carefully by our business community, so that they may be prepared with all their recommendations and suggestions when Government announce their own decisions on the same, and when the time comes for putting these decisions into practice as it will be, when the Budget for 1938-39 comes to be presented.—A. P.

MAHATMA'S WARNING TO VOTERS

Don't Destroy Poona Pact In Name Of Cumulative Votes

NAGPUR: January 28.

The problem arising out of the system of cumulative voting which has been agitating the minds of Harijans of Nagpur for some time past, was the subject matter of one and a half hours' discussion with Mahatma Gandhi at Segaon last evening by Mr. H. J. Khandekar and Mr. M. T. Godghate, local Harijan spokesmen, who saw Mahatma Gandhi with the object of clarifying the implications of the Poona Pact.

They informed Gandhiji that, both the Congress and the Hindu Mahasabha at Nagpur were asking the people to cast both their votes for their candidates in the forthcoming elections.

The Harijans on the other hand contend that caste Hindus must give one vote for the Harijan candidate, which they claim as a matter of right under the Poona Pact. This has given rise to a controversy, which is continuing at present. The Harijan spokesmen acquainted Mahatma Gandhi with the situation at Nagpur and enquired whether in the second general election they were not entitled to one of the two votes of caste Hindus.

Mahatma Gandhi assured them that they have the right of claiming one vote for the Harijan candidates under the Poona Pact and added that elections were a test for the caste Hindus to prove their sincerity in carrying out the Poona Pact.

Mahatma Gandhi gave them the following statement which has been issued to the Associated Press for publication:

"I am quite clear that the Yera-Yeravda Pact was entered into to prevent the forced separation between Savarna and Avarna Hindus, and anyone trying to destroy it will sever the two."—A.P.

The late Miss Dilnavaz Byramji.

BRILLIANT CAREER CUT SHORT

Parsi Woman Barrister's Death

Miss Dilnavaz Byramji, one of the four women barristers practising in the Bombay High Court, passed away last week, after a short illness at St. George's Nursing Home, at the age of 28.

Miss Dilnavaz was the daughter of the late Khan Bahadur B. P. Byramji and Mrs. Shirinbai Byramji and was educated at Cheltenham and Bedford College, London. She was called to the Bar in 1931 and set up practice in Bombay soon after her return from England.

A reference to her death was made before Mr. Justice Blackwell at the Bombay High Court. The Advocate - General, Mr. Kenneth McI. Kemp, said: "As your Lordship knows, Miss Byramji was at the Original Side Bar for the last three or four years. She had won from all the members of the Bar respect and admiration. I had the pleasure of appearing with her in the Sessions and your Lordship knows how she conducted the case. I wish to express on behalf of all the members of the Bar our deep regret at her sudden death."

Mr. Justice Blackwell said: I am indeed deeply grieved by the sudden death of Miss Byramji. I know that she appeared with you before me in the Sessions recently and conducted the case with great skill and ability, and I looked forward to her being at the Bar with great success for many years.

"I feel myself that her death must have come as a great shock to the members of the Bar with whom, I am sure, she had endeared herself during the few years she was amongst them. I desire to express my sorrow at her sudden and early demise. The Bar has lost a most promising junior by her death."

Miss Dilnavaz leaves behind her her mother, a brother and a sister.

MAILS RECOVERED AND FORWARDED

NEW DELHI, Jan. 28.

The Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs, has received information from the Director of Posts and Telegraphs, Karachi, saying that the mails carried by the ill-fated Indian National Airways aeroplane which crashed near Jacobabad in the evening of January 26, have been recovered and forwarded to their destinations by the surface route, with the exception of two bags which were lost. —A. P.

MEMORIAL FOR PETIGARA

Mayor's Meeting Appoints Committee: Tributes To His Services To City

At the instance of a number of persons who had sent a requisition to the Mayor in this behalf, a meeting of the citizens of Bombay was held in the Corporation Hall on Thursday evening to express their appreciation of the services rendered to the City by Khan Bahadur Cawasji Petigara, retired Deputy Commissioner of Police.

According to the proposal of Mr. Behram N. Karanjia Mr. Jamnadas Mehta, Mayor of Bombay, took the chair.

Sir Jehangir Boman-Behram moved: "That this meeting of the citizens of Bombay place on record their sense of appreciation of the valuable services rendered to the City and to the City Police Force by Khan Bahadur Cawasji J. Petigara, C.I.E., C.B.E., I.S.O., J.P., I.P."

In moving the resolution Sir Jehangir said that Khan Bahadur Petigara was a self-made man. Starting from the lowest rung of the ladder, he had risen by sheer dint of industry and labour, to almost the top. For a period of 37 years he had faithfully served both the Government and the public. He had showed what an Indian officer could do if only he was given the chance.

The proposition was seconded by Dr. M. C. Javle and was passed unanimously.

Khan Bahadur Abdul Rehman Tehar moved and Professor V. G. Rao seconded a resolution appointing a committeee of about 60 prominent citizens of Bombay with the Mayor as Chairman to take necessary steps to raise funds for a suitable memorial to Khan Bahadur Cawasji J. Petigara for his meritorious services to the city, and also authorising the committee to settle the form of memorial.

The resolution was passed.

With a vote of thanks to the chair moved by Mr. Mohanlal Desai and seconded by Mr. M. N. Talpade the meeting terminated.

JINNAH AND HIS LEAGUE

(Continued from page 6.)

Jinnah apparently forgot the glass-roof over his head when the North-West Frontier? How Muslim candidates has the Muslim League put up in the almost exclusively Muslim Province of the North-West Frontier? Now many in the predominantly Muslim Sindh? How many to represent the Muslim majority in the Punjab? How many in Bihar? And where the Muslim League has put up candidates whom has it put up? With but a few honourable exceptions it is sponsoring candidates who according to the division suggested by the Pandit, have all along been on the side of exploitation and bondage. It is sponsoring men who have opposed the League when it suited their own ends. Mr. Jinnah surely has not forgotten the strange reproductive capacity of the League by amoebic bifurcation at the time of Sir John Simon's visit. Some of the workers of that miracle are today the champions of the "third" party in the country.

The simple truth of the matter is that the Mussalmans as a group are hopelessly disorganised and a clique of self-aggrandizing career-mongers has succeeded in smothering the healthy frowth of public opinion in the community The clique is not genuine and the clique is not scrupulous either. It sees to it that by unholy alliance with the forces of exploitation its own share of the crumbs that fall from the table of its masters is assured and no public organisation in the community attains to a degree of strength that might expose those who constitute it and then deprive them of their perquisites. They create organizations and kill organisation equally easily, because these organisations are just names. If Mr. Jinnah goes through the list of his present followers, he would not find many who have ever helped to make the League a real living organisation of the Mussalmans of India. And the pity of it is that even Mr. Jinnah can be taken in by them. I honestly think that there is an organised conspiracy of this clique to wreck the League as a possible nucleus of authentic Muslim political opinion in the future. True to their own creed they have rushed to exploit the name of Mr. Jinnah and the Muslim League. They shall desert him and play the traitor no sooner this course becomes more advantageous: for they are loyal only to their narrowly-concerned interests. Mr. Jinnah will not long have the pleasure and the pride of keeping the lamb and the lion in the same fold. He has laid his hand to the impossible task of producing a zoological combination much rarer than the one suggested by Sir A. M. K. Dehlavi in one of his recent speeches. How for instance will the Hon'ble Minister in the Bombay Government subscribe to Mr. Jinnah's view of the political monstrosity known as the Indian Federation? It will be a treat to see Sir A. M. K. Dehlavi make up his mind to go into the lobby with his fellow-leaguer Mr. Muhammad Ali Alla Baksh on the question of the Waqf Act.

It is a public misfortune that Mr. Jinnah should waste his talent and his opportunity in questionable company. In the confusion of self-interests to which Muslim public life has long been a prey, Mr. Jinnah stands out as the one man who is straightforward and above temptation. He is wedded to the ideal of a free self-governing India and in his long political career he has evinced qualities of real statesmanship. He can bring the Hindu and the Mussalman shoulder to shoulder in the fight for the country's freedom. The community to which he belongs waits and waits for a leader that could give expression to its real aspiration, the aspiration to be a free community in a free country, contributing its share to the glory of the motherland. Its youngmen can no longer bear the shame and the disgrace of being used by self-pointed leaders as a brake on the wheels of India's progress. Even in that citadel of reactionary clique, Aligarh, Muslim Youth speaks out in unmistakable accents its yearning to contribute its mite to the ideals of political liberty and social justice. Will it be too much to expect that Mr. Jinnah will wash his hands clean of any association with the forces of reaction, and lead the third party in the country in such a way that there may remain in this country only two contending forces—liberty and servitude, exploitation and justice death and life, with the final victory assured for the latter?—Yours, etc.,

MIR ASGHAR.

Bombay, Jan. 27.

Corporation's Right To Dissolve Subordinate Committees

INTERESTING DEBATE ON PROPOSAL TO AMEND MUNICIPAL ACT

Mr. Jamnadas M. Mehta, the Mayor, on Thursday congratulated Raja Bahadur Govindlal Shivlal on his success in being elected President of the Indian Merchants' Chamber for the ensuing year.

Late Mr. Sobani

He also made a reference regarding the death of Haji Yusuf Haji Ismail Sobani which took place last Monday at the ripe old age of 85 years. Mr. Sobani, said the Mayor, served the Municipal Corporation for 18 years from 1895 to 1912 and was a well-known business man.

Councillor Lawyers

The Mayor then gave his ruling on the report of the Law, Revenue and General Purposes Committee regarding the question of amending the Municipal Act with a view to imposing restrictions on Councillors who are lawyers.

REPORT RULED OUT OF ORDER

On Thursday the Mayor stated that the Committee was asked to consider and report on the desirability of amending the Municipal Act, so as to lay down therein that no Councillor who is a lawyer by profession shall appear in his professional capacity in any suit or proceedings in any Court of Law or before a Tribunal on behalf of any contending party when the Corporation is a party to such legal proceedings".

The Committee in its report recommended to amend the Municipal Act as follows:

"If and while such person having been elected or appointed as Councillor—

is retained or employed in any professional capacity either by himself or in the name of a firm in which he is a partner as a paid practitioner in connection with any case or matter to which the Corporation or the Commissioner is a party".

The Mayor thought that the recommendation of the Committee might be right and even laudable, but it went beyond the reference. He, therefore, ruled the report out of order.

POWERS OF CORPORATION

The House then considered the report of the Law, Revenue and General Purposes Committee regarding the question of amending the Municipal Act with a view to empowering the Corporation to dissolve any of the Statutory or Consultative Committees.

The Municipal Commissioner in his report stated that while there would be no objection to amending the Acts so as to empower the Corporation specifically to dissolve Consultative Committees. Any attempt, however indirect, to impair the independence of the Statutory Committees to which the legislature had given certain definite powers would be against the spirit of the Municipal Act.

The Committee recommended that the proposal for empowering the Corporation to dissolve any of the Statutory or Consultative Committees be dropped.

Mr. K. F. Nariman moved an amendment to record the report and to amend the Act so as to empower the Corporation to dissolve Statutory and Consultative Committees.

Dr. G. V. Deshmukh seconded the amendment.

Mr. M. A. Karanjawala and Prof. S. R. Davar opposed the amendment.

Mr. S. K. Patil said that if Corporation was a sovereign body it should have powers to dissolve a subordinate committee, if it bungled.

Sir J. B. Boman-Behram supported Mr. Nariman.

Mr. M. N. Talpade thought it would be destructive for the Corporation to dissolve a Committee if the Committee did not agree with a certain group of Corporators.

At this stage further debate was adjourned till to-day.

Should Berar Agreement Come To An End–!

Viceroy Clarifies Issues In Regard To Future Administration Of Province

HYDERABAD (Dn.), Jan. 28.

The Nizam's Government Gazette Extraordinary issued to-day contains the correspondence which had previously passed between the Viceroy and the Nizam in which the former has elucidated the position with regard to one point which has not been included in the Berar Agreement as it might have appeared to contemplate the probability of determination of the Agreement or to include provisions for the future regulation for Berar in that event.

"In order that there should be no room for doubt," wrote the Viceroy on 26th October, 1936, "His Majesty thinks it right to state that he enters into that agreement upon the clear understanding that if by reason of any circumstance in future it (Agreement) should unfortunately come to an end His Majesty may in default of or pending a new agreement, make such arrangements for the administration of Berar, notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the treaties of 1853 and 1860, as he may deem desirable and may exercise full and exclusive jurisdiction and authority therein."

His Excellency made it plain, however, that this will not in any way affect the recognition of the Sovereignty of the Nizam over Berar nor the payment of 25 lakhs of rupees per annum nor any of the military guarantees which under the existing treaties, the Nizam at present enjoys; nor would His Majesty regard himself entitled without the consent of the Nizam to make any arrangement for the administration of Berar upon a basis essentially different from that existing at present.

H. E. H. the Nizam acknowledged the above letter on 23rd November, 1936.—A. P.

CANDIDATES EXPELLED FROM CONGRESS

AKOLA, Jan. 28.

Disciplinary action has been taken by Hon. Mr. Biyani, President of the Berar Provincial Congress Committee, against Dr. Punjabrao Deshmukh, V. B. Chaubal and S. Y. Patil, all of Amraoti, Mr. Sapakal of Akola and Purshattam Patel of Wun.

They are all standing as candidates opposing official Congress candidates. The President has ordered removal of their names from the Congress.—A.P.

FORWARD DEALINGS MUST BE CONTROLLED

Exchange Banks' Representative Suggests Ways To Check Over-Trading In Scrips

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Mr. D. Laidlaw, giving evidence on behalf of the Exchange Banks Association, on Wednesday, before the Stock Exchange Enquiry Committee, said that they were not opposed to forward dealings, provided such dealings were adequately controlled.

His Association considered that the scrips of all companies which had not paid a dividend out of profits for the previous 3 years should be removed from the forward list. It was also their opinion that if the number of companies whose shares are on the forward list were considerably increased, it would have some effect in checking over-trading in particular scrips.

Mr. Laidlaw suggested that defaulting brokers should only be eligible for reinstatement after they had paid all creditors in full. He thought that, as the conditions in Bombay were not similar to those in London, it would not be advisable to give power to the Board of Directors to re-admit a defaulter in special circumstances, even if he had not paid his creditors in full.

SYSTEM OF MARGINS.

His Association favoured the proposal to introduce a system of margins, if it were practicable to enforce them.

The Association was also in favour of having a fixed scale or brokerage on a percentage basis, and suggested that a sliding scale with a decreasing percentage for larger amounts would be most suitable.

Two other witnesses were also examined by the Committee.—A. P.

Bareilly, January 28.—Major G.H. Fitzgerald, I.M.S., the Civil Surgeon, Bareilly, died of pneumonia at 5/20 this evening at the British Military Hospital. The burial takes place to-morrow morning.—A. P.

Need For Birth-Control Clinics In Slums

Women's Conference On Way To Check Child Marriages

Opening of free birth control clinics in poverty stricken areas was favoured at Thursday's session of the Bombay Presidency Women's Conference.

A suggestion to open an Employment Bureau under the auspices of the B. P. W. C. was also considered and it was proposed from the chair by Mrs. F. S. Talyarkhan that the matter be taken up in the ensuing year.

A Report of the Parliamentary Sub-Committee was submitted by Mrs. Sulochana M. Modi.

It was pointed out that there were many breaches in the enforcement of the Sarda Act. The Act was circumvented by people by getting away to Indian States and performing marriages.

In this connection a resolution was moved by Mrs. Brahmandkar "that no marriage should be performed before a marriage certificate was obtained."

An amendment to the effect, that no marriage should be performed without notification of the same to the proper authorities was moved by Mrs. Modi.

The resolution was in the nature of a further amendment to Mr. Das's Amending Bill to the Child Marriage Restraint Act.

Mrs. Kanta Khandwalla and Mrs. Mangalabai Premchand spoke supporting the motion.

The report and resolution as amended were carried.

BIRTH CONTROL PROPAGANDA

Dr. Dadabhoy gave a talk on "Birth Control". She was of opinion that birth control propaganda should be carried on vigorously. Since Mrs. Howmartyn's visit to Bombay two years ago, much discussion and propaganda was carried on, but it was time that some decisions were taken.

No religion could say that birth-control was immoral and ask them to sacrifice the mother for the yet-to-come child.

She did not think that it was opportune yet to open clinics in poverty-stricken areas. They should carry on propaganda.

Mrs. E. J. Currimbhoy, brought out the economic and social aspect of the question.

In their rounds to chawls, they had observed that several families were overburdened with children.

The following is the resolution proposed by the above two speakers and amended, amendment being proposed and seconded by Mrs. Racoosin and seconded by Mrs. Fatab and it was passed.

"That the Bombay Presidency Women's Council is in favour of Birth-Control under strict medical supervision with a view to lowering the death-rate of women and infants of this country and that, an appeal to the proper authorities concerned, should be made for the establishment of free birth-control clinics in poverty-stricken areas.'

WOMEN JURORS WANTED

"The need for women jurors' was the subject of a talk by Mrs. J. S. Lam, Bar.-at-Law.

She said women must be ready to go into all those unsavoury things which come up in criminal courts if they wanted to exercise their right and responsibility as jurors. There were a number of cases of women coming up for sessions. One matrimonial court was established, but there was a need for a few more. Men miss the women's point of view in certain cases.

PLEA FOR EMPLOYMENT BUREAU.

Miss M. Cross, in charge of the Y. W. C. A. Employment Bureau, spoke in favour of starting a similar institution by the B.P.W.C.

Miss Cross said that an Employment Bureau was a real necessity. It served as an advisory body also. For instance recently there was an applicant from Australia asking about conditions in India. They advised her that she should not come here without a job or at least without enough money to stand long unemployment.

The German Consul had informed them that the German girls would be stranded in India if they came in with a spirit of adventure. Such were matters requiring advise.

The scope and method of work should be on the basis of co-operation and division of work between institutions of similar laudable aims. They should also charge nominal fees.

Mrs. M. N. Vergese submitted a report on the Council's Home Industries Depot, which was adopted.

She pleaded, if all the 600 members of the Council bought a rupee's worth of goods to the Depot every month, it would do very well besides itself becoming self-supporting.

The Depot was only about three months old.

The report of "At Home" Secretaries was read by Mrs. Madgaonkar.

Mr. Trollip of the Safety First Association spoke on the need for urging school authorities through the Director of Public Instruction to include "Safety First Instruction" as one of the subjects in the school curriculum".

"Safety Education", he said, "is extremely valuable these days not only because of its direct advantages, but because of the indirect ways in which it makes the teachers to correlate the curriculum subjects by illustrations from the world the children live in".

Mrs. . F. Lynn then moved the following resolution:—

"This Conference is of opinion that with a view to minimising accidents, the Director of Public Instruction be requested to urge on school authorities the need to include "Safety First Instruction" as one of the subjects in the school curriculum."

She said that the training would mean a training of the sub-consciousness of the child, which would stand in good stread to it in any eventuality or emergency.

The Health Sub-Committee had taken up the matter. One concrete suggestion was to train the children in Motor car game where children would take up the part of police man, car or passenger, etc. It would practically illustrate the point.

Mrs. Low supporting the motion said that as a result of the Safety First Instruction, she found the children in England never leaving the pavements and crossing only when the traffic clear signal was given.

The resolution was unanimously passed.

Reports of the Sub-Committees on Public Health, Parent and Teacher, Rescue Home and Haj moved by Dr. Machado, Miss C. C. Thompson, Dr. M. Noronha, and Mrs. A. H. Vishram were later read and adopted.

MILCH CATTLE PROBLEM

Mrs. Bachubai D. Thacker spoke on the 'Prevention of the slaughter of milch cattle.

At the instance of Mrs. H. A. Tata a resolution urging the Government to enact 'Milk and Dairy' legislation in India similar to that in England was adopted.

Abolition of hawker nuisance at the gates of schools and enforcements of compulsory medical inspection in schools were urged in other resolutions.

As a result of a letter written by Mrs. Khadoja Shuffi Tyabji, a member of the Schools Committee that the Committee was not to be blamed in regard to the hawker nuisance a proposed condemnatory resolution was dropped and a resolution requesting the Municipal Commissioner and the Police Commissioner to take effective steps in the matter was passed.

Graduates Must Vote For Munshi

They Must Give Fitting Reply To Communal Propagandists

Only 600 voting papers out of the 4,000 remain to be despatched by the Collector's Office to the voters from the Registered Graduates Constituency. All those 600 are residents of Bombay. The rest have already received Voting Papers and 600 would be receiving their Papers within a day or two.

The Voting Papers are to reach the Returning Officer (the Collector of Bombay) before the 23rd of February.

In spite of the insiduous propaganda carried on against the Congress candidate on communal grounds, it is expected that the majority of the Registered Graduates from the City of Bombay will vote for him. It is a pity that propaganda should be carried on communal lines, though it is a known fact that the Congress is above communal interests.

Mr. K. M. Munshi, the Congress candidate has, through service and sacrifice in the cause of the country and under the banner of the Indian National Congress, a right to demand the votes of every nationally-minded person, and there is no doubt that there are more nationally-minded people among the graduates than in any other constituency. In an enlightened constituency like Registered Graduates, the success of the Congress candidates should be a foregone conclusion.

Appeal To 'Varsity Constituency Voters

The Secretary, Propaganda Committee, of the Bombay City Congress Parliamentary Committee writes:

As enquiries are being received from several voters of the Bombay University Constituency as to when they will get their voting papers, it is necessary to inform them publicly that voting papers are being issued from day to day.

About half the voting papers of voters in the City have been already issued from the Collector's Office and it is understood that by the end of this month all papers will have been issued. It is desired that as soon as the voters get their papers they should proceed to the business of getting their papers attested by a Gazetted Revenue or Judicial Officer or a Magistrate or a J.P.

CHAMPION OF PEOPLE'S CAUSE

"Congress stands by the poor and toiling masses and expects their support in carrying out the Congress programme," declared Mr. S. A. Brelvi, presiding at a public meeting, held at the Koliwada, Colaba, on Thursday night, under the auspices of the Fort Ward Congress Election Committee. Mr. Brelvi, appealed to the audience consisting mostly of fishermen, to stand solidly by the Congress as Congress always championed their cause. It was the goal of the Congress that all the people in India, irrespective of class and community, should obtain the right to decide their national future and in this fight for self-determination, it was the duty of bread winners to support the Congress.

Mr. Nagindas T. Master said that Congress was the only organisation which through suffering and sacrifice openly championed the cause of the poor and the down-trodden. He therefore hoped that the voters would demonstrate their confidence in the Congress by supporting the Congress candidates.

Mr. S. K. Patil said that it might not be possible for the toiling wage-earners to understand every phase of the national struggle for freedom. They were no doubt poor but nonetheless they were a people with self-respect.

Other candidates might have approached them for their vote. But a vote was the symbol of their honour and self-respect and it must not be bartered away.

Mr. Gore advised to the voters to consider the question dispassionately and vote for those candidates only who, in their opinion, safeguarded the interests of the poor, the best.

WHY SESSION COULD NOT BE POSTPONED

(Continued from page 12.)

not in any published statement he had seen offered a solution.

Inter-Marriage Bill

Dr. Khare, author of Arya inter-marriage Bill, then moved for adjournment of the debate of the bill till the first non-official day after February 23 on the ground that a large number of members was not present.

The President observed that he could not agree to an adjournment on account of absence of members but if it was the general desire of the House to adjourn he would agree to it.

The leader of the House Sir N. N. Sircar:—We have no objection.

The President addressing non-official members asked whether they had any objection.

Sir Mahomed Yakub:—I would like to know the attitude of Government with regard to my amendment when the Bill does come before the House as our attitude would depend on the attitude of Government.

Sir N. N. Sircar said while he was unable to go into the question now Government would remain neutral.

Sir Mahomed Yakub therefore did not object to the postponement.

The President declared as it was the unanimous wish of the house to adjourn the debate he would have no objection to postponement.

Sir Henry Craik asked if the Bill would be first on the agenda on the first non-official day after February 23.

The President said the question would be decided by ballot.

Dr. Bhagwandas then moved reference to a select committee of Bill to Validate Marriages between Different Cases of Hindus.

PERMISSIVE MEASURE

Dr. Bhagwandas explained in detail the biological, psychological and economic principles of the institution of marriage quoting extensively from ancient Sanskrit writings. He said that the Bill was purely a permissive measure based on the principle of live and let live.

Sir N. N. Sircar, Law Member, explaining Government opposition to the measure characterised it as mischievous and unworthy of serious consideration. He disputed the mover's contention that it was a permissive measure, but, on the other hand, it was coercive and retrograde.

IF EDWARD WAS A MUSLIM!

Sir Mahomed Yakub expressed surprise at the speech of the Law Member, who, he had thought, was a social reformer.

After extolling the principle of equality enjoined by Islam. Sir Mahomed Yakub declared that if ex-King Edward VIII had been a Muslim he would not have been compelled to abdicate in order to marry a lady of his own choice.

Sir Mahomed Yakub concluded by reiterating his support to the measure, though he thought it was a half-hearted one.

The House then adjourned for lunch.

OPPOSITION TO BILL

When the House reassembled, Sir Yamin Khan continuing the debate on Dr. Bhagwandas' Bill, opposed the measure, though he was greatly pleased with the views expressed by the mover.

Mr. Umarali Shah also opposed the measure.

Mr. Baijnath Bajoria condemned the Bill as a superfluous and uncalled for attack on Hinduism.

Mr. Lalchand Navalrai opposed the Bill.

Bhai Parmanand expressed the opinion that the legislation could not be enforced if society was not prepared for the reform embodied therein. The right course for reformers was first to convert the people.

Sir A. H. Ghuznavi thought that the mover had something more in mind than merely legalising inter-caste marriages but he had not stated it openly.

Dr. Bhagwandas, replying to the debate, reiterated that the Bill was nothing new, and added that the late Mr. Vithalbhai Patel, had brought a similar measure. The present Bill was a copy of it, word for word. As for the Law Member's objection that the present measure did not contain provisions such as those made in Sir Hari Singh Gour's Act, he pointed out that his measure was distinct from that Act. For instance, if a couple wanted a marriage performed with religious rites, Sir Hari Singh Gour's Act made no provision for it. But the present Bill intended that permission should be given for such religious ceremonies at the marriage. He disagreed with the Law Member's statement that Hindu opinion opposed the Bill. Hindu opinion so far expressed was in its favour. Dr. Bhagwandas had not concluded his reply when the House adjourned till to-morrow.—A.P.

WHAT VOTERS HAVE TO NOTE

Polling Arrangements And Distribution Of Voters

The Jt. Hon. Secretaries of the F Ward Congress Election Committee write:—

Polling for the General Constituency is fixed for the 17th February. There is so much work yet to be completed. Hardly three weeks are left for the voters to elect their representatives in the Bombay Legislative Assembly. Their choice, of course, is already made. They will solidly vote for the Congress candidates in whom alone are the self-respect and interests of our country safe.

In the E and F Wards constituency there are over 80,000 voters including the scheduled caste voters. The number is formidable and it will require a gigantic organisation to see that all the voters go to the polls and ensure the decisive victory of the Congress over the forces of reaction. The Congress Election Committee in this Constituency need more willing workers. Our appeal has already resulted in good response despite the misleading mischievous, unpatriotic and anti-national propaganda of the opponents of the Congress. But more workers are urgently wanted to complete the work of the elections. We have every hope that there will be immediate response to this call of the Congress and the country.

Difficult as the work of organising the voters for the proper exercise of their franchise is, the task has been rendered more difficult and complex by the Government. The arrangement of the polling booths is extremely unsatisfactory and is calculated to create a lot of confusion.

All these years voters could go to the nearest polling booth in their constituency and register votes. But this is not possible in the elections which will take place on February 17. The polling booths are arranged as follows for F Ward voters:

FOR MEN.

King George English School, Dadar: Letters A to C. Nos. 1 to 6,509 of Part 1 and Nos. 1 to 770 of Part 2.

Nappoo Hall, Matunga: Letters D to I. Nos. 6,510 to 13,843 of Part 1 and 771 to 1,649 of Part 2.

Dadar Police Court, Dadar: Letters J to M. Nos. 13,944 to 22,176 of Part 1 and Nos. 1,650 to 2,569 of Part 2.

G. I. P. Railway Byculla Goods Depot, Byculla: Letters N. to Z. Nos. 22,177 to 38,879 of Part 1 and Nos. 2,570 to 4,449 of Part 2.

FOR ALL WOMEN IN F WARD.

Ramchandra Bhat High School, Poibavdi, Parel.

The following are the election offices in the F Ward:

(1) Kavarana Building, Poibavdi, Parel (2) Nappoo Hall, Matunga, (3) Dr. Patankar's dispensary, Sewri.

Those who are willing to help the Congress are requested to enlist their names in any of the above centres.

"PROPAGANDA FOR GOVT. BENCHES"

Satyamurthi Replies To News Agency On Assembly Question Procedure

(From Our Correspondent).

Mr. S. Satyamurthi has issued the following statement:—

I am amazed at the latest message of the Associated Press from Delhi suggesting that the question hour in the Assembly is not serving its purpose, that members of Government are unduly harassed, and that therefore the House of Commons practice of allowing each member to put only three starred questions for answer a day is going to be adopted here.

I don't know the source of Associated Press report. Apart from other comments I desire to make one. Even Government of India dare not bring this up in the form of an amendment to the Standing Orders which govern this matter during our enforced absence in the Assembly, but when they do bring it up we will deal with it.

There is no use asking non-official members of the Assembly to accept the House of Commons practice, forgetting all the time that members of Government in the Commons occupy position of entire responsibility to the House and they are liable to be dismissed by a straight vote of no confidence.

Moreover, public opinion is so strong there that it can make itself felt in many ways besides questions in the House and members of Government in the British House of Commons have not the knack of the Government of India of evading inconvenient questions by cryptic or obscure answers or by petulance.

The place to discuss these things is the Assembly but I must repeat my amazement at the Associated Press becoming the propaganda agency for Government benches in Assembly.

GIRI WARNS STRIKERS

Beware Of Unauthorized Statements And Keep Firm And Peaceful

NEW DELHI, Jan. 28.

Mr. V. V. Giri, President, B. N. R. Indian Labour Union has issued a statement characterising the statement by a member of the Union recommending acceptance of victimization of some active members, if true, as unauthorised by the Executive of the Union. He says that it is needless to mention that such a recommendation is absurd and unthinkable on the part of any Trade Union Official.

Strikers are warned, says Mr. Giri, from being misled by any such unauthorised or inspired statements or appeals. The Secretary in-charge of the strike situation will issue necessary instruction to men from time to time and inform promptly when Union decides to close the dispute and call off the strike. All strikers are advised to remain firm and peaceful while negotiations are pending.—United Press.

Strikers Demand Wages For Strike Period

BOMBAY Jan. 28

A correspondent wires to the Associated Press from Bilaspur under to-day's date:—

"A Strikers' meeting was held this morning and Mr. Giri's message asking the strikers to continue the strike was read out.

Men are determined to stand firm till an honourable settlement is reached and the Union calls off the strike.

A resolution urging the President to include payment of strike wages in the settlement terms was passed, as the railway administration forced the strike and was prolonging it unreasonably".—A. P.

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SAVINGS BANK

THE RATE OF INTEREST WILL BE 2-1/2 per cent on the monthly minimum balance from the 16th December, 1936,

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Latest Commercial News

NEW YORK COTTON 8 POINTS UP

Bullion Steady But Wheat Easy And Jute Firm

BOMBAY, Jan 28

On Thursday cross rates ruled quiet.

NEW YORK COTTON ACTIVE

New York cotton was very active on good trade demand and general speculative buying influenced by fears of flood damage.

BULLION STEADY

London gold and silver ruled steady.

WHEAT EASY

Wheat was easy on heavy liquidation. Rubber was quiet but jute was firm.

HEAVY SELLING IN SECURITIES

The London Stock Exchange was devoid of any interest with trading quite featureless. Giltedged securities continued to be subjected to heavy pressure.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

MARCH 1937

New York, Jan 28

Previous closing	12.72
To-day's opening	12.79
Difference	plus .07
To-day's closing	12.80
Difference	plus .08

LIVERPOOL COTTON

MARCH 1937

Liverpool, Jan 28

Previous closing	7.01
To-day's opening	7.07
Difference	plus .06
To-day's closing	7.12
Difference	plus .11

BROACH EXPECTATION

April May ..... Rs. 223-8

N. Y. COTTON MARKET

New York, Jan 28

Cotton was again very active on good trade demand and general speculative buying as a result of fears in connection with the flood damage while the statistical strength also gave further impetus to buying giving the market a very steady tone.

Operations in March began at 12.79 i.e. 7 points higher than previous closing. Prices advanced on higher Liverpool cables and good trade and foreign buying coupled with some covering purchases with March gradually rising to 12.84 on renewed buying activity.

New York cotton finally closed at 12.80 with a rise of 8 points for March delivery.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Jan 28

The following were the opening ranges:—

March (12.68/12.65) 12.80/12.79
May (12.49/12.48) 12.65/12.64
July (12.35/12.34) 12.50/12.49

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, Jan 28

The following were the rates at 12-15 p.m.:—

American January (6.98) 7.13
American March (6.95) 7.11
Egyptian January (9.82) 9.93
Egyptian March (9.94) 10.02

BROACH COTTON

Bombay, Jan 28

Broach cotton for April May delivery moved between Rs. 228-12 and Rs. 222-8. The rate at 9-30 p.m. was Rs. 223-12 with 7 futures up.

LONDON MARKETS

London, Jan 28

The rates at 3-30 p.m. were as follows:—

METALS

Tin (£227 buyers £227 1/4 sellers. Steady) £225 3/8 buyers £225 5/8 sellers. Barely steady.
Lead (£26 9/16 sellers. No buyers. Steady) unquoted
Electrolytic Copper (£57 to £58) £55 3/4 to £57 3/4
Glasgow Iron (£87) £87

LINSEED

Castorseed Bombay January February (£14 3/8 sellers) £14 3/8 sellers
Linseed Calcutta January February (£14 1/8 sellers) £14 1/8 sellers
Linseed La Plata January (£11 9/16 sellers) £11 1/2 sellers
Groundnuts Coromandal February (£15 7/8 sellers) £15 7/8 sellers

TEA

Indian Pekoe (1-0 1/4) 1-0 1/4
Indian Pekoe higher (1-3) 1-2 3/4
Ceylon Pekoe (1-0 3/4) 1-0 3/4
Ceylon Pekoe higher (2-2) 2-2

JUTE

New Crop January February (£18 9/16 buyers) £18 13/16 sellers
Dunlop February (£22 1/4 sellers) £22 1/4 sellers
Ceylon Pekoe (1-0 1/2) 1-0 1/2
Lightning February (£20 1/2 sellers) £20 1/2 sellers

RUBBER

Spot (10 1/2 buyers) 10 5/16 paid and value
Forward April June (10 1/2 paid and value) 10 5/16 paid and value

WOOL SALES

Liverpool, Jan 28

In moderate selection there was good demand owing to Russian enquiry. Prices closed from par to 15 per cent higher than last series.
Greasy lower (0-9 1/2) 0-9 1/2
Greasy higher (1-11) 1-8
Scoured lower (1-3 1/2 1-4
Scoured higher (2-8) 2-6

EXCHANGES

LONDON-NEW YORK CROSS RATES

Latest Quotations

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York, Jan 28

Previous closing	4.89 31/32
To-day's opening	4.90 1/32
To-day's latest	4.89 7/8

(At the time of New York cotton closing.)

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, Jan 28

Previous closing	4.90 3/16
To-day's opening	4.89 15/16
To-day's closing	4.89 13/16
Difference	—.00 3/8

FRANC RATE

London, Jan 28

Previous closing	105.13
To-day's opening	105.16
To-day's closing	105.16
Difference	plus 03

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, Jan 28

London exchanges opened with the sterling dollar at 4.89 15/16 and after remaining steady further eased to 4.89 13/16 on lack of buying power.

The sterling dollar cross rate closed at 4.83 13/16

Franc opened at 105.16 and continued steady with minor fluctuations.

The sterling franc cross rate closed at 105.16

SILVER CABLES

Bombay, Jan 28

The following cable information was received from London to-night:—

"India bought. China sold. Market steady."

LONDON SILVER

London, Jan 28

	Last Price.	To-day's Price.
Spot	20 7/16d.	20 1/2d.
Forward	20 3/8d.	20 7/16d.

LONDON GOLD

London, Jan 28

Gold Bars fine per ounce (£7-1-11) £7-1-11

DISCOUNTS

London, Jan 28

3 months (9/16 to 9/16 per cent) 9/16 to 9/16 per cent
4 months (9/16 to 5/8 per cent) 9/16 to 5/8 per cent
6 months (5/8 to 11/16 per cent) 5/8 to 11/16 per cent

CROSS RATES

London, Jan 28

3-30 p.m.

London on Bombay (1-6 5/32) 1-6 5/32
Paris on Bombay (7.947) 7.945
New York on Bombay (37.12) 37.07
Berlin on Bombay (0.92 1/4) 0.92 1/8
London on Milan (93.09) 93.12
London on Shanghai (1-2 19/32) 1-2 19/32
London on Kobe (1-1 31/32) 1-1 31/32

BOMBAY BULLION

Latest Quotations

Bombay, Jan 28

	Rs.	a.	p.
Silver ready	50	12	0
Silver 1st settlement	50	12	0
Silver 2nd settlement	50	9	0
Gold ready	35	2	3
Gold 1st settlement	35	2	6
Gold 2nd settlement	35	2	0
Sovereigns	22	6	0

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, Jan 28

Liverpool wheat opened weak with March at 93 and May 97 1/4. The market weakened due to easier foreign cables and cheaper shippers offers resulting in considerable liquidation and general stoploss selling coupled with lack of general enquiry.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, Jan 28

Chicago wheat opened quiet with May at 1.26 1/4. Prices continued to decline on scattered local liquidation and some outside selling influenced by weakness of outside cables.

WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing Quotations

Bombay, Jan 28

	Rs.	a.	p.
Wheat	5	6	0
Wheat September	5	4	6
Linseed May	7	6	6
Linseed September	7	10	3

The tone was barely steady

3½ P. C. GOVT. PAPER

Closing Quotation

Bombay, Jan 28 5-0 p.m.

The 3 1/2 per cent Government Paper was quoted at Rs. 97-4 at 2 p.m. The closing quotation at 4 p.m. was Rs. 97. The tone wa seasy.

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, Jan 28

The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed to-day at £94 as against the previous closing at £95 1/4

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Jan 28 3-30 p.m.

Very quiet conditions prevailed all around. Giltedgeds and Indian Loans were easy. Home industrials were generally fluctuating narrowly. Internationals however were rather firmer.

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£82 5/8) £82 1/8
3 1/2 per cent Government Loan (£105 5/8) £105 1/4
4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£107 5/8) £107 5/8
5 per cent Funding Loan (£114 3/4) £114 3/8
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£104 1/2) £104 1/4
4 per cent Victory Bonds (£113 1/2) £113 1/4

INDUSTRIALS

British Celanese Second Preference (17-0) 16-9
Marks and Spencer Ordinary (88-9) 88-9
Hydro Electric (dol 10 3/8) dol 10 3/8
Musical Industries (22-10 1/2) 23-6
Princhin Johnson (53-5) 53-6
Imperial Chemical (40-9) 40-9
Woolworth Ordinary (95-7 1/2) 85-0
Realisation 1930 (£98 3/4) £98 1/4
Dunlop Rubber (35-4 1/2) 35-4 1/2
Unilever Ordinary (44-3) 45-0
Ford Motors (32-0) 31-3
Cables and Wireless (£7 1/8) £7 1/4
British American Tobacco (133-9) 133-1 1/2
Carreas A (£8 3/8) £8 3/8
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (170-0) 167-6
P and O S N Company Deferred (32-0) 31-7 1/2
Distillers (120-0) 118-3
Bredfords Dyers (10-6) 10-6
British Celanese (9-0) 8-9
J and P Coates Ordinary (54-1 1/2) 54-0
Courtaulds Ordinary (57-3) 56-10 1/2
Fine Cotton Spinners (13-0) 13-0
Vickers Limited Ordinary (34-9) 34-6
Inter Nickels (£63 7/8) £64 1/8
Indian Iron and Steel Ordinary (43-9) 43-1 1/2
Tata Iron and Steel (£104) £104

INDIAN LOANS

London, Jan 28 3-30 p.m.

3 per cent New Indian Loan (£99 1/2) £99 1/4
3 1/2 per cent Indian Loan (£95 1/2) £94 3/4
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock (1950-55 (£114) £113 1/2
4 1/2 per cent 1958-68 (£118) £117 1/2
4 per cent Indian 1948-53 (£108) £108 1/8
5 per cent Indian 1942-47 (£113) £112 3/4
3 1/2 per cent New Indian 1954-59 (£104) £104

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

3 per cent Australian Loan 1945-70 (£108 1/2) £118 1/4

TEA SHARES

Assam Company (20-6) 20-6
Donaro Tea (48-1 1/2) 48-1 1/2
Empire of India (31-0) 31-0

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (43-0) 42-9
Gula Kelampong (53-9) 54-4 1/2
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (42-3) 41-10 1/2

JUTE SHARES

Barnagore (£11 1/4) £11 1/4

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug (60-0) 60-0
Burma Corporation (16-7 1/2) 16-6
Rio Tintos (£23 1/4) £22 1/2
East Rand Proprietors (80-0) 79-0
Rand Mines (9 1/8) 9 1/8

MINE SHARES

Crown Mines (£16 1/4) £16 1/8
Gedule New (£10 3/4) £10 3/4
New Modders (£32 1/2) £31 1/4
Sub Nigel (£13 1/4) £13 1/4
Spring Mines Split Shares (39-4 1/2) 39-4 1/2
Union Corporation (£10 1/4) £10 1/4

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (55-0) 55-0
Anglo Iranian (£109-4 1/2) £109-4 1/2
Burma Oil (116-3) 116-10 1/2
Musical Eagle (29-6) 29-6
Shell Transport (£135 5/8) £135
Royal Dutch (£46 1/2) £46 3/8

HOME RAIL SHARES

Great Western (£62) £61
L and S Ordinary (£32 3/4) £32
L N E R Defd (£5 3/4) £5 3/4
Southern Dutch (£26 3/4) £26 1/2
London Paris 5 per cent (£133 1/2) £133 1/2
London Transport 'C' Stock (£97 1/4) £97

BROWN BOLD LINSEED

May 1937 Delivery

Bombay, Jan 28

(Through Bombay Grains and Seeds' Association).

	Rs.	a.	p.
Rates at 11-0 a.m.	7	8	0
Rates at 12-0 noon	7	7	6
Rates at 3-0 p.m.	7	7	0
Rates at 5-0 p.m.	7	6	9

RENEWED WEAKNESS IN GILTEDGEDS

Wall Street Narrowly Irregular

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LONDON, Jan 28

On the Stock Exchange to-day the renewed weakness of giltedgeds depressed other sections and the end of account influences further restricted business. Cable and wireless attracted support while among internationals U. S. Steels were featured rising from 88 3/8 to 92.

Among commodities cocoa was sharply firmer on bear covering; copra was flat in the absence of trade support; cotton was firmer on speculative buying on fears of flood damage in the United States; wheat was flat in the absence of milling demand.

Wall Street opened narrowly irregular.

KARACHI MARKET REPORT

Karachi, Jan 28

To-day's closing quotations:

	Rs.	a.	p.
Cotton Sind March	21	5	0
Punjab March	18	15	0
American March	23	14	0

Tone: Good.

Wheat January	30	4	6
March	30	11	3
July	28	3	0

Tone: Weak rains in Punjab

Toria February	37	13	0
March	39	0	3
Gram January	22	11	0
July	22	1	6
Cottonseeds January	17	4	6
March	17	7	6
May	17	13	6

JUTE SHARES SLIGHTLY BETTER

Coals Fully Steady

CALCUTTA, Jan 28

Jutes ruled slightly better and fair business was put through. In coals although trading was not on a broad scale, the undertone remained fully steady. In teas there was not much interest due to lack of fair support. In miscellaneous easier feeling ruled. Government securities were easier. Following were the closing quotations:—

Government securities: Two and three fourth per cent loan 1948/52 99/14; three and half per cent G P 97/4; three per cent do 88/8; four per cent loan 1960/70 113/10 small lot; three and half per cent loan 1947/50 105/12 small lot; five per cent loan 1945/55 120 small lot; five and half per cent loan 1938/40 106/4.

Banks: Ballygunge 106; Imperial fully paid 1548 ex div; Reserve Bank 132/8

Railways: Bukhtiarpur Bihar 71/8 small lot; Darjeeling Himalayan 96 small lots; Mymensingh Bhairab Bazar Guaranteed 98 small lot; Mayurbhanj 72/8; Sar Serajganj 101

Cottons: E D Sassoon United annas 14; Kesoram 4/8; Elgin Mills ordy 128; New Victoria ordy 1/6

Coals: Amalgamated 26; Bansra 3/14; Borrea 14/12; Bengal 310; Burrakur 16/3; Burra Dhemo 3/8; Bhalgora 2/10; Equitable Rights 6/12 premium; Hurriladih 14/8; Katras Jherriah 21/14; Marime (B) 10/8; Nazira 9/7; New Beerbhoom 14/2; Raneegunge 34/4; Sendra 13/9; Talcher 2/8 small lots.

Jutes: Albion 236; Anglo India 396 small lots; Alliance 264/8; Belvedere 370 cum div; Bally 196 small lot; Budge Budge 278 small lot; Caledonian 425; Champdany 166/8; Cheviot 189/8 small lot; Clive 26/4 small lot; Dalhousie 322 small lots; Delta 369/8; Ganges 275; Hukumchand pref 111/8 small lots; Howrah 51/12; India 337; Kamarhatty 528; Kanknarrah 426 small lot; National 23/4 small lot; Nuddea 45/8; Orient 182; Reliance pref 163; Do ordy 73/4; Waverley 2/1.

Miscellaneous: Burma Corporation 11/4; Indian Copper Corporation 11/11 small lot; Consolidated Tin 8; Agra Electric 154/8; Bareilly Electric 15/14; Jhansi Electric 10/12; Jubbulpore Electric 14/14 ex div; Muttra Electric 12/3; Arthur Butler ordy 20/2; Britannia Building and Iron 11/8; Burn and Company ordy 304; Indian Standard Wagon ordy 61/10; Indian Iron and Steel new 29/8; Saran Eng 15/8; Dunlop Rubber ordy 14/8 small lots; Do second pref 104/8; Indian Wood Products 28/6; Spencer and Company ordy 8/10; British Ceylon Corporation 8/7; Indo Burma Petroleum 135; Tide Water Oil 12/8; Titaghur Paper five per cent second pref 104; Midnapore Zemindary 97; Port Shipping 22/4

Sugars: Carew and Company 18/8; Dyer Meakin Burma 87/8; North Western Cachar Tea 236.

Debentures: Four and half per cent 1897/56 Bengal Nagpur Cotton 102.—A. P.

Bombay Sugar

Bombay, Jan 28

	Rs.	a.	p.
Ready Javas	13	4	0
Shipment January March	4	4	6
Shipment July September	4	6	6
Kesar	11	11	0
Saraya	11	2	0
Harinagar	14	4	0
Narkatiaganj	10	15	0
Chitauni No. 4	11	0	0
Ramkola	11	0	0
Java Spot	F.	5.30	

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, Jan 28

The following were the opening rates:—

General Motor (dol 65 1/8) dol 66 1/8
Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 52 3/4) dol 53 1/4
U S Steel Common (dol 85 3/4) dol 89 7/8
U S Steel Preference (dol 149 3/4) unquoted

Lahore—The two and a half year old son of Chaudhuri Krishnagopal Dutt, a prominent Congress candidate who met with a car accident near Okara on Monday last expired on Wednesday afternoon.—United Press.

KEROSENE OIL RATES

Bombay, Jan 28

Superior case oil Shell Brand Rs. 8/8 per case of 8 gallons. No change
Superior case oil Waterlily Brand Rs. 8/2/6 per case of 8 gallons. No change.
Superior case oil Waterlily in Bulk Rs. 6/10/6 per 8 gallons.
Superior white oil in tins Anchor Brand Rs. 2/9/9 per tin of 4 gallons
Superior white oil in tins Chukker Brand Rs. 2/8/9 per tin of 4 gallons
Superior white oil in tins Rising Sun Rs. 2/8/9 per tin of 4 gallons
Superior white oil Chikker in Bulk Rs. 2/0/0 per 4 gallons.
Superior white oil in Rising Sun Bulk Rs. 2/0/0 per 4 gallons
Inferior Oil Swan, in Bulk Rs. 1/11/9 per 4 gallons
Inferior Oil Victoria, in Bulk Rs. 1/11/9 per 4 gallons
Inferior Oil Swan in Tins Rs. 2/4/9 per tin of 4 gallons.
Inferior Oil Victoria in Tins Rs. 2/4/9 per tin of 4 gallons.

Produce Receipts

Bombay, Jan 28

Wheat	20,342	cwts.
Linseed	563	cwts.
Rape, Rai and Mustard seeds	1,288	cwts.
Gingellyseed	6,451	cwts.
Poppyseed	63	cwts.
Groundnuts	31,063	cwts.
Castorseeed	895	cwts.
Rice	38,711	cwts.
Myrabollams	6,207	cwts.
Cottonseed	24,818	cwts.
Gram	3,656	cwts.
Joowar	3,732	cwts.
Barley	420	cwts.
Bajree	6,089	cwts.
Indian sugar	8,192	cwts.
Coal	1,533	tons.

New York Sugar

New York, Jan 27

March	2.87 plus 1
May	2.84 —1
July	2.80 —5
September	2.80 —5

Wheat Liverpool

Chicago, Jan 27

May	dol. 1.26 3/4
July	dol. 1.10 7/8
September	dol. 1.07 7/8

SNOWFALL IN N. W. F. AND KASHMIR

POONA Jan. 28

The western disturbance caused local falls of rain or snow along the North-West frontier in Kashmir and North Punjab. A few thundershowers are also reported from Tenasserim.

The chief amounts of rainfall are:—Mergui one and half inches, Chaman, Kalat and Parachinar half inch each.

FORECAST: Local falls of rain or snow are likely to continue along the North-West Frontier, in Kashmir and North Punjab and may extend into Sind. Gujarat, South Punjab and West United Provinces hills. Scattered thundershowers may also occur in south Tenasserim.—A. P.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY.

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 28-1-1937.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours plus .001 inches
Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 71.9 degrees
Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 66.3 degrees
Maximum temperature during 24 hrs 85.7 degrees 3.1 (above normal)
Minimum temperature during 24 hrs 68.4 degrees 2.0 (above normal)
Relative humidity at 8 a.m. 73 per cent
Direction of wind at 8 a.m. ESE
Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 7 miles per hour
Total movement of wind in 24 hours 122 miles
Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 15 miles per hour
Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10) 4

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 28-1-37

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 76.0 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 30.15 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.96 inches

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

(Continued from Col. 7.)

clover; 1008 ds mercury atlas flag oil; 1500 bundles pearl starch; 355 packages machinery and parts; 1071 bundles galv gas tubes; 295 nos galv gas tubes; 320 nos s t poles; 54 cases stationery; 72 cases window glass; 170 cases sewing machines; 130 cases medicines; 1720 bales paper; 2024 bundles m/s hoops; 75 cases salomonica; 815 nos boiler tubes; 100 bags magnesium sulphate; 50 cases slate pencils; 30 bales strawboards; 37 bundles m iron flanges; 488 cases gl bangles; 21 cases varnish; 143 bales cardboards; 12 cases stoves; 116 cases iron chains; 19 cases tools; 328 cases beer; 29 cases wire netting; 36 cases tin; 47 cases cutlery; 150 ds sodium sulphide; 10 cases tonic acid; 100 cases slates; 50 bags salt; 57 cases tiles; 170 bags broken tiles; 120 bundles iron sheet; 47 crts buffers; 2050 bundles steel streps.

For Rotterdam: 5 ds bichromate of soda; 48 casks chrome alum; 20 ds bisulphate of soda; 52 casks chemicals; 973 bags dyes dry; 28 ds ludigol; 166 bales dyes paste; 200 bags glue case; 100 casks corn syrup glue case; 207 cases radio goods; 20 casks acetate of soda; 220 boxes sulphate of alumina; 40 casks nitrate of soda; 152 bales paper; 50 cases cooked hams; 100 bags appretine; 57 cases cheese.

From Oparte: 25 cases portwine;
From Portsaid: 105 bales cotton.

SHIPPING NEWS

Imports And Exports

ARRIVALS

Bombay, Jan 28

M B Kaisha's steamer Iwatesan Maru of 4059 reg tons, Captain Y Yoshizawa arrived from Yokohama via Japan Ports Hongkong, Singapore, Colombo and Tuticorin with general cargo.

Volkart Bros' steamer Silverfir of 2636 reg tons, Captain A Davison arrived from New Orleans via South African, Ports Mauritius, Calcutta and Marmagoa with general cargo.

Scindia Steam Navigation Company's steamer Silkworth of 2061 reg. tons, Captain J S Gemmell arrived from Rangoon via Colombo, Trivandrum, Cochin, Calicut, Badagra and Cannanore with rice and general cargo.

B I S N Company's steamer Vita of 1955 reg tons Captain S Slightham arrived from Karachi via Cutch Mandvi, Port Okha and Porebunder with passengers, specie and general cargo.

Lionel Edward's steamer Uhenfels of 4570 reg tons Captain H Dieckmann arrived from Basrah in ballast.

P and O S N Company's steamer Maloja of 12792 reg tons, Captain J B Browning arrived from London via Gibraltar, Marseilles, Portsaid and Aden with passengers and general cargo.

DEPARTURE

Bombay, Jan 28

Scindia Steam Navigation Company's steamer Jalaganga of 3080 reg tons, Captain W Dry sailed for Akyab in water ballast.

F F Campbell and Company's steamer City of Ripon of 4020 reg tons, Captain J L Sibrse sailed for Colombo, Madras, Rangoon and Calcutta with local and same bottom cargo.

Lionel Edward's steamer Uhenfels of 4570 reg tons, Captain H Dieckmann sailed for Calcutta in water ballast.

Volkart Bros.' steamer Silverbeech of 3096 reg tons Captain E Palmer sailed for New York via Karachi and Portsaid with passengers, local and same bottom cargo.

James Mackintosh and Company's steamer Rinos of 2890 reg tons Capt. D. Tentes sailed for Portsaid for order with local cargo.

Turner Morrison and Company's steamer Islami of 3617 reg tons, Captain T R Dow sailed for Jeddah via Karachi and Portsaid with pilgrims, local and same bottom cargo.

O S Kaisha's steamer Thames Maru of 4254 reg tons, Captain S Kitamura sailed for Karachi via Verawal and Bedi Bunder with passengers, local and same bottom cargo.

P and O S N Company's steamer Maloja of 12792 reg tons, Captain J B Browning sailed for Sydney via Colombo and Australian Ports with passengers, local and same bottom cargo.

B I S N Company's steamer Barkura of 1896 reg tons, Captain J W Milne sailed for Calcutta via Mangalore and Colombo with same bottom cargo.

B I S N Company's steamer Vasna of 2026 reg tons, Captain J Rowe sailed for Basra via Karachi and Persian Gulf Ports with passengers and local cargo.

LOADING

Bombay, Jan 28

The following steamers booked for loading on 28-1-37.

S S Varsova (M M and Co) for Karachi and Persian Gulf Ports
S S Barpeta (M M and Co) for Karachi and Persian Gulf Ports
S S Narkunda (M M and Co) for Aden Portsudan and Europe and American Ports
S S Soudan (M M and Co) for Colombo, Penang and China Japan Ports
S S Tango Maru (N Y K) for Singapore and China Japan Ports
S S Ellora (M M and Co) for Calcutta.

Alexandra Dock

Bombay, Jan 28

2 City of Ripon 4020 Colombo 28-1 F F Campbell and Co
3 City of Agra 3866 Karachi 31-1 K Nixon and Co
4 St. Woolos 4345 Antwerp 29-1 L Edwards Ltd
5 Silverbeech 3096 Karachi 28-1 Volkart Bros.
6 Raichenfels 4772 Karachi 2-2 L Edwards Ltd.
8 Monta Piana 3715 Genoa 2-2 Lloyd Triestino
9 Alice Moller 3145 Ras Hafun 30-1 J Mackintosh and Co.
11 Rinos 2890 Port Said 28-1 J Mackintosh and Co.
14 Tairea 3756 Durban 3-2 M M and Co.
15 Nagina 4090 Antwerp 31-1 M M and Co.

Victoria Dock

2 Celebes Maru 4258 Karachi 29-1 O S Kaisha
4 Vasna 2036 Busrah 28-1 M M and Co.
8 Gharinda 3212 Rangoon 29-1 M M and Co.
10/11 Thames Maru 4234 Karachi 28-1 O S Kaisha
14 Bankura 1896 Calcutta 28-1 M M and Co.

Princes Dock

B Rajput 3398 Rangoon 30-1 T Morrison and Co.
F Islami 3617 Jeddah 28-1 T Morrison and Co
H Janaki 530 M Coast 28-1 Malabar Steamship Co.
M Rahmani 3291 Jeddah N F T Morrison and Co

Steamers Expected

FROM LONDON

Naldera 4-2-37 P and O S N Co
Ranchi 18-2 P and O S N Co.
Comorin 25-2 P and O S N Co
Strathnaver 11-2-37 P and O S N Co.

FROM HULL

Kioto 3-2 James Finlay and Co

FROM LIVERPOOL

Clan Alpine 6-2-37 James Finlay and Co.
City of Johannesburg 8-2-37 Killick Nixon and Co.

FROM CALCUTTA

Barpeta 30-1-37 M M and Co

FROM MOMBASA

Sirsa 3-2 M M and Co.

FROM OSLO

Formosa 28-1-37 Lionel Edward

FROM DURBAN

Karanja 6-2 M M and Co

FROM CHINA AND JAPAN

Tango Maru 30-1-37 N Y Kaisha
Kidderpore 2-2 P and O S N Co.
Victoria 12-2-37 Lloyd Triestino
Mayebashi Maru 15-2-37 N Y Kaisha
Ranpura 5-2-37 P and O S N Co
Calcutta Maru 26-2-37 N Y Kaisha
Bangalore 14-2-37 M M and Co
Mantai Maru 8-2-37 O S Kaisha
Liverpool Maru 18-2-37 O S Kaisha
Shunko Maru 23-2-37 O S Kaisha

FROM JEDDAH

Akbar 30-1-37 Turner Morrison and Co.

FROM JAVA PORTS

Silverfir 28-1-37 Volkart Bros.

FROM RANGOON

Gambada 4-2-37 M M and Co
Tanfield 28-1-37 M M and Co

FROM AKYAB

Ozarda 30-1-37 M M and Co

FROM SYDNEY

Narkunda 30-1-37 P and O S N Co.
Mongolia 13-2-37 M M and Co

FROM BASRA

Varsova 30-1 M M and Co
Bandra 4-2 M M and Co
Varela 6-2 M M and Co
Bamora 11-2-37 M M and Co
Jeypore 30-1-37 P and O S N Co.
Vasna 13-2 M M and Co

FROM NEW YORK

City of Rayville 12-2-37 Lionel Edward
City of Eastbourne 24-2-37 F F Campbell and Co.
City of Khios 10-2 F F Campbell and Co

Sailing Dates

FOR LONDON

Narkunda 30-1-37 P and O S N Co.
Ranpura 6-2-37 P and O S N Co.
Kaiser-i-Hind 13-2-37 P and O S N Co
Mongolia 13-2-37 P and O S N Co
Viceroy of India 20-2 P and O S N Co
Mooltan 27-2 P and O S N Co

FOR LIVERPOOL

Castalia 27-2-37 Grahame Trading Co.

FOR GERMANY

St. Wooles 28-1 L Edwards
Altenfels 5-2 L Edwards
Drachenfels 28-1-37 Lionel Edwards

FOR TRIESTE

Conte Rosso 2-3 L Triestino

FOR GENOA

Victoria 12-2 Lloyd Triestino
Monta Piana 2-2 Lloyd Triestino

FOR NEW YORK

City of Ripon 3-2-37 F F Campbell and Co.
City of Khios 10-2-37 F F Campbell and Co.
Silverfir 2-2 Volkart Bros

FOR SAN FRANCISCO

Tosari 30-1-37 Volkart Bros

FOR ANTWERP

Nagina 3-1 M M and Co

FOR JEDDAH

Rahmani 2-2 Turner Morrison and Co.

FOR CHINA AND JAPAN

Soudan 1-2-37 P and O S N Co
Khurumi Maru 6-2 O S Kaisha
Toyama Maru 4-2 N Y Kaisha
Conte Verde 24-2 L Triestino
Thames Maru 14-2-37 O S Kaisha

FOR BASRA

Barpeta 3-2-37 M M and Co
Varsova 4-2 M M and Co

FOR KARACHI

City of Agra 31-1 K Nixon and Co
Fraunfels 9-2-37 Lionel Edward
Celebes Maru 7-2 O S Kaisha
Reichenfels 3-2-37 Lionel Edwards
Nalgora 9-2-37 M M and Co

FOR RANGOON

Rajput 30-1 T Morrison and Co

FOR DURBAN

Karanja 17-2-37 M M and Co
Tairea 3-2-37 M M and Co

GENERAL LANDING DATES.

S S Rajputana (boats) 25-1-37
S S Celebes Maru 26-1-37
S S Monte Piana 26-1-37
S S City of Agra 26-1-37
S S Haideri 27-1-37

Exports

Bombay, Jan 28

S S Nagina for Antwerp: 330 bales cotton Volkart Bros.

For London: 28 packages c fish bones H A Kuthawala

S S City of Agra for Liverpool: 650 bags gr oil cake S Shevji and Co; 24 bales cowhides Ralli Bros.

S S Maloja for Fremantle: 52 bags myrabollams K Tricumji and Co.

S S Narkunda for London: 50 cases sandalwood Thos Cook and Sons; 23 cases bristles C Danji and Sons; 83 cases bristles D Abraham and Sons; 33 bags gum S Khetsey and Co.

S S Silverfir for Philadelphia: 150 bales wool raw C Liester and Co; 830 bags carpets D Abraham and Sons; 82 bales goat skins D bAraham and Sons.

For New York: 134 bales cotton waste M Chandulal and Co; 3200 bags myrabollams J Moolchand and Co; 26 cases seed D Abraham and Sons.

S S Riechenfels for Salonica: 50 bales cotton Ralli Bros.

For Antwerp: 110 bales cotton Volkart Bros; 4400 packets myrabollams K Tricomji; 250 bales cotton Ralli Bros; 6000 packets gr oil cake A Oomerbhoy.

For Rotterdam: 650 bags gr oil cake V Shivji and Co; 110 bales cotton Ralli Bros.

For Bremen: 1900 bales cotton Volkart Bros; 210 bales cotton fly L O Vora

For New York: 100 bales cotton G M Vyas and Co.

For Hamburg: 11800 bags linseed L Dreyfus and Co; 150 bags gr nut shell V Shivji and Co; 35 bales cotton waste C Jairam and Co.

S S Monte Piana for Trieste: 165 bales cotton Volkart Bros.

For Venice: 55 bales cotton Volkart Bros.

For Genoa: 275 bales cotton Volkart Bros.

For Marseilles: 28 bales henna powder Thos Cook and Sons.

S S Tango Maru for Kobe: 300 bales cotton K Dewchand and Co.

Imports

Bombay, Jan 28

S S Trantenfels, L Edward Ltd. from Hamburg etc: 315 nos s tubes; 42 bundles copper bars; 273 bundles y m sheet and squares; 997 bales exhausted

Continued in Col. 5)

Active Speculative Buying In New York Cotton

FEARS OF FLOOD DAMAGE TO COTTON STORED IN MISSISSIPPI DELTA

Old Crop Months To Rise

Bombay, Jan. 28.

On Wednesday the New York cotton futures market was firm on active speculative buying influenced by fears of damage to cotton stored in the Mississippi Delta owing to floods. There was scarcity of sellers.

Some of the world's richest cotton land is to be deserted after the U. S. Government order for evacuation of low lands 50 miles on the either side of the Mississippi river and from Cairo to New Orleans in evident expectation of a serious flood trouble. It is also reported from Memphis that there is an embargo against movement there owing to the inability of Railroads to handle cotton.

The market opened very steady with active trading and more general buying. Trade houses were good buyers of near months. The market met resistance at 12.55 for May and then renewed general buying appeared.

March opened at a rise of 8 points at 12.65 but declined 4 points from the opening level on scattered selling. This was the lowest level (March 12.61) and later on prices advanced 11 points on active speculative buying and March was quoted 11.72 which was the highest level for the day. In the afternoon the market was steady with a moderate turnover and finally closed at a net rise of 16 to 12 points. Spot Cotton prices advanced 15 points at 13.22c. per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans Cotton futures market was also very steady and closed at a rise of 16 to 15 points. Spot Cotton prices were raised 15 points at 13.30c. per lb.

LIVERPOOL COTTON

The Liverpool cotton futures market opened at a decline of one point with March 6.95. There was Bombay buying and trade calling meeting scattered profit-taking. Later on hedging against outsiders met scattered buying in response to New York advices and heavy trade calling. The market closed at a net rise of 6 to 4 points. Middling American Spot Cotton prices advanced to 6 points at 7.22d. per lb.

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Egyptian Cotton futures market was quiet and Sakels closed at a rise of one point to a decline of one point with Spot Cotton 4 points up at 10.27d. Uppers were steady and gained 7 to 8 points.

The Alexandria Cotton futures market was quiet and irregular. Sakels futures closed 6 to 10 points up with March 18.23. Ashmouni futures declined 5 to 10 points.

PRIVATE CABLES.

N. Y. March Highest (11-32 a.m.)	...12.72+15
N. Y. March Lowest (10-17 a.m.) ...	... 12.61+04
Liverpool March Highest	7.02+06
Liverpool March Lowest	6.94—02

Messrs. Drennan and Co. have received the following cables:—

Messrs. Orvis Bros. and Co., New York cable:—

Improved demand on fears of flood damage to cotton stored in Mississippi Delta. Market may go somewhat higher. Advise caution.

Messrs. E. J. Schwabach and Co., New York cable:—

Bought on fears floods in the Mississippi Valley endangering warehouses. We recommend the following straddle: Buying old crop and selling new crop.

Wheat.—Chiefly influenced by absence of buying orders for actuals. We favour purchases on all reactions, as a substantial advance later in the season is likely.

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co., Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their Foreign Friends:—

Liverpool.—Flood damage in Mississippi valley likely to reduce available supplies of Memphis cotton and think will increase demand for Uppers. Advise buying latter.

Liverpool.—American Secretary of Agriculture predicts larger crops next season with lower price level for farm products. Think bearish for 1938 delivery.

New York.—Renewed outside buying and trade demand. Selling limited on scale.

New York.—Market better with buyers more aggressive. Textile reports are very favourable, with a buoyant demand for goods partly. American Red Cross damage is serious. Think market may do better for a time, although we would suggest taking advantage of such a bulge to sell.

Messrs. Patel Brothers have received the following cable from their Liverpool Agents: —

Reports received here state owing floods Memphis Mississippi Districts fear damage up to million bales.

Messrs. Breul and Co. have received the following cable from Messrs. Reynolds and Gibson, Liverpool:

Cotton: Details of release of Loan cotton more constructive than market anticipated; believe continued strength of nears.

Rubber: Dutch East Indian endeavouring to expedite shipments of Estate and Native Rubber. 10 3/16

Metals: Strike U S A temporarily depressing.

Wheat: Sharp upturn when shilling demand improves.

Sugar: Rumours of world conference strengthening the market.

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, Jan. 27.

March	...12.72+15
May	12.55+14
July	12.42+16
October	12.00+16
December	11.97+13
January	11.96+12
Middling Spot	13.22+15

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

New York, Jan. 27.

March	12.66+16
May	12.53 15
July	12.40+15
Middling Spot	13.30+15

11-00 a.m. Ranges.

March	12.67/12.66
May	12.51/12.50
July	12.37/12.37

Noon Call

March	12.70
May	12.53
July	12.41

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS

New York, Jan. 27.

	bales.
Day's Receipts at all U.S. Ports	5,000
Day's Exports to Great Britain	19,000
Day's Exports to the Continent	23,000

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

Liverpool, Jan. 27.

January	7.04+05
February	7.02+05
March	7.01+05
April	7.00+05
May	6.99+06
June	6.95+06
July	6.92+06
August	6.75+05
September	6.64+04
October	6.58+04
November	6.54+04
December	6.53+04
January	...6.52+04
Middling Spot	7.23+06

10-12 a.m. quotations.—

March	6.95
May	6.92

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

Liverpool, Jan. 27.

F.G.F. SAKELLARIDIS—	
January	9.84
March	9.96
May	10.17
July	10.01
September	10.01
F.G.F. Spot	10.27

INDIAN COTTON

Liverpool, Jan. 27.

BROACH—	
Fully Good (Good Staple)	5.76
Fine (Good Staple)	5.91
Superfine (Good Staple)	6.06
OOMRA—	
Fine (No 1 staple)	5.73
Superfine (No 1 staple)	5.88
Choice (No 1 staple)	6.03
BENGAL.—	
Good	4.62
Fully Good	4.72
Fine	4.84

London, Jan. 27.

Linseed La Plata Hull C. I. F. Jan. sellers	£11/11/3
Linseed Calcutta London C. I. F. Jan-Feb. sellers	£14/2/6
Linseed Bombay London C. I. F. Jan-Feb. sellers	£14/7/6
Rapeseed Toria Hull/Cont. C. I. F. Jan-Feb. sellers	£13/17/6
Castorseed Bombay Hull C. I. F. Jan-Feb. sellers	£14-7-6

LONDON PRODUCE

London, Jan. 27.

Wheat Rozario Santa Fe Jan-Feb. sellers	38
Wheat Barletta Russo Jan-Feb. sellers	38/6
Wheat South Australian Jan-sellers	43

LINSEED OIL.

London, Jan. 27.

Linseed Oil, naked London per cwt. Feb. paid and sellers	26/9
Linseed Oil, naked London per cwt. May-Aug. paid and buyers	26/9

LONDON RUBBER

London, Jan. 27.

Smoked Sheet Standard Ribbed per lb.	10 5/16

NEYW YORK COFFEE

New York, Jan. 28.

Fair Rio Coffee (No 7 quality)	8 7/8

LONDON DISCOUNT RATE

London, Jan. 27.

Bank Bills 3 months market rate 9/16 per cent to 9/16 per cent.

Bank Bills 6 months market rate 5/8 per cent to 11/16 per cent.

Fine Trade Bills 3 months market rate 2 per cent to 2 1/2 per cent.

Fine Trade Bills 6 months market rate 2 1/2 per cent to 3 per cent.

Interest day to day Loan 1/2 per cent to 1/2 per cent.

Interest 7 days market Loan 1/2 p.c.

LONDON EXCHANGES.

London, Jan. 27.

T. T. London on:—	
New York	4.90 3/16
Paris	105.13
Berlin	12.18
Madrid	nom. 17.00
Amsterdam	8.95
Brussels	29.08
Milan	93.12
Berne	21.44 3/4
Prague	140.43

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

London, Jan. 27.

Rupee Paper 3 1/2 per cent nom	£72 1/2
Indian Stock 3 per cent 1948	£81
Indian Stock 3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later	95 1/4
Indian Stock 4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	£113 1/2
Consols 2 1/2 per cent	£82 1/2
Conversion Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961	£105 5/8
War Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1952	£104 1/2
Funding Loan 4 per cent 1960/90	£114 3/4
Victory Bonds 4 per cent	£113 3/8
Chartered Bank of India Australia and China	16 1/4
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank London Reg.	£115
National Bank of India	£47 5/8
P and O Banking Corporation	£10 1/4

SUGAR CONFERENCE

Bombay, Jan. 28.

There was a better feeling in sugar market and prices improved on the announcement of the conveying of an International Conference in April.

Cotton Arrivals

Receipts into Bombay on 26th January	18,293
Receipts into Bombay to date since 1-9-1936	1,265,186
Receipts into Bombay same time last season	915,144

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, Jan. 28.

Following a sharp rise of 15 points in New York cotton futures, the local market opened to-day at Rs. 228 for Broach A/M, delivery and advanced to Rs. 228/10 on active buying influenced by private cables stating that Wall Street operators are buying cotton.

Local prices are unduly low and we think it advisable to buy in the local market. Reports from Gujarat state that the crop yield is disappointing.

Liverpool market was due to open at a rise of 2 points on parity with overnight New York advices, but it opened firm at a rise of 7 points and later was quoted 9 points higher. In the local market prices advanced to Rs. 229/4 and the market closed at 5-30 p.m. as under:

	Rs. a. p.
Broach A/M	229 0 0
Broach J/A	231 8 0
Oomra March	209 0 0
Oomra May	209 12 0
Bengal March	183 8 0
Bengal	182 0 0

Cotton Room Rates

Bombay, Jan 28

	Extra Sprfine	Sup	Fine	FG	Good
M G Bengal U P ...	190	187	184	181	
M G Punjab ...	190	187	184	181	
M G Oomra No. 3	217	214	211	208	...
M G C P No. 1	232	229	226	223	...
M G C P No. 2	223	220	217	214	...
M G Khandesh	212	209	206	203	...

Ready Cotton Quotations

Bombay, Jan 28

Bengal Superfine	186/88
Bengal Fine	183/85
C P 1	223/25
C P 2	216/17
Arvi	216/17
Ellichpur	216/17
Berar	212/14
Khamgaon	214/16
Mulkapur	209/11
Khandesh	206/09
Jaina/Sailu	209/11
Burwah Sanavad	214/16
Broach Fine	229/32
Punjab American	229/34
Sind N T	264/74
Punjab 289 F	289/94

Indian Cotton Figures

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY

Bombay, Jan 28

Since 1st Sept.

In full-pressed bales

	Yesterday.	This year
Khandesh	4,609	157,136
Central India	3,306	187,365
Barsi and Nagar	2,227	102,455
Hyderabad Gaorani	1,139	43,051
Berar	9,442	350,386
Central Provinces	2,523	77,720
Total Oomras	23,246	918,111
Dholera	328	14,624
N W Provinces	70	4,588
Rajputana	1,238	31,325
Sind Punjab	4,028	185,730
Broach	359	3,416
Coompta and Dharwar	213	10,715
Westerns Northerns	105	12,072
Cocoanada	...	124
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	...	2,543
Persian	...	10
American	...	3,144
Egyptian and African	1,579	109,945
Comilla, Burma and other sorts	...	5
Total	31,166	1,296,352

Exports From Bombay

1st Sept to 21st Jan

In full-pressed bales

	Yesterday.	This year.
Europe	5,115	139,349
Japan and China	1,550	575,078
Coast Ports	10	7,623
Up-country by Rail	...	97,377
Afloat in harbour for Europe, China and Japan	...	39,586
Total	6,675	859,013

American Cotton Figures

F P Bales	1936-37	1935-36
Receipts to date 27-1-37	5490000	5964000
Receipts yesterday 27-1-37	5000	17000
Exports to date 27-1-37	3507000	4082000
Stock at Ports 22-1-37	2600000	2615000
Stock at Interior Towns 22-1-37	2087000	2285000
Stock at Liverpool 22-1-37	916000	727000
Visible Supply 22-1-37	6214000	6890000
Quantity in sight 22-1-37	10307000	10037000
Quantity out of sight 22-1-37	7345000	6453000

High And Low Cotton Prices

Bombay, Jan. 27.

Broach A/M. 1937 Op. 225 3/4; Highest 227; Lowest 225 3/4; Closing 226.

Broach July/Aug. Op. 228 1/4; Highest 229 1/2; Lowest 228 1/4; Closing 228 3/4.

Oomra March Op. 205 1/4; Highest 206 1/2; Lowest 205 1/4; Closing 206.

Oomra May Op. 205 3/4; Highest 206 3/4; Lowest 205 1/2; Closing 206 1/2.

Bengal March Op. 177; Highest 178 1/2; Lowest 177; Closing 178 1/2.

Bengal May Op. 176 3/4; Highest 177 3/4; Lowest 176 3/4; Closing 177 3/4.

T/Mandi for Broach A/M. Settlement (21-2-37) Rs. 5 3/4.

T/Mandi for Broach A/May (31-3-37) Rs. 9 1/2

T/Mandi for Broach July/A. (30-6-37) Rs. 17

Cotton Straddles

APPROXIMATE DIFFERENCES.

New York—Liverpool:—

March 163 May 176 at Cross Rate 4.89 31/32

Bombay—Liverpool:—

Broach A/M. 1937 227/8—Liverpool May 7.01 Rs. 77 3/4 at Exchange 1/6.

Bombay—New York.—

Broach A/M. 1937 227/8 New York May 12.55 Rs. 57 1/4 at Cross Rate 4.89 31/32

Osaka Sampin Exchange

Osaka, Jan. 28.

	Opening.
March	256.00+330
April	254.50+340
May	253.50+310
July	256.00+440

GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay, Jan. 28.

Yesterday London gold prices advanced 2 1/2d to £7-1-11 and London-Paris Exchange rate was quoted 2 points down at 105.13 Dollar-Sterling cross rate was quoted 4.90 3/16 at London and 4.89 31/32 at New York London silver prices were unchanged at 20 7/16d India bought China and speculators sold. The market was quiet but steady and small business was done at fixed rates. New York prices were unchanged and Montreal quotations were 5 points down. Shanghai T. T. on London was quoted -.2 19/32 to-day. The local market was fairly steady with a moderate enquiry for silver while gold prices improved in sympathy with higher London advices.

	Rs. a. p.
GOLD—	
Ready	35 2 0
Posh	35 2 0
Magh delivery	35 1 9
Magh Teji-mandi	0 3 6
Fagan delivery	35 1 6
Fagan Teji-mandi	0 5 0
SILVER—	
Ready	50 13 0
Posh	50 13 0
Magh delivery	50 11 0
Magh Teji-mandi	1 2 0
Fagan delivery	50 14 0
Fagan Teji-mandi	1 12 0

New York Silver

New York, Jan. 27.

Spot silver prices remained unchanged to-day at 44 3/4 cents.

Montreal Silver

Montreal, Jan. 27.

January	44.85
March	44.95—05
May	44.95—05

LONDON SILVER

London, Jan. 27.

Spot	20 7/16
Forward	20 3/8

LONDON GOLD

London, Jan. 27.

Gold Bars Fine per ounce	£7/1/11

Bombay Metals

Bombay, Jan 28

London market—	
Standard copper cash (buyers)	£52 10 0
Standard copper 3 months	£52 12 6

LAST TRANSFER DAY

Friday the 29th instant is the last day for adjustments of February outstandings.

Electrolytic copper	£58 0 0
New York—	
Blue Eagle	13 cents
Non-Blue Eagle	12.85 cents
Bombay market—	
Yellow metal sheets	Rs. 41 8 0
Copper sheets	Rs. 52 8 0

Tone: Firm.

LONDON COPPER

Bombay, Jan. 28.

Yesterday London Copper prices advanced to £52-13-9 on better prospects of a settlement of the Auto strike in U.S.A. following expected Government intervention, caused a slight advance. There was Continental demand.

WALL STREET MARKET

New York, Jan. 27.

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following report showing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:—

	Dol.
Amr. Gas and Electric	45
Ame. Power and Light Com.	14
Ame. Power & Light Pfd 5 p.c. A	67
Ame. Forn Power Gold D 5 p.c.	85
Ame. Forn. Power Pfd. 7 p.c.	65
Electric Power and Light	22
Electric P. and Light 7 p.c. Pfd.	85
Electric Bond Common	25
Electric Bond 6 p.c. Pfd.	87
Consolidated (Gas) Edison	47
North Amr. Com.	31
United Power and Light	9
American Tel. and Tel.	133 1/4
Western Union Telg.	80 1/2
Canadian Pacific Rly.	16
Great North Pfd. Rly.	43
New York Central Rly.	41 3/4
Pennsylvania Rly.	42
Southern Pacific Rly.	47
Japanese 6 1/2 p.c. 1954	93 1/8
Bethelehem Steel	78
United States Steel	88 1/4
Amr. Car Foundry	61
Anaconda Copper Mining	53 1/4
Int. Nickel of Canada	62 3/4
Chrysler	119
General Motors	66
General Electric	62
Kelvinator	24
Socony	17 1/4
Skelley Oil	42
Chase Bank	55
National City Bank	49 1/2
Sun Life of Canada	940
Celenase	31
Guranty Trust	380
Japanese 5 1/2 p.c. 1965	79 1/2

Market improving outlook also improving.

Linseed And Wheat

Bombay, Jan. 28.

Yesterday Liverpool wheat market was weak on cheaper plate shipper's offers and forecast of heavy southern hemisphere shipments. Chicago eased in sympathy with Winnipeg with Western and Commission houses selling. Private advices are in favour of purchases on dips as later on prices will prove owing to strong statistical position. The local market was quiet on general selling and quotations were as under:—

	Rs. a. p.
Linseed May	7 7 6
Linseed September	7 11 0
Wheat Jan.	5 13 6
Wheat May	5 6 9
Wheat Sept.	5 5 0
Increase	350,042

MONEY AND EXCHANGES

Bombay, Jan. 28.

B. C. RATES—	
T T D D	1/6 1/16
LONDON—	
Banks selling T T D D	1/6 3/32
Banks buying T T	1/6 5/32
Banks buying D D	1/6 3/16
Banks buying 3 mos.	1/6 7/32
NEW YORK	
B C Rate T T	273 1/8
Banks selling T T	271 1/8
Banks buying T T	269
PARIS—	
Banks selling T T	789
Banks buying T T	804
JAPAN—	
Banks selling T T (From March 1/8 lower)	77 3/8
Banks buying T T (From March 1/8 lower)	76 5/8
AMSTERDAM—	
Banks selling D D	67 1/4
JAVA—	
Banks selling D D	66 7/8
HONGKONG—	
Banks selling D D	84
SHANGHAI	
Banks selling D D	81 1/2
SINGAPORE—	
Banks selling D D	156 1/4
BERLIN—	
Banks selling D D	90 7/8
CROSS RATE—	
New York/London 27th instant	4.90
Japan/London— 28th instant	1/2
Java/London— 28th instant	8.90 1/4
Hongkong/London— 28th instant	1/3 1/32
Shanghai/London— 28th instant	1/2 19/32
London/Paris 27th instant	105.13
London/Belgium 27th instant	29.08
London/Switzerland 27th instant	21.44 3/4
London/Berlin 27th instant	12.18
London/Stockholm 27th instant	19.39 1/2
London/New York 27th instant	4.90 3/16
London/Amsterdam 27th instant	8.94 3/4
London/Italy 27th instant	93.12

Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Steady.

Gold	
26th instant	£7-1-8 1/2
27th instant	£7-1-11
Silver London Ready	
26th instant	20 7/16
27th instant	20 7/16
Silver London Forward	
26th instant	20 3/8
27th instant	20 3/8
Silver New York Ready	
26th instant	45
27th instant	45
London Discounts 3 months	
26th instant	9/16 p.c.
27th instant	9/16 p.c.
London Discounts 6 months	
26th instant	11/16 p.c.
27th instant	11/16 p.c.
Reserve Bank Rate	3 p.c.
Bank of England Rate	2 p.c.
Money:—	
Call	1 p.c.
3 Months	1 1/4 p.c.
6 Months	1 1/4 p.c.

Tone:—Steady.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Jan 27

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have received the following cable advices:—

"Market generally overshadowed by dullness in Gilts very little support anywhere. No particular features in industrials but Oils, Rubbers and Teas show some activity. Rubber quota fixed at 85 per cent for third quarter this year. Coal issues inclined. Attract some attention on improving exports.

Baldwin	12/1 1/2
Consett Iron	14/7 1/2
Cammell Laird	16/4 1/2
John Brown	38/9
Richard Thomas	14/4 1/2 XR
Swan Hunter	34/9
Rivet Bolt and Nuts	31
Turner New all	108
Westland Aircraft	12/9
O K Bazar 'B'	50/3
Indian Copper Corporation	... 5/9 3/4
Kamra Tin	3/7 1/2
Kamuning Rubber and Tin	4/9
Tronoh Mines	33/9
Fine Cotton Spinners pref	17/3
Anglo Vaala	10/6
Associated Manganese	9/6

Indian Sterling Loans

London, Jan. 27.

Call Loan London	1/2
3 per cent	81
3 1/2 per cent	95 1/4
3 1/2 per cent 1954/59	104 1/2
4 per cent 1948/53	108 1/2
4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	113 1/2
4 1/2 per cent 1958/68	117 1/2
5 per cent 1942/47	113
3 per cent 1949/52	99 1/2
2 1/2 per cent British Consols	82 1/2
3 1/2 per cent Conversion	105 5/8
3 1/2 per cent War Loan	104 1/2

RESERVE BANK RATE UNCHANGED

BOMBAY., Jan. 28.

The Reserve Bank of India rate remains unchanged at 3 per cent per annum.—A.P.

SHRI MAHAJAN ASSOCIATION LTD.

The following rates prevailed in the market on 28th day of January 1937

Broach Fully Good Quality.

Vaidas.

(B.T.)	April-May 1936-37
10-30	Rs. 228/4
12-30	Rs. 228/8
2-30	Rs. 228/4
4-30	Rs. 229/8
	April-May
Highest	Rs. 230
Lowest	Rs. 228

Osaka Cotton

Osaka, Jan. 28.

	Opening.
March	...76.30+140
April	...77.00+160

Wheat Liverpool

Liverpool, Jan 27

March	98 1/8d.
May	99 5/8d.
July	100 1/8d.

Scattered Liquidation In Shares

ABSENCE OF BULL SUPPORT

Market Displays Good Undertone

BOMBAY: January 28.

In the absence of active Bull support the local Share Bazar ruled quiet with scattered long liquidation in Steel shares.

In the absence of any freh development Tata Steel Ordinary shares found many sellers and prices were quiet with Budly difference quoted Rs. 2.

Tata Steel Dfds. the chief centre of speculative activity, was irregular. Active buying pushed up prices to a new high level but later on prices eased off on long liquidation. Professionals were quiet and Budly difference was Rs. 10.

In sympathy with improvement in raw cotton prices, Cotton Textile shares opened steady and improved few points, but later on prices declined on heavy realising by old Bulls. The Textile Industry is doing well and we do not look for any important decline in this section.

Cement Shares were quiet with a restricted turnover. The weakness in Securities is discouraging buyers and Operators are awaiting for Merger shares, which are expected to improve in due course.

The undertone of the market was healthy. Steel shares are under the influence of manipulations of big Operators, but other sections seem to remain steady.

Bombay Dyeing shares opened to-day at Rs. 917 and steadily advanced to Rs. 930, but at this level, there was heavy selling by Professional Operators and prices declined to Rs. 902. Century shares opened at Rs. 230 and eased off to Rs. 218.

Kohinoors opened at Rs. 281 and sagged to Rs. 276 and Swadeshi shares closed at Rs. 241.

Indian Cement Shares opened at Rs. 525 and declined to Rs. 518. Shahabads were quiet at Rs. 507, while Bundi shares were placed at Rs. 39-4.

Andhra shares opened at Rs. 1,720 and declined to Rs. 1,713. Power Shares opened at Rs. 1,560 and advanced to Rs. 1,570, but later prices eased off to Rs. 1,560.

Tata Steel Dfds. opened at Rs. 1,135 and after improving to Rs. 1,140 declined to Rs. 1,125. At this level there was sudden buying, which raised prices to Rs. 1,262, but later prices dropped to Rs. 1,227 and closed at Rs. 1,230. Ordinary Shares opened at Rs. 294 and after improving to Rs. 295 prices declined to Rs. 288-12. Second Preference shares were steady at Rs. 178-4.

Bellapurs fluctuated within a narrow range. Bombay Burma shares opened at Rs. 635 and closed at Rs. 627.

TEXTILE MILLS.

Bombay, Jan. 28.

	Rs as
100 Ahm. Advance (Rs. 14)	305 0
250 B'bay Dyeing (Rs. 25)	902 8
100 Century	218 12
100 Central India (Rs. 4)	288 12
100 Colaba (nil)	149 6
100 Coorla	110 0
250 David	75 0
250 Dawn (Rs. 10)	395 0
1 E. D. Sassoon (nil)	0-9-6
100 Finlay (Rs. 2-8)	119 6
100 Gokak (Rs. 2-8)	216 4
1000 Hindustan (Rs. 75)	1725 0
100 Indore	48 12
100 Khatau (Rs. 2)	96 4
100 Kohinoor (Rs. 8)	276 4
250 Laxmi (Rs. 12-8)	667 8
250 Madras United N.	11 0
1,000 Morarji (nil)	977 3
250 Model	62 8
50 Mysore (Rs. 3)	105 0
200 New Great (nil)	186 4
100 Oosmanshahi (Re. 1)	58 8
100 Phoenix (10)	305 0
25 Sassoon Silk (Rs. 2)	62 0
1000 Sholapur (Rs. 50)	2340 0
50 Simplex (Rs. 1-2)	86 4
100 Swadeshi (Rs. 4)	241 4
100 Swan (nil)	90 0
500 Vishnu (Rs. 50)	1320 0
1000 Western	805 0
BANKS.	
50-100 Baroda (Rs. 2-8)	118 0
25-50 Central (As. 12)	35 8
500 Imperial (Rs. 30)	1537 8
125-500 I. Conty. (Rs. 7-8)	378 12
50-100 India (Rs. 2-8)	140 4
100 Reserve Bank (Rs. 3-3-4)	135 8
5 Union (As. 4)	5 12
CEMENTS.	
10 Bundi (As. 10)	39 4
100 Coimbatore	199 6
75 Gwallor (Rs. 5)	141 4
160 Indian (Rs. 24)	518 12
40 Katni Def. (Rs. 83-8-9)	2305 0
100 Katni ord. (Rs. 10)	392 8
75 Okha (Rs. 7)	305 0
10 Punjab (As. 12)	29 6
100 Shahabad (Rs. 13-8)	507 8
70 United (Rs. 2-8)	160 0
INSURANCE	
80-500 Empire (Rs. 14)	847 8
15-100 Jupiter (As. 12)	16 6
15-75 New India (Rs. 1-4)	44 4
20 Mercantile	46 0
200 Oriental (125)	5400 0
10-50 Vulcan (As. 8)	7 12
ELECTRIC.	
100 Ahmedabad Old (5)	178 2
1000 Andhra Valley (45)	1713 12
10 Ajmer (As. 4)	14 0
50 Bombay Tram (Rs. 3-8)	150 15
100 Bom. Suburban (Rs. 6)	215 0
10 Broach	14 0
100 Karachi (4)	267 8
100 Poona (4)	267 8
100 Surat (Rs. 8)	208 2
100 Tata Hydro (Rs. 5)	189 6
1000 Tata Power (Rs. 40)	1560 0
RAILWAYS	
500 Ahmedabad Prantij	920 0
100 C. Province	99 0
[illegible]aramati	[illegible]
100 Gujarat	95 0
100 Mandra Bhon	102 8
100 Pachora Jamner	98 0
100 Sara Sirajgunje	102 0
500 Tapty Valley (17-8)	772-8
MININGS.	
10 Shivrajpur (As. 8)	45 8
30 Tata Steel Def. (Rs. 7-8)	1230 0
75 Tata Steel Ord. (Rs. 6)	288 8
MISCELLANEOUS	
100 Alcock (Rs. 5)	285 0
50 Belapur Sugar (Rs. 7)	183 12
200 B'bay Safe Dep. (Rs. 40)	800 0
250 B'bay Steam (Rs. 15)	290 0
125 Bom. Burma (Rs. 12-8)	627 8
50 Do. Conty (Rs. 5)	211 4
8sh. Br. B. Petrol (nil)	6-4-9
50 B. Telephone (Rs. 2-8)	115 12

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE.

Bombay, Jan. 28.

Century (223/12) 230 255 227 221 228 218 221 218

Bom. Dyeing (915) 917 927 917 920 907 902

Kohinoor (276/4) 281 280 281 276 277 276

Central India (295/10) 295 291 293 291 288

New Great (192/8) 192 195 186

Simplex (87/8) 88 86

Swadeshi (245) 246 245 246 241

Bundi (39/12) 39/10 39/12 39/4

I. Cement (527/8) 521 525 518 522 523 520 518

...Punjab (29/2) 29/4 29/6 29/4 296

Shahabad (510) 510 507 510 506 507

Andhra (1725) 1720 1715 1713

Tata Hydro (190) 189 190 189/11 189/6

Tata Power (1560) 1560 1555 1570 1557 1561 1560

Tram. Ord. (152/8) 152/8 150/15

T. Steel Dfd. (1235) 1135 1140 1125 1162 1152 1160 1135 1140 1127 1130

T. Steel Ord. (293) 294 295 291 296 291 288/8 288/12

Tata Steel 2nd Pref. (178/4) 178/8 178/4

Bellapur (186/4) 186 180 183 180 183

B. Steam (292/8) 292 290

B. Burma (636/4) 635 631 635 628 632 631 627

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, Jan. 28.

2 3/4 per cent 1948/52	100
3 per cent 1951/54	102
3 per cent 1941 Bonds	103/14
3 1/2 per cent G P N Cash	97/4
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 Loan	106
4 per cent 1943 Bonds	110/8
4 per cent 1960/70 Loan	113/8
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60	118/13
3 per cent U P Bonds	98/4
5 per cent 1939/44	107/14
5 per cent 1940/43 Loan	110/14
5 1/2 per cent 1938/40 Loan	106/5
TAX FREES	
3 per cent 1945/55	199/12
4 per cent 1953/63 Loan	112
5 1/2 per cent 1938 Mysore	106/4
5 per cent 1955 Mysore	125/4
CORPORATION DEBENTURES	
4 per cent B P T	1974 109/8
4 per cent M Deb.	1974 108/12
5 per cent M Deb	1959 118/8
6 per cent M Deb	1954 130/8
6 per cent K P T	1956 130/8
6 1/2 per cent B I T	1937 102/8

Note:—In sympathy with weakness in London sterling securities, the local market opened to-day at Rs. 96/12 for the current settlement and at Rs. 96/7 for the next settlement. Under short covering and bull support prices later on rallied. The tone was steady, Budly difference was 2 1/2 annas against Bears.

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JUPITER GENERAL
has various schemes of LIFE INSURANCE to suit all J9

REGD. NO.. B. 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

BOMBAY: FRIDAY, JANUARY 29, 1937

JUPITER GENERAL
will gladly supply full particulars about life insurance for mere asking. J10

Texas Venture In India Welcomed

Will Result In Benefit To Consumer

W. I. O. D. Co. Urge Utilisation Of Indian Capital

In our issue of 26th instant we made reference to the Texas Oil Coy.'s scheme to market their products of Bahrein Isles. Our Special Correspondent interviewed Messrs the Western India Oil Distributing Co., Ltd. to express their opinion as to what would be the reaction, if any, with the advent of the new Combine, in the Indian market.

He was informed that the W. I. C. welcomed the entry of the new combine with great pleasure inasmuch as there was amply room for such a Company, in view of the increasing demand, and more so, in view of the fact that the so-called monopolists in trade, have more than once expressed that, the products of Burma are not sufficient to meet the increasing demands in India.

TWO EVENTUALITIES.

When asked as to what will be the eventualities of Texas' entry into the Indian market, our correspondent was informed that, in their opinion there were only two eventualities, viz: (1) A more severe rate cutting, which would last for a short time; or (2) an economical rate fixation by the existing companies.

In the first instance the public will still more benefit but only for a short time, while in the latter case, there will be a stability of selling rates of petroleum products and that, the present anomalous position of petrol price in particular at Rs. 0-15-0 per gallon at certain ocean-ports and Rs. 1-5-0 or Rs. 1-6-0 at other ocean-ports will be removed, and that, the consumer of petroleum products and motorists, in particular, in India, will have the satisfaction to know that they are not treated as unhappy and helpless pawns in the game of rate-war between various interested groups in oil trade in India.

Special stress was laid on the fact that there was no scope for mushroom importing companies without adequate finance and definite source of supply, but that, a company like Texas, with huge financial backing with guaranteed and nearer point of supply, will prove a great blessing to the country.

Indian Capital.

Our correspondent was also told that it was their personal opinion that the company should invite Indian capital and thus allow Indians to partake in the benefit of the trade, specially in view of the changing political circumstances in India and thus to remove the long-standing grievances of the people of this country that the big slice of trade benefits are carried away overseas.

It is, however, gratifying to note that the authorities of the new combine mention that their personnel will be mostly Indians, including the technical staff which they will recruit from America.

It is a pity that up to now neither the Government nor the so-called indigenous producers have trained Indians in Petroleum Technology.

The Iranian Government has made it a condition with the Anglo-Iranian Company to train young Iranians in Petroleum Technology so that at a later stage they have further and wider control over their home industry.

THANA TO HONOUR JAWAHAR & SARDAR

Move To Present Civic Addresses

THANA, January 27.

There is a move in the Thana Municipality to present civic addresses to Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Congress President, and Mr. Vallabhbhai Patel, President of the All-India Congress Parliamentary Board, on the occasion of their visit to Thana.

The Congress President is likely to visit Thana on February 9 or thereabout.—A.P.

The Maharaja of Kolhapur has given Rs. 2.000 to the Mahratta High School at Amraoti. He made two similar donations to the school some time ago.

Fasting For Repenting Behaviour Of Mischief-Mongers

LAHORE, Jan. 26

Dr. Bhagat Ram Sahgal, President of the All-India Hindu League, who is observing a fast since Sunday, as an act of repentance for the behaviour of those who created disturbances at meetings addressed by Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya and thereby lowered the prestige of the Punjab has completed 68 hours of his fast, writes the Secretary of the League.

He adds: "Though he has grown weak he is keeping good health. Dr. Bhagat Ram will observe silence till 4 p.m. on Wednesday"—A. P.

PONDICHERRY OUTRAGE ECHO

Two Suspects In Mayor Shooting Case In Custody

PONDICHERRY, Jan. 28.

In connection with the shooting incident one person has been arrested so far. Another man reported to have been arrested at Porto Novo by British Indian police is expected to be brought here to-day.

The Mayor is still in the Colonial Hospital and undergoing treatment. It is stated there is a proposal to take him to Madras General Hospital for extraction of bullet but this proposal is not confirmed officially.

The French Governor's statement regarding the shooting incident circulated in the territory says Government will not tolerate terrorism and will take all possible steps to put an end to terrorism.—A. P.

ATTEMPT TO MURDER MAYOR

Governor Of Pondicherry's Regret

PONDICHERRY: Jan. 27.

In connection with the Pondicherry shooting outrage and the attempt at murdering the Mayor of Pondicherry, the Governor of Pondicherry, M. Crocicchia, has issued the following statement to the Press:—

"An atrocious crime was committed on the morning of 24th January 1937 on the person of M. Joseph David, Mayor of Pondicherry. The crime was particularly ignoble for it was premeditated and cleverly manifested being inspired by motives of an enmity of base order and political ambitions.

"The Mayor of Pondicherry escaped from death, but on the other hand a poor student was killed.

"The Government of French India associates itself heartily with the emotion of the peaceful people who are shocked to hear with dismay and shame that one of them dared to commit such a horrible crime.

"The Government bends with pity before the corpse of the young Antoine Duprat and shares its profound sorrow with his bereaved family. It expresses its vivid sympathy to M. Joseph David and wishes for his speedy recovery.

"The Government felicitates the public of Pondicherry who are very peaceful, and having their full confidence in the administration of Justice for the vigorous investigation, arrest and sentence of whoever may be the author and the instigators of this crime he should be first to be removed from the political history of this country". United Press.

Madras Governor Indisposed

MADRAS, Jan. 28.

A Government House Press Communique issued to-day says:—

Owing to indisposition the Governor has been obliged to cancel his engagements to-day and to-morrow. His visit to Vellore to-morrow has been cancelled.—A. P.

DECREASE IN IMPORTS

But Exports Increase By 51 Lakhs In December

CALCUTTA, Jan. 27.

The trade returns of British India for the month of December, 1936, as compared with the preceding months, showed decrease in the value of imports and re-exports, and an increase in exports.

The value of the imports of private merchandise totalled Rs. 9.98 lakhs, a decline of Rs. 64 lakhs as compared with the preceding month. The exports of Indian produce and manufactures increased by Rs. 51 lakhs from Rs. 16,83 lakhs in November 1936 to Rs. 17,34 lakhs in the month under report. Re-exports declined by Rs. 8 lakhs and amounted to Rs. 54 lakhs.—United Press.

T. U. C. SECRETARY CRITICISES SOCIALIST PARTY DECISION

BOMBAY, January 28.

Mr. Bhogale, the Organising Secretary of the Bombay Provincial Trade Union Congress, has issued the following statement to the Press:

The Congress Socialist Party has recently issued a statement through its Bombay Executive. It refers to the decision of the All-India Trade Union Congress Executive to put up Com. Joglekar for one of the two seats in the E and F Wards of Bombay in the ensuing Assembly elections. Criticising the decision of the A.I.T.U.C., the Congress Socialist Party leadership appeals to the voters in that constituency to oppose the candidature of Com. Joglekar

It is significant that the Congress Socialist Party leadership has never publicly criticised the attitude of the Congress Parliamentary Board in its relations with the T.U.C. on the other hand, it has justified the rejection of the T.U.C. nominee by the Congress Parliamentary Board. All this ill-befits a Socialist Party. Instead of requesting the T.U.C. to withdraw its nominee, the C.S.P. to be true to the Marxist-Socialist creed, should urge upon the Congress Parliamentary Board to still accept Com. Joglekar as its nominee.—United Press.

Baroda Bank To Open Branch Office At Calcutta

(From Our Correspondent).

BARODA, Jan. 28.

The Baroda Bank, doing extensive business in the State and outside with about 20 offices, will open its Branch Office at Calcutta from February 1 and Mr. Mathurbhai Amin has been appointed as Branch Manager.

The Dewan Sir V. T. Krishnamachari who has left for Bombay will go to Delhi and then probably to Calcutta to grace the occasion.

A Belgaum message says Dr. Ambedkar on the 1st and 2nd February will tour through Hukeri, Gokak and Chikodi talukas in Belgaum District, canvassing votes for the Scheduled Class candidates.

INDIA'S CONTINGENT FOR CORONATION

630 Will Leave Bombay On April 12 By "Neuralia"

NEW DELHI Jan. 28

Some information is now available about the composition of the Indian contingent which will proceed to London in connection with the King's Coronation according to the "Statesman", New Delhi.

On April 9 six hundred officers and men from India proper and thirty from Burma will assemble in camp at poona accompanied by a regimental staff numbering forty.

On April 12 they will embark at Bombay in H. M. Transport "Neuralia" specially lent for the occasion. They are expected to reach Southampton on May 4 and for the next three days will virtually convert the grounds of Hampton court into part of India, complete to every appropriate detail.

They sail again from Southampton on May 25 arriving in Bombay on June 16.

The contingent will be representative of every infantry and cavalry unit in the Indian Army, of its medical supply and other ancillary services, of India Air Force, Artillery and Auxiliary Force, Territorial Force, forty-two Indian States and police of every province.

The Contingent will be commanded by Col. C. O. Harvey with Lt. Col. R. G. Macgregor as second in command, Major W. M. C. Wilson, Adjutant, and Brevet Lt. Col. A. Newton, Quartermaster.

The other King's commissioned officers with them will be Lt. Col. W. De L. Passy, Brevet Lt. Col. B. Macmahon, Majors H. V. Bragg, W. J. C. Duncan, S. K. Furney, A. P. F. Churchill, C. H. B. Rodham, W. G. H. Gough and Kumar C. Rajendrasinghji, Captains C. W. Ridley, R. F. R. Rouse, and Malik Gul Sher Khan Noon, Lieuts. J. K. Bhonsle, C. G. Butcher, H. M. Williams and W. H. D. Wakely and others.—A.P.

LEAGUE'S OPIUM TRAFFIC DIRECTOR WILL VISIT MADRAS NEXT MONTH

MADRAS, Jan. 26.

Mr. E. E. Ekstrand, Director, Opium Traffic and that section of the League of Nations which deals with social reform matters who is at present in Java will be arriving in Madras on 28th February and stay here till 2nd March. The purpose of Mr. Erkstrands visit to India is to discuss with the Government of India matters relating to traffic in women and children and to study conditions relating to social uplift.—A. P.

IMPROVING MADRAS LEGISLATIVE HOUSE

MADRAS, Jan. 26.

Sir Geofrey Bracken, Finance Member accompanied by the Chief Secretary to the Government, the Secretaries to the Public Works Department and the Legislative Council visited to-day Senate House to which improvements are being effected to house the new Legislative Assembly. The officials found that work was progressing satisfactorily, but they found the accommodation provided for the press inadequate and decided to give more room for press representatives.—A. P.

Legislative Assembly

WHY SESSION COULD NOT BE POSTPONED

Sircar On Provincial Govts'. Difficulties

ARYA INTER-MARRIAGE BILL DEBATE ADJOURNED

NEW DELHI, Jan. 28.

When the Legislative Assembly met to-day Sir Mahomed Yakub asked the following short notice question:—

(A) Has the attention of Government been drawn to the statement issued by Mr. Asaf Ali in the "Hindustan Times" of January 23 complaining of the action of the Government in arranging different dates of polling for elections in different provinces?

(B) Was Government of India consulted by local Governments in the matter of selection of dates in the provinces?

(C) Are there any reasons for the dates being different in different provinces?

(D) What is the total number of members of (1) Congress and (2) Nationalist Congress groups?

(E) How many of such members belong to the provinces in which election will be over by the end of January 1937?

(F) Was there any difficulty in the way of Government fixing February 23 for the commencement of the session, if so what?

(G) In the statement of Mr. Asaf Ali it has been said that elections in Bombay and Madras do not permit the members coming to Delhi before February 20.

How many members of the Assembly from these provinces are seeking election for the Provincial Assemblies?

SIRCAR'S REPLY.

Sir N. N. Sircar Replying said (—) Yes.

(B) As I stated in my previous replies to Mr. Satyamurti.

In my replies to Mr. Satyamurthi's question on September last and to his question on October 1 I had stated the Government of India were not consulted and they did not interfere directly or indirectly with the fixing of dates for election to provincial legislatures.

The dates were fixed for local Governments to suit local conditions, taking into consideration the progress made in each province for preparation of electoral rolls, establishment of machinery requisite for elections and allowing intervals required by the rules or otherwise between the different stages leading to the final stage of polling for elections.

(C) Yes. For instance in Bombay the electoral rolls were published at the earliest possible date namely October 5, 1935. Notices for primary elections were issued on the very next day, that is to say, on October 6 1936 and October 19 was fixed for nominations as required by electoral rules.

The polling for primary elections was fixed for November 10 thus allowing the minimum necessary time for the printing and distribution of ballot papers throughout the Presidency and votes were counted on Nov. 16 which is also the minimum necessary interval. Notices for general elections were issued on December 5 thus allowing necessary time for publication of results and for filling and disposal of election petitions, if any, in respect of primary elections. The nominations for general elections were fixed for December 18 allowing interval prescribed in rules as usual and polling will take place from February 1 onwards.

Time For Nomination

This allows about eight weeks between the date for nomination and the dates for polling for the purpose of printing and distribution of ballot papers which is not more than the time allowed in the past, although the printing is thrice heavier on this occasion. Again in Madras in fixing the dates one of the additional matters to be taken into consideration is the fact that harvesting time in the presidency is later than that in northern India.

In the United Provinces as also in some other provinces, one of the matters to be taken into consideration is the recommendation in paragraph 286 of the Hammond Committee's Report as to the interval between the declaration of result of primary elections and the dates of final elections.

Various Factors

Provincial Governments had not only to take the seasonal conditions into consideration as also matters already stated but also various other matter, namely undesirability of long period between declaration of poll and announcement of personnel of new ministries, difficulty of attendance of 'patwaris' and others at polling booths for identification—which for instance would have been very difficult in January in the United Provinces.

It was also important to allow reasonable period for canvassing—electorates having been quadrupled the task of candidates in getting round their constituencies, canvassing and addressing of meetings have been far greater than in the past.

(D) Congress,—forty-two, Nationalist—Congress Group, twelve.

(E) Congress, ten, Nationalist Congress Group, six.

This does not include the Punjab where elections are partly over and others will be over very soon. The Punjab elections which will be over on February 3 affect two members of the Congress Party and three of the Nationalist Congress Group.

Budget Difficulties

(F) The difficulties were insurmountable. It would have involved postponing of consideration of all non-official business and all official business other than Budgets and Finance Bill till April. There would have been no possibility of the Finance Bill going through the two Houses by March 31 nor would it have been possible to pass in time the Bills which it is absolutely necessary for being passed before the separation of Burma on March 31, 1937. I would like to draw the attention of the Hon. members to the point which has been made in one of the statements to the press issued on behalf of the Congress that by prolonging the session they would lose the services of those Congress M. L. A.'s who have stood for and would be successful in getting elected to the Provincial Assemblies.

(G) None from Bombay. Three from Madras.

Following Sir N. N. Sircars reply Sir A. H. Ghuznavi and Sardar Santsingh put a number of supplementary questions.

Sir N. N. Sircar in reply pointed out that the difficulties of arranging earlier elections or postponing of the Assembly session were insuperable. He added that the parties who had brought difficulties to the foreground had

(Continued on page 9, column 4.)

EDGAR WALLACE'S DETECTIVE STORY DAY BY DAY

Inspector Wade— *The Clever One*

TAKE GOOD CARE OF THEM, GUARD -- THEY WON'T BE STAYING LONG!
I WILL, SIR--BY TH' WAY, INSPECTOR, THE COMMISSIONER WANTS TO SEE YOU—
WHAT'S UP, COMMISSIONER-- ANOTHER CASE?
ONE THING AT A TIME, WADE--- FIRST ACCEPT MY CONGRATULATIONS ON CAPTURING THE CLEVER ONE--
AND HERE ARE TWO MORE PEOPLE WHO WANT TO THANK YOU--
WE'LL NEVER FORGET YOU, WADE!
HEY! WHOA, MRS. CLIFTON!
WHEW, I'M GLAD WE GOT AWAY!
IT WAS PRETTY BAD-- HELLO, HERE'S A PECULIAR LETTER!
COMING—THE GREEN RIBBON
LYMAN ANDERSON
12-26
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